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The Press and Tribune.

VOLUME XIII. CHICAGO, MONDAY, MAY 14, 1860. NUMBER 272.

Press & Tribune

CHICAGO.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
[Subject to the decision of the Chicago Convention.

FOR GOVERNOR;
RICHARD YATES, of Morgan.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN, of Dupage.
FOR AUDITOR,
JESSE K. DUBOIS, of Lawrence.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
OZIAS M. HATCH, of Pike.
FOR TREASURER,
WM. BUTLER, of Sangamon.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
NEWTON BATEMAN, of Morgan.

Presidential Electors.

AT LARGE.
LEONARD SWETT, of McLean,
JOHN M. PALMER, of Macoupin.

DISTRICTS.
1. A. C. FULLER, of Boone.
2. WM. B. PLATO, of Kane.
3. LAWRENCE WELDON, of DeWitt.
4. WM. P. KELLOGG, of Fulton.
5. J. STARK, of Hancock.
6. J. C. CONKLING, of Sangamon.
7. H. P. H. BROMWELL, of Coles.
8. T. G. ALLEN, of Randolph.
9. JOHN OLNEY, of Gallatin.

THE DELEGATES.

We publish this morning a complete and accurate list of the Delegates to the Chicago Convention, with the exception of one Congressional District in Ohio, which we have not been able to obtain. We print also the names of nearly all the Alternates, in their proper places.

We have set, opposite the names of the States, the number of delegates they are entitled to under the call. We are informed that it was the understanding of the National Committee that each delegate under the call should cast one vote, instead of a half vote as is the custom in Democratic National Conventions. This question will, of course, be settled by the Convention itself.

The names of these delegates, particularly those who were appointed by District Conventions, have caused us the writing of innumerable letters. The hundred or more gentlemen who have, at some trouble, answered our inquiries, will please accept our thanks.

OPEN THE DOORS.

From what we hear of the coming crowds, there can be no doubt that on Thursday, perhaps on Wednesday, the doors of private houses must be thrown open to accommodate the thousands of strangers from the surrounding States who will be in attendance upon the Convention. We trust that none will go away with reason to complain of Chicago hospitality. Let it be remembered that when it was decided by the Republican National Committee to hold the Convention in this city, Chicago pledged herself to do the generous thing; and that it will be a shame if the pledges are not redeemed. So, let every spare bed be spread for the reception of the city's guests!

So far as we have heard an expression of opinion from the delegates, there seems to be a determination to do the work of the Convention and adjourn as early as Saturday. The thousands of readers of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, on the lines of the roads leading west, intending to visit the city during the Convention week, will probably be the most numerous here on Thursday and Friday, and on those days the hospitality of the city will be heavily taxed. Again let us hope that all Republican doors *will be freely opened.*

THE LATEST STORY.

We do not pretend to answer for the correctness of the following, communicated to the Boston *Journal* by its New York correspondent, under date May 9th. We give it as one of the signs of the times—times which abound in political canards of all degrees of improbability:

A private meeting of politicians has just closed in this city. It was attended by U. S. Senators and men who have great influence in political matters. The design of the meeting was to confer on matters pertaining to the Chicago nominee. The meeting unanimously came

THE GREAT WIGWAM.

A REPUBLICAN HOUSE WARMING.

The Edifice, its History and Plan.

THE EXERCISES OF DEDICATION.

10,000 Persons under one Roof

Letters from Hon. Charles Sumner, Hon. John F. Potter, Hon. Cassius M. Clay.

Speeches of Hon. Judge Goodrich, Hon. R. W. Corwin, of Ohio, Johns, of Minnesota, Cheeseman of California, Eggleston, of Ohio.

Speeches in full of Hon. J. R. Giddings, Hon. Henry S. Lane, Gov. Morrell, Hon. N. B. Judd.

THE CHICAGO WIDE-AWAKES.

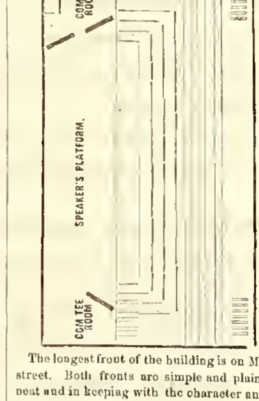
[Reported expressly for the Press and Tribune.]

The events of Convention week, long anticipated in this city, were fitly ushered in on Saturday evening, by the exercises of formal and imposing dedication of the Great Wigwam, on the corner of Lake and Market streets.

This gigantic structure, the largest audience room in the United States, owes its erection to the spirit of liberality and welcome with which our Chicago Republicans have hailed the occasion, which in *Chicago, now within a few days* hence, is to usher in the great campaign of 1860, by naming the gallant standard-bearers of our party, who are destined in November to bear its colors to victory.

The great Wigwam is not simply intended for the sessions of the Convention. It will know many glorious rallies during the summer and fall to come. As it stands, it is the worthy object of pride to all our citizens, even those of opposite politics recognizing the added fame it will win for our city, in the credit it reflects upon our residents.

The Wigwam was commenced early in April and pushed rapidly to completion. It is a substantial wooden structure, the dimensions and internal arrangements will be best understood from the accompanying diagram:



The longest front of the building is on Market street. Both fronts are simple and plain, yet neat and in keeping with the character and design of the building.

The entrances are broad and ample, and the area within, admirably well adapted to meet the purposes of the edifice. Advantage has been taken of the height of grade on both streets, about ten feet, to give that amount of slope to the floor by a series of wide platforms, to the space in front of the stage. The platform is wide and deep, and thereon is to be held the Republican National Convention of 1860, as the immense stage will accommodate from six to seven hundred persons. It has on either end, as will be seen, ample Committee rooms. In front of the platform is an enclosed space for the music.

A judiciously arranged and excellent feature of the Wigwam is the immense gallery extending on three sides. The pitch of this is such that from every part a perfect view of the speaker's stand can be gained. The supports of the edifice are ample enough to banish all suspicion of insecurity, yet such as to interpose the least possible interruption to seeing and hearing.

The entire cost of the building is between $5,000 and $6,000. Its capacity has been fixed by good judges, based on careful estimates, at from ten to eleven thousand. Its interior was

may still be preserved, and that the blessings of civil and religious liberty which we now enjoy may be securely transmitted to all the generations to come.

We ask that Thou wilt be with us in this convocation. Grant that Thy benediction may be upon us all. May we be made duly sensible of the responsibility that rests upon us in our civil relations. Wilt Thou overrule the doings of this present session, and grant that all may be made conducive to the universal establishment of truth, liberty, righteousness, in this land and in all the world. We ask these things, and all things, in the name of our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Chairman then in a brief and happy address alluded to the enterprise thus happily completed, to the purposes which were the origin of the building, and the scenes of which it is to be the theatre the coming week, and thence on throughout the campaign. He paid a happy tribute to the zealous and well bestowed services of the ladies in putting the finishing and tasteful touches to the work.

E. S. Williams, Esq., President of the Young Men's Republican Club, then came forward and read the following responses, received from distinguished gentlemen who had been invited to be present:

LETTER FROM HON. CHARLES SUMNER.

WASHINGTON, 6th May, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR:—I regret much that it will not be in my power to be at Chicago on Saturday next, according to the invitation with which you have honored me. But I rejoice in the omens of triumph which I see in all directions. One of these is the enthusiastic energy with which the Republicans of Chicago are prepared to welcome that great Convention, whose duty it will be *to organize victory.*

Accept my thanks, and believe me, dear sir,
With much respect,
Faithfully yours,
CHARLES SUMNER.
PETER PAGE, Esq., and S. E. WILLIAMS, Esq.

LETTER FROM HON. F. HASSAUREK.

CINCINNATI, May 9, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: I have to apologize for not having answered your kind and flattering letter at once; but prevented by sickness partly, and partly by an overwhelming pressure of business, it was impossible for me to write sooner. I would cheerfully respond to your call and be present at the inauguration of your Wigwam, but it will be a matter of entire impossibility for me to leave here before Saturday night. I am very sorry to be prevented from attending at your opening, which, no doubt, will be a grand affair, but my engagements here are of such a nature, that I must necessarily yield to them.

There will be, however, I doubt not, so many sterling Republicans and distinguished orators present on the occasion, that you will not have to regret the forced absence of your humble servant. Let me express to you, however, my sincere thanks for the honoring kindness of your invitation, and, I hope, that although prevented at present, the time will yet come, when I shall have the opportunity of rendering what little services I can to the cause of freedom in Illinois.

Allow me, gentlemen, to remain your most obedient servant, F. HASSAUREK.
Messrs. PAGE & WILLIAMS, Chicago.

LETTER FROM HON. JOHN F. POTTER.

WASHINGTON, May 7th, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Your kind note inviting me to be present at the "Consecration of the Wigwam at the rallying place for the Hosts of Freedom," is just received, and agreeably to your request I hasten to reply. Nothing would afford me more pleasure than to be present on the interesting occasion alluded to, and to contribute my humble efforts in dedicating your grand Hall to the noble objects for which it is intended; but I regret to say, that having but just now returned to my seat here, from a short visit home, it will be impossible for me to accept your kind invitation. Be pleased to present to the gentlemen of the Associations which you respectively represent, my grateful thanks for the honor conferred upon me, and to accept them for yourselves for the kind and polite manner in which you have acted in their behalf.

Very truly your ob't serv't,
JNO. F. POTTER.
Messrs. PETER PAGE AND E. S. WILLIAMS, Esq's.

LETTER FROM HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY.

KENTUCKY, May 6, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor of the 3d inst. is received. I am much obliged to you for your expressions of good will and your flattering invitation to be present at the opening of our Republican Wigwam in Chicago, on the 12th inst., and to make a "speech." Nothing would give me more pleasure than to participate in the honors of the occasion and enjoy the social reunion of friends, and share the patriotic fervor which will there occur. But I regret that my engagements will not allow it. I believe in your city the *first* organization of the Republican party took place in the Union. It was my good fortune to share with some of your citizens the honor of its apotheosis. It is fit that there should meet that convention of gallant patriots who are to select the generals and *the flag* which shall lead us on to victory—a victory which we not only may achieve, but which our enemies will share, in its blessed results to our country and the civilization of the age.

I have no fear that anything will be done which ought not to be done, or that anything will be left undone which ought to be done. I am now and will be present in spirit, at least, in all your honorable acts and aspirations, believing that I and you have but the one end in view—the union of these States and the liberties of mankind.

Your ob't serv't,
C. M. CLAY.
Messrs. PETER PAGE and E. S. WILLIAMS.

Mr. PAGE—*Ladies and Gentlemen:* I have the honor of introducing to you Judge Goodrich, the first territorial officer who ever set his foot

this tabernacle and ask this question; what means this mighty edifice? Then you may say, it was reared by the energy and munificence of the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago, and devoted to the cause of Republicanism in 1860; and in it the standard bearers of the Republican party were nominated, and in November of the same year they were triumphantly elected. [Great Applause.] Thus you shall answer your children, and it will be a sweet remembrancer of a proud epoch in the history of your country, and in my imagination I look down the vista of time and see the school boy at his desk—three thousand years from to-day—

[An interruption caused by the "Wide Awakes," headed by a band of music, with the applause of the assembled people and their cheering broke in upon the gentleman's remarks.]

In conclusion I will remark, that I see here delineated the balance poised in the hands of the Goddess of Justice. We read at the time that the reveling was being held in the palace of Shushan, that the hand writing was seen upon the wall and that the words *mene, mene, tekel upharsin* were there upon the walls, and Daniel was sent for to interpret their meaning. He declared that the kingdom was about to depart and be given to the Medes and Persians. The knees of Belshazzar smote together for fear. I apprehend that no Daniel will be needed to interpret the handwriting that is now seen upon the walls of the White House. Then let the Republican banner be unfurled, and upon its ample folds let "liberty" be inscribed, and let the Democratic party be turned out, as was Nebuchadnezzar of old, to grass; until at least seven times shall have passed over it. [Much laughter and great applause.]

We read that in olden times the people in the valley of the Nile were sorely scourged, that God visited plagues upon them—locusts, murrain, frogs and lice. Well! the people of these United States have been subjected to various plagues. God in his mercy has chosen to spare them the plague of the lice, under which the people of Egypt suffered, but in its stead we have been scourged with that species of Democracy denominated "Squatter Sovereignty." I apprehend that while we may rejoice in having escaped one judgment, we may exclaim in political agony that we have been afflicted with plagues unequalled since that awful hour in which Egypt went lousy. But the day of the coming out from the land of Egypt and the land of bondage is at hand, and here the leaders that shall bring us up, will be chosen. For this let us give thanks. (The gentleman retired amid lively manifestations of applause.)

REMARKS OF HON. MR. CORWINE.

Hon. R. M. CORWIN, of Cincinnati, was next introduced. He recognized in the enthusiasm of the women an unfailing indication of the coming success of the Republican party. Ever the women were foremost in the promotion of the cause of humanity, and in this coming election their interest leads them to that course which produced the success of "Old Tippecanoe," and its result will be just such as then blessed the land. This Convention which is to meet in a few days is to demonstrate to the world whether a free people can express themselves by majorities at the ballot box, in favor of any particular system of government. It has been denied that they can. He trusted the country would rebuke this sentiment, and by actions fulfill the high destiny promised by the faithful performance of our constitutional obligations. This contest is one for or against free speech, free labor and free land. In such a cause there can now be no failure, for the debauchery of the last two Administrations has awakened the people to a sense of danger and to a knowledge of duty.

He referred to the dissension at Charleston, and after a compliment paid the ladies of Chicago, remarked that Ohio could offer no other response than the promise to supply the marriageable daughters of mothers, or the widows, assisting in the good work, with good Republican husbands.

Hon. N. B. Judd next introduced a member of the Minnesota delegation, Mr. Johns, a plain, farmer-looking personage, who Mr. Judd said, had walked 150 miles to take a railroad to the Chicago Convention. Mr. Johns' brief remarks were sound and sensible, and here and there had telling hits.

MR. CHEESEMAN SPEAKS.

D. M. Cheeseman, of California, was next presented to the audience. He paid a handsome tribute to the memory of Broderick, remarking that while the Little Giant of Illinois found his sickness too overwhelming to allow of his speaking the name of his best friend, the Republicans of California remember that Senator, that was, with respect and admiration.

He proceeded to describe the difficulties against which the little band of Republicans in the golden State have to contend, owing to the patronage of the Government, and at some length returned thanks for that party, for the earnest given them in the nomination, in 1856, of J. C. Fremont as the desire of the Republicans of the United States, to build the Pacific railroad.

MR. DICKEY APOLOGIZES.

Col. O. J. Dickie, of Pennsylvania, had several apologies to make, the first being, as a representative from Pennsylvania, that his county should be that one which gave birth to James Buchanan. The next being his inability to make a speech because of fatigue. Thirdly, he apologized for the absence of Gen. Curtain, of his State. The Republicans of Pennsylvania are organized as a People's party, but with a candidate that can unite that party, the State will be, beyond a doubt, Republican.

MR. GIDDINGS SPEECH.

Hon. Joshua R. Giddings was next introduced, and coming forward upon the platform,

and perhaps a little more. I came here to discharge my duty. I rejoice, we all rejoice, to see such a vast multitude engaged and interested in the great cause. We hope to see you often, to exchange the salutations of patriots with you. And now, promising that I shall see you hereafter, permit me to take my leave of you this evening. [Three hearty cheers for Giddings.]

Maj. Ben Eggleston, President Board of Trade of Cincinnati, followed Mr. Giddings in an earnest, sensible and stirring speech, paying a handsome tribute to the ladies of Chicago and the people of the Northwest. His allusions to Senator Trumbull and Mr Lincoln were heartily cheered. "Honest Old Abe's" name elicited a perfect storm of applause.

COL. HENRY S. LANE'S SPEECH.

Hon. Henry S Lane, the Republican candidate for Governor of the State of Indiana, was introduced by the Chairman, and was greeted by the crowd with three tremendous cheers.

Ladies and Gentlemen of the City of Chicago: At each succeeding visit to your beautiful city, I behold most gratifying evidences of your progress and prosperity. I may be permitted here this night, in this presence, to make my claim in behalf of the power of free labor and the dignity of free institutions. I behold the almighty and transforming power of free labor in this city of Chicago, [cheers] seated as it is, adorned as it is, in its queenly robes beside your crystal lake! You are convened on this interesting occasion to inaugurate this great temple, not to the worship of Unknown, but to the genius of true republicanism. [Vociferous applause.] I come to you, this night to proclaim no new gospel, to erect no new altar. I ask you with me to worship as our fathers worshipped. I come to speak in behalf of a great party, but I feel it is no sin to believe in the Declaration of Independence, or to quote the Sermon on the Mount. [Applause and laughter.] The grand principles which underlie the noble organization of the Republican party are principles upon which alone may be administered safely these grand institutions of ours, which beautify and adorn our common country. A few great, cardinal ideas represent the whole Republican doctrine—non-extension of slavery into the territories of the United States, and non-interference with slavery, wheresoever slavery exists by virtue of local law. [Cheers.] These are the central truths around which cluster every sentiment promotive of the Republican organization.

I may speak to you in reference to another subject. We are opposed this night by a new and dangerous set of principles, hitherto almost unknown in the history of the country. You are told that we are a new party. We are a new party organization, but representing old principles. Our enemies are an old party representing new principles. [Applause and laughter.] Hitherto we have been divided in reference to questions of mere temporary policy effecting temporarily the interests of the country. Now we are divided by grand questions which hitherto have not entered largely into the political contests of the country. We differ in reference to many of these questions, and it is natural in a country like ours, where interests so vast and so varied are submitted to the free decision of the voter, that men should differ. We have been brought together, representing the different traditions, opinions and interests. Some of us had our birth in that noble State of Kentucky, which gave to our country that "lord of the lion heart and eagle eye," the great, immortal, Henry Clay. (Immense applause.) Some of us first behold the light of the genial sunshine on the slopes of the Alleghanies; some first breathed the air, and derived their idea of the beauty and magnificence of nature in the still and boundless prairies of the West, while many of us have had for our cradle lullaby the sound of the waves that broke upon the rock-bound coast of New England; but in many things—in our objects and our principles—I thank God that there is no difference of opinion among us. We love, aye, in our "heart of hearts" we love the Constitution of our common country, and the union of these glorious States. [Enthusiastic cheering.] For the last sixty days distinguished Southern leaders have had as the staple of the whole of their speeches vile disunion sentiments. The Republican party has never nourished or matured a disunionist, or one single disunion sentiment. A disunionist cannot live in the Republican organization, any more than you can live without the vital air which you breathe. Disunion now and in times past has been the Democratic disease—the Locofoco disease. It had its origin in South Carolina, and thank God it found a Democratic physician. I only regret that he did not use Kentucky hemp in its cure and restriction. Gentlemen now tell you, first, if you elect a Republican Speaker, they will dissolve the Union. Or to go further back—in 1856—they told you if you elected Fremont his inauguration was to be forcibly resisted. The Governor of a distinguished commonwealth—Old Virginia—the mother of States and statesmen anticipated by four years the treason of John Brown in seizing upon Harper's Ferry.

The inauguration of Fremont was to be resisted if we did what? If, in obedience to the Constitution we voted—and elected whomsoever we pleased for President. What becomes of the equality of citizens and of States, if we have no right thus to exercise the elective franchise? We are already slaves, ready for the manacles where it shall please our oppressors to attach the chain. Again, you are told if a Republican Speaker was elected this glorious Union was to be dissolved. And last, if we elect a President from among the patriots of the Republican party, the Union will assuredly be dissolved; that it is only a question of time, depending on one contingency.

If the Miller doctrine is not true, and the world does not come to an end before the next election, you will see a Republican President and a Republican Administration in 1861. [Much

How then shall we settle this question that it may remain settled for ever. Upon the principles of truth and justice, born when man was born with a rational and immortal soul.

Gentlemen tell us Clay, if he were living, would sympathize with the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the Democratic policy. I say if Henry Clay had been living, your Little giant would never have dared to make a motion to repeal the Missouri Compromises. [Great Applause.] He would have been withered and blasted by the light which would glance from the eye of Clay. [Applause.] They have hunted him to the grave, and over the green grave they have held up before the world an imputation more slanderous than they uttered while he was living.

The Democratic party in 1848-'9 and '50 took ground in favor not only of the constitutional power of Congress to exclude slavery in the Territories, but asserted their duty to exclude it.

How stood Clay? I may speak—I hope I may speak without egotism in reference to the position of the Whig party. I followed through sunshine and storm; through evil well as in good report, the meteor flag of our common country, upheld by the stalwart right arm of Henry Clay, and was proud of the association. This night my political allegiance lies asleep in the grave of Henry Clay. What was his position? The first speech he made when a beardless boy, in 1828, was in favor of the emancipation of slaves. In 1832 he said to the Legislature of Kentucky that if he could only be instrumental in the eradication of this greatest of all evils from his native State, Virginia, or from the one of his adopted country, Kentucky, he would not exchange the proud satisfaction which he should then feel for all the honors ever decreed to a Roman conqueror.

In 1850, among the last speeches made by him was one in which he said: "Coming as I do from a slave State, it is due to truth and candor that I should say that no human power shall ever compel me to extend slavery one inch beyond its present limits."

So say I. I will go no step beyond that noble sentiment. God being my helper, I will take no step this side of that sentiment. I stand upon that as my platform as firm as I stand upon the very earth beneath my feet. That sentiment should swell all your battle cries, and play on all your banners, until a complete triumph has been achieved at the next election. I am not here to inspire or encourage any futile hope, to inspire any overweening belief of certain success. In 1856, it was conceded that we were a sectional party, and that Mr. Fremont was a sectional candidate, and that the Democrats were the national party. In other words, that to receive the support of seventeen free States made us a sectional party, and to receive the support of fifteen slave States made the Democratic a national party.

That cry will not, I trust, be repeated again. See what they have done at Charleston. They have completely broken themselves up, and instead of doing as a decent man should do, their ghost is permitted to "revisit the glimpses of the moon."

In conclusion the speaker said he had engaged to redeem the State of Indiana or to be the humble instrument in the hands of the people, so to do. Doubtless all present were anxious to make the acquaintance of the next Governor of the State of Indiana, if so, he hoped they would look at him, for he surely would be elected.

GOV. MORRILL'S SPEECH.

At the close of Col. Lane's speech, Gov. Morrill, of Maine, was introduced, and spoke as follows:

Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen: I am from a journey of eleven hundred miles to attend this Convention of freemen who have assembled from all portions of this great Confederacy of States to nominate him who shall be triumphantly elected at the coming election, and the sight of this "sea of upturned faces" assures me of that success which shall crown our labors. And what is in the way of success? Why, fellow-citizens, the perfidy of the last six years of the administration, present and past, has already prepared the way for the triumphs in the coming election. Who that recounts the perfidies that have been perpetrated by the Administration doubts for a moment that the American people are about to arise in their majesty, and call this Administration to an account, and hurl them from their seats of power. A party that came into power in 1852, pledged to no further agitation upon the great question of slavery, has done little less since that time than to agitate, agitate, agitate the country from centre to circumference, until at last an avenging heaven has so agitated it that it has died in convulsions, as if with the black vomit, at Charleston. [Laughter and applause.]

That great party, coming into power in a period of profound peace and prosperity, has kept this people agitated for two successive Administrations, until they are now no longer able to keep up the delusion. It has at least convulsed itself and expired. If the Republicans now arise there seems to be no difficulty in the way of their taking possession of the government, and requiring it to return again to the principles of the fathers of the Republic. From the unmistakable indications which come to us from all parts, we can see that the American people are thoroughly aroused and are coming on to hurl from power this Administration, and put in their places men who will respect the Constitution of their country, who will restore the Government to its original condition, and conduct it upon the principles and policy for which it was started, supported and guided during the first half century of its existence. The Democratic party being out of the way, I am not aware of anything, unless it should be the nominations at Baltimore, that should be a hindrance to the success of the Republican party; and I had supposed that that nomination was too much of a farce for anybody to attach any importance to

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Having sold out our stock at 184 Lake street, we shall hereafter devote our attention to manufacturing and jobbing.
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my 11c333 1t

STRAYED OR STOLEN—On Friday evening the 11th inst., from the residence of Mrs. O'Donnell on Illinois street, east of Sand street a small chestnut colored mule, white at nose, brand on one thigh, and a little lame. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning her. my14 1tx

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the Subscribers under the firm of Parsons & Farlin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN B. PARSONS,
Chicago, May 11, 1860—3tx J. W. FARLIN.

FOR RENT.—On 15th June, or Sale Cheap, two First Class Brick Dwellings, three stories, finished in modern style, with good two story barns to each, situate within 100 feet of the Lake on Old street. A splendid view of the Lake and harbor and surrounding, a good neighborhood, and accessible to Horse Railroad. Inquire No. 63 Lake street. H. O. STONE.
my 14 c338-1m

BOARD AND LODGING.—Rev. F. L. CAPEN, (formerly teacher of elocution in Boston, and successful prize competitor at Harvard University,) would like to give practice lessons, during the Convention week, either in Elocution, or in the speaking of French, German, Spanish or Italian, for his Board or Lodging, or both. my14-1t.

TO RENT—A Furnished House to a careful tenant, who can pay the rent—in board, if desired. Said house is four blocks West of the river, and one block from Madison street. Contains seven rooms, and is in a pleasant neighborhood. Address post office box 3399. my14x3t

WANTED—A first-class business man of much experience and ability, of good character, education and address, and an excellent accountant and book keeper, desires a situation as manager, overseer, clerk, book keeper, or traveling agent. Is perfectly competent for any of those positions, to any person requiring a general man of business, who is well posted and thorough in common law and conveyancing, who is intelligent and can produce such testimony as will at once convince any man that he is entitled to even more merit and capacity than is here laid claim to, this is an opportunity that should not be disregarded. Salary not so much an object as employment. Address "A. L. C." Press and Tribune Office. my14x2t

TO RENT.—Furnished Rooms to Let without board.—Several fine, airy rooms, well furnished, in a pleasant located private dwelling, on the North Side, within three minutes' walk of Rush street Bridge, will be rented to single gentlemen, for sleeping rooms, at very low prices, all furnished and washing included. The most unexceptionable references given and required. For particulars address box 3211 Post Office, Chicago, giving real name and references. my12x1w

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—Five or six gentlemen of good address and business capacities, may engage in a lucrative and agreeable occupation and secure permanent situations by applying to S. WALTER STOPS, Foster House, between one and five o'clock P. M. my14x1t

200 TONS PIG IRON—FIRST QUALITY. Apply to
THOMAS S. DICKERSON,
METAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 45..........Wabash Avenue.
Burch's Iron Building.
my 14 c334 1y.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE. Madison street, between State and Dearborn.
MONDAY EVENING, May 14th,
Strangers are respectfully informed that the FAVORITE PLAYS of the Season will be presented during the present week.
☞ Doors open at 7¼; performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
SEATS CAN BE SECURED for the ENTIRE WEEK.
This evening, the greatest comedy of the day,
Our American Cousin.
Florence Trenchard..........Miss Woodbury
Asa Trenchard..........Mr. McVicker
Mary Meredith..........Mrs. Leighton
Lord Dundreary..........Mr. Myers.
Binny..........Mr. Bradley.
Abel Murcot..........Mr. Tilton.
Assisted by the entire company.
The performance will conclude with the farce of
AN OBJECT OF INTEREST.
Fanny..........Mrs. Leighton.
Barny..........Mr. Dillon.
CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at 7¼; Curtain rises at 8 o'clock precisely.
☞ Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Second Circle, 25c.; Lower Private Boxes, $6; Upper, $5.
Z. G. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—
FOURTH SEASON..........FOURTH CONCERT.
Ries' Cantata,
"THE MORNING."
Brilliant Gems from
MENDELSSOHN'S ORATORIO,
ELIJAH:
And a choice selection of Songs, Duetts and Quartettes, will be performed by the
MUSICAL UNION,
Tuesday Evening, May 15th, 1860.
The prominent Solos will be sustained by the following Eminent Singers:
Mrs. THOMAS, Soprano, Mrs. MATTISON, Contralto, Mr. E. T. ROOT, Tenor, Mr. A. DePASSIO, Baritone, Mr. H. JOHNSON, Basso, Mr. J. G. LUMBARD, Basso.
The whole to be supported by a full Orchestra and the full choral strength of the Society, including in all about ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS!
H. G. BIRD, Conductor; A. J. VAAS, Leader of Orchestra; T. H. WADE, Pianist.
Doors open at 7, and performance to commence at 8 o'ck.
Tickets 50 cents. To be had at the Music Stores of Root & Cady, 95 Clark st., and H. M. Higgins, 117 Randolph st., at S. C. Griggs & Co., and the principal hotels.
my14-c335-2t

KINGSBURY HALL.
Tuesday Evening, May 15, and Every Evening during the Week.
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.
THE STAR TROUPE OF THE PROFESSION.
Hooley & Campbell's
[LATE GEORGE CHRISTY'S]
MINSTRELS,
From Niblo's Saloon, Broadway, N. Y.
R. M. HOOLEY, S. C. CAMPBELL AND G. W. GRIFFIN, Pr's.
For full particulars see bills of the day.
☞ Admission, 50 cents.
my12 c321-1w LOUIS A. ZWIELER, Agent.

THE GREAT VAN AMBURGH SHOW!
I. W. GREGORY, Manager,
Will exhibit at Chicago, on Washington street, opposite the Court House,
On Wednesday, Thursday, Friday & Saturday,
May 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th.
First performance on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock, and every afternoon and night after during the week.
Prominent among the many attractions in this Mammoth Establishment will be found Van Amburgh's trained Lions, Brazilian and Black Tigers, African and Asiatic Leopards, &c., executing at command a variety of astonishing feats.
The monster performing Elephant, TIPPOO SAIB, directed by his keeper,
FRANK NASH.
The Management, with their usual liberality, when catering for the amusement of their patrons, have called into requisition the resources of both Hemispheres to make their
CIRCUS COMPANY,
the best ever exhibited in America, and their Arena will present a Grand Congress of
FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN
STARS,
Each standing pre-eminent in their Gymnastic, Equestrian, or Acrobatic specialities.
M'LLE JEANETTE ELLSLER, MADAM MELLVILLE, M'LLE FREDERICKS,
JAMES MELLVILLE,
The Great Australian.
TOM LENTON, F. RENTZ, GEORGE SLOMAN, FRANK CARPENTER, THOMAS SHIELDS, WILLIS ARMSTRONG, JOHN NAYLOR, Masts. S. & G. MELLVILLE.
With a numerous corps of auxiliaries, while the COURT JESTER will be [illegible] the person of that accomplished gentleman, wit and scholar, DR. JAS. THAYER, the great American Talking Clown. NAT. AUSTIN, the English Performing Clown.
DR. THAYER'S FUNNYGRAPS,
THE ACTING MULES,
Trick Dogs, Lilliputian Ponies, and the best Stud of Ring Horses in America, make complete this Colossal Establishment.
ADMISSION.—Boxes 50 cents, Children, half price; Pit 25 cents, no half price to Pit.
Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock P. M. my12x4t

METROPOLITAN HALL.—During the week commencing with the 14th instant, (Convention Week) Metropolitan Hall will be for rent each evening after 7 o'clock. Persons desirous of renting should

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.
The following are the rates of advertising in the
DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines agate,) one insertion	$ 50
" " each subsequent day, (3t $1; 4t $1,)	25
" " two weeks, (6w $7,)	3.00
" " one month, (2m $9,)	5.00
" " three months, (4m $15,)	12.00
" " six months, (9m $25,)	20.00
" " one year	30.00

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than one Square can be seen at the Counting Room.
☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.
☞ All changes charged 50 cents per Square.
RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:
$ 1.00 per Square, each week, for first month.
2.00 " " for each subsequent month.
20.00 " " for one year.

Auction Sales.

STAFFORD & SMEDLEY, Auctioneers.
SALES ROOM:
No. 149 South Water street, (second door west of Clark.)
EXTENSIVE TRADE SALE OF
GROCERIES.
On THURSDAY MORNING, May 17th, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, without reserve, the largest stock of Groceries, Paints, Oils, Glass, Turpentine, Camphene, Wooden Ware, Brooms, Clocks, Soap, Candles, &c., &c., that has ever been offered before in this market, at Auction, comprised in part as follows:
40 bbls. New Orleans Sugar, various grades.
20 bbls. Coffee Sugar, various grades.
20 bbls. Sugar-House Syrup.
50 bags Coffee, different qualities.
100 hlf. chests Green Teas, different qualities.
50 do Black Teas, do do.
50 Boxes Tobacco.
20 Thousand Segars.
50 boxes Star and Adamantine Candles.
45 boxes Chemical Soap.
100 dozen Brooms.
50 dozen Pails.
25 dozen Tubs.
500 Corn Brooms.
60 Baskets Champaign Wine.
3 ¼ Casks A Seignette Brandy.
2 Pipes do do.
12 cases Miller's Cough Candy, 1 gross each.
20 cases assorted Pickles.
15 pckgs. S. B. Soda.
25 dozen Coffee Mills.
200 Mats Cassia.
50 bags Almonds.
20 casks Sal Soda.
25 boxes Starch.
25 bbls. No 1 Lard Oil.
25 do Winter Ex. Bleach Whale Oil.
28 do Linseed Oil.
18 do Neatsfoot Oil.
28 do Spirit Turpentine.
25 do Camphene, fresh.
10 do Kerosene and Coal Oil, burning.
8 do English Rose Pink.
4 kegs English Blue Verditer.
1 cask White Vitriol.
1 bale Jug Corks.
8 kegs London Emery.
7 kegs American Red Lead.
12 Small Iron Paint Mills.
Large do do.
Pat. Dryer, (English) 14 lbs each.
50 cans Pat. Dryer, (English) lbs each.
1 case Carriage Sponge.
50 bbls Venetian Red.
400 lbs Venetian Red, ground in Oil, assorted 1 lb to 7lb.
100 Clocks, various patterns.
200 boxes large size American Double Thick Glass.
These goods are all fresh, and the attention of the trade is particularly called to the same. They will be ready for inspection on Tuesday, the 15th inst. Sale positive. Terms cash, bankable funds.
my11-c318-1w STAFFORD & SMEDLEY.

SPECIAL SALE ON MONDAY by GILBERT & SAMPSON of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
BRUSSELS CARPETS, MIRRORS, &c.
AT AUCTION,
On MONDAY, May 14th, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell at our salesroom,
82..........LAKE STREET..........82
A large and extensive assortment of every description of
Furniture and Housekeeping Goods,
CARPETS, &c.,
Consisting in part of Rose wood, Mahogany, Oak and Walnut Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, Sofas, marble top and plain Tables and Stands, Secretaries and Book Cases, extension Dining Tables, Dining Room, Chamber and Parlor Chairs of all kinds, rocking and easy Chairs, elegant marble top Chamber Suits, Hat Trees, Bedsteads of various kinds, Hair and other Mattresses, Sofa Bed, Wardrobe, Mirrors of all kinds. Carpets—Rich Brussels, Velvet, Ingrain, Hemp and other Carpets, cut to quantities to suit. Common Furniture—Round and Square Stands, Bureaus, Washstands, Stools, child's Chairs, child's Bureaus, &c., &c. Sale without reserve.
GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.
my14-c337-1t

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—
LARGE CATALOGUE SALE
—OF—
FINE ARTS.
SIGNOR G. B. FANDOLFINE & CO., From Italy, advise the Ladies and Gentlemen of Chicago and vicinity that they will dispose
AT AUCTION,
Commencing on Friday, May 18th, at 2½ and 7½ P. M., and continuing through Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at the same hour each day,
At our Sales Room 82 Lake st.,
The most magnificent collection of altogether new designs of Italian Marble, Alabaster and Agate Statuary, &c. Also the latest styles in Bohemian decorated and engraved Glass Ware, French China Ware, Work Boxes and Writing Desks, English Toilet Ware, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.
In this superb collection may be found many articles of beautiful design and workmanship, many of which are original pieces, and therefore perfectly unique, such as the classical Italian, Roman, Grecian, Neapolitan and other well known forms of Vases. Statuettes of sculptured Alabaster, under Glass Shades, such as Comedy, Tragedy, Venus, Dancing Girl, Amour and Psyche, Fidelity, and many more Groups and Figures.
The above goods have just arrived from Europe, and have been selected with great care by Signor Fandolfine from the great Studios of Italy and the Royal Manufactories of Prague and Vienna.
Also, a superb assortment of the finest quality of Silver Plated Goods, consisting of Tea Setts, Waiters, 28 in., 14 in., and other sizes. Castors with rich cut bottles, Coffee and Tea Urns, Forks, Spoons, Sets, together with a great variety of useful articles. These goods have never been offered in any other market, and every article will be sold without the least reserve.
It is confidently believed that the tasteful, the curious and the economical have not had so desirable an opportunity of obtaining articles of elegance, ornament and utility.
The Goods will be open for free examination on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, May 16th and 17th.
Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine the above
BEAUTIFUL AND SELECT ASSORTMENT
and attend the Sale.
Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the day of Sale. Goods purchased for transit will be packed in the [illegible]
my 1 c321-2w.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—
Auctioneers.
GOLD WATCHES,
DIAMOND PINS AND RINGS,
And Fine Gold Jewelry,
AT AUCTION.
We will sell on TUESDAY WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, May 15th, 16th and 17th at 9½ A.M. and 2½ and 7½ P. M. each day at our salesroom,
No. 82 Lake street,
The most splendid assortment of Gold Jewelry, Watches and Diamonds ever offered in any city West of New York,

The Press and Tribune.

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Address "PRESS AND TRIBUNE," Chicago, Ill.

Press & Tribune

CHICAGO.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

[Subject to the decision of the Chicago Convention.

FOR GOVERNOR;

RICHARD YATES, of Morgan.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN, of Dupage.

FOR AUDITOR,

JESSE K. DUBOIS, of Lawrence.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,

OZIAS M. HATCH, of Pike.

FOR TREASURER,

WM. BUTLER, of Sangamon.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

NEWTON BATEMAN, of Morgan.

Presidential Electors.

AT LARGE.

LEONARD SWETT, of McLean,
JOHN M. PALMER, of Macoupin.

DISTRICTS.

1. A. C. FULLER, of Boone.
2. WM. B. PLATO, of Kane.
3. LAWRENCE WELDON, of DeWitt.
4. WM. P. KELLOGG, of Fulton.
5. J. STARK, of Hancock.
6. J. C. CONKLING, of Sangamon.
7. H. P. H. BROMWELL, of Coles.
8. T. G. ALLEN, of Randolph.
9. JOHN OLNEY, of Gallatin.

THE DELEGATES.

We publish this morning a complete and accurate list of the Delegates to the Chicago Convention, with the exception of one Congressional District in Ohio, which we have not been able to obtain. We print also the names of nearly all the Alternates, in their proper places.

We have set, opposite the names of the States, the number of delegates they are entitled to under the call. We are informed that it was the understanding of the National Committee that each delegate under the call should cast one vote, instead of a half vote as is the custom in Democratic National Conventions. This question will, of course, be settled by the Convention itself.

The names of these delegates, particularly those who were appointed by District Conventions, have caused us the writing of innumerable letters. The hundred or more gentlemen who have, at some trouble, answered our inquiries, will please accept our thanks.

OPEN THE DOORS.

From what we hear of the coming crowds, there can be no doubt that on Thursday, perhaps on Wednesday, the doors of private houses must be thrown open to accommodate the thousands of strangers from the surrounding States who will be in attendance upon the Convention. We trust that none will go away with reason to complain of Chicago hospitality. Let it be remembered that when it was decided by the Republican National Committee to hold the Convention in this city, Chicago pledged herself to do the generous thing; and that it will be a shame if the pledges are not redeemed. So, let every spare bed be spread for the reception of the city's guests!

So far as we have heard an expression of opinion from the delegates, there seems to be a determination to do the work of the Convention and adjourn as early as Saturday. The thousands of readers of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, on the lines of the roads leading west, intending to visit the city during the Convention week, will probably be the most numerous here on Thursday and Friday, and on those days the hospitality of the city will be heavily taxed. Again let us hope that all Republican doors will be freely opened.

THE LATEST STORY.

We do not pretend to answer for the correctness of the following, communicated to the Boston *Journal* by its New York correspondent, under date May 9th. We give it as one of the signs of the times—times which abound in political canards of all degrees of improbability:

A private meeting of politicians has just closed in this city. It was attended by U. S. Senators and men who have great influence in political matters. The design of the meeting was to confer on matters pertaining to the Chicago nominee. The meeting unanimously came to the conclusion that Mr. Seward could not be

THE GREAT WIGWAM.

A REPUBLICAN HOUSE WARMING.

The Edifice, Its History and Plan.

THE EXERCISES OF DEDICATION.

10,000 Persons under one Roof

Letters from Hon. Charles Sumner, Hon. John F. Potter, Hon. Cassius M. Clay.

Speeches of Hon. Judge Goodrich, Hon. R. W. Corwin of Ohio, Johns, of Minnesota, Cheeseman of California, Eggleston, of Ohio.

Speeches in full of Hon. J. R. Giddings, Hon. Henry S. Lane, Gov. Morrill, Hon. N. B. Judd.

THE CHICAGO WIDE-AWAKES.

[Reported expressly for the Press and Tribune.]

The events of Convention week, long anticipated in this city, were fitly ushered in on Saturday evening, by the exercises of formal and imposing dedication of the Great Wigwam, on the corner of Lake and Market streets.

This gigantic structure, the largest audience room in the United States, owes its erection to the spirit of liberality and welcome with which our Chicago Republicans have hailed the occasion, which in *Chicago, now within a few days hence*, is to usher in the great campaign of 1860, by naming the gallant standard-bearers of our party, who are destined in November to bear its colors to victory.

The great Wigwam is not simply intended for the sessions of the Convention. It will know many glorious rallies during the summer and fall to come. As it stands, it is the worthy object of pride to all our citizens, even those of opposite politics recognizing the added fame it will win for our city, in the credit it reflects upon our residents.

The Wigwam was commenced early in April and pushed rapidly to completion. It is a substantial wooden structure, the dimensions and internal arrangements will be best understood from the accompanying diagram:

The longest front of the building is on Market street. Both fronts are simple and plain, yet neat and in keeping with the character and design of the building.

The entrances are broad and ample, and the area within, admirably well adapted to meet the purposes of the edifice. Advantage has been taken of the height of grade on both streets, about ten feet, to give that amount of slope to the floor by a series of wide platforms, to the space in front of the stage. The platform is wide and deep, and thereon is to be held the Republican National Convention of 1860, as the immense stage will accommodate from six to seven hundred persons. It has on either end, as will be seen, ample Committee rooms. In front of the platform is an enclosed space for the music.

A judiciously arranged and excellent feature of the Wigwam is the immense gallery extending on three sides. The pitch of this is such that from every part a perfect view of the speaker's stand can be gained. The supports of the edifice are ample enough to banish all suspicion of insecurity, yet such as to interpose the least possible interruption to seeing and hearing.

The entire cost of the building is between $5,000 and $6,000. Its capacity has been fixed by good judges, based on careful estimates, at from ten to eleven thousand. Its interior was

may still be preserved, and that the blessings of civil and religious liberty which we now enjoy may be securely transmitted to all the generations to come.

We ask that Thou wilt be with us in this convocation. Grant that Thy benediction may be upon us all. May we be made duly sensible of the responsibility that rests upon us in our civil relations. Wilt Thou overrule the doings of this present session, and grant that all may be made contributive to the universal establishment of truth, liberty, righteousness, in this land and in all the world. We ask these things, and all things, in the name of our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Chairman then in a brief and happy address alluded to the enterprise thus happily completed, to the purposes which were the origin of the building, and the scenes of which it is to be the theatre the coming week, and thence on throughout the campaign. He paid a happy tribute to the zealous and well bestowed services of the ladies in putting the finishing and tasteful touches to the work.

E. S. Williams, Esq., President of the Young Men's Republican Club, then came forward and read the following responses, received from distinguished gentlemen who had been invited to be present:

LETTER FROM HON. CHARLES SUMNER.

WASHINGTON, 6th May, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR:—I regret much that it will not be in my power to be at Chicago on Saturday next, according to the invitation with which you have honored me. But I rejoice in the omens of triumph which I see in all directions. One of these is the enthusiastic energy with which the Republicans of Chicago are prepared to welcome that great Convention, whose duty it will be *to organize victory*.

Accept my thanks, and believe me, dear sir,
With much respect,
Faithfully yours,
CHARLES SUMNER.

PETER PAGE, Esq., and E. S. WILLIAMS, Esq.

LETTER FROM HON. F. HASSAUREK.

CINCINNATI, May 9, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: I have to apologize for not having answered your kind and flattering letter at once; but prevented by sickness partly, and partly by an overwhelming pressure of business, it was impossible for me to write sooner. I would cheerfully respond to your call and be present at the inauguration of your Wigwam, but it will be a matter of entire impossibility for me to leave here before Saturday night. I am very sorry to be prevented from attending at your opening, which, no doubt, will be a grand affair, but my engagements here are of such a nature, that I must necessarily yield to them.

There will be, however, I doubt not, so many sterling Republicans and distinguished orators present on the occasion, that you will not have to regret the forced absence of your humble servant. Let me express to you, however, my sincere thanks for the honoring kindness of your invitation, and, I hope, that although prevented at present, the time will yet come, when I shall have the opportunity of rendering what little services I can to the cause of freedom in Illinois.

Allow me, gentlemen, to remain your most obedient servant,
F. HASSAUREK.

Messrs. PAGE & WILLIAMS, Chicago.

LETTER FROM HON. JOHN F. POTTER.

WASHINGTON, May 7th, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Your kind note inviting me to be present at the "Consecration of the Wigwam at the rallying place for the Hosts of Freedom," is just received, and agreeably to your request I hasten to reply. Nothing would afford me more pleasure than to be present on the interesting occasion alluded to, and to contribute my humble efforts in dedicating your grand Hall to the noble objects for which it is intended; but I regret to say, that having but just now returned to my seat here, from a short visit home, it will be impossible for me to accept your kind invitation. Be pleased to present to the gentlemen of the Associations which you respectively represent, my grateful thanks for the honor conferred upon me, and to accept them for yourselves for the kind and polite manner in which you have acted in their behalf.

Very truly your ob't serv't,
JNO. F. POTTER.

Messrs. PETER PAGE AND E. S. WILLIAMS, Esq's.:

LETTER FROM HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY.

KENTUCKY, May 6, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor of the 3d inst. is received. I am much obliged to you for your expressions of good will and your flattering invitation to be present at the opening of our Republican Wigwam in Chicago, on the 12th inst., and to make a "speech." Nothing would give me more pleasure than to participate in the honors of the occasion and enjoy the social reunion of friends, and share the patriotic fervor which will there occur. But I regret that my engagements will not allow it. I believe in your city the *first* organization of the Republican party took place in the Union. It was my good fortune to share with some of your citizens the honor of its apotheosis. It is fit that there should meet that convention of gallant patriots who are to select the generals and the flag which shall lead us on to victory—a victory which we not only may achieve, but which our enemies will share, in its blessed results to our country and the civilization of the age.

I have no fear that anything will be done which ought not to be done, or that anything will be left undone which ought to be done. I am now and will be present in spirit, at least, in all your honorable acts and aspirations, believing that I and you have but the one end in view—the union of these States and the liberties of mankind.

Your ob't serv't,
C. M. CLAY.

Messrs. PETER PAGE and E. S. WILLIAMS.

MR. PAGE—*Ladies and Gentlemen:* I have the honor of introducing to you Judge Goodrich, the first territorial officer who ever set his foot on the soil of Minnesota.

this tabernacle and ask this question; what means this mighty edifice? Then you may say, it was reared by the energy and munificence of the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago; and devoted to the cause of Republicanism in 1860; and in it the standard bearers of the Republican party were nominated, and in November of the same year they were triumphantly elected. [Great Applause.] Thus you shall answer your children, and it will be a sweet remembrancer of a proud epoch in the history of your country, and in my imagination I look down the vista of time and see the school boy at his desk—three thousand years from to-day—

[An interruption caused by the "Wide Awakes," headed by a band of music, with the applause of the assembled people and their cheering broke in upon the gentleman's remarks.]

In conclusion I will remark, that I see here delineated the balance poised in the hands of the Goddess of Justice. We read at the time that the reveling was being held in the palace of Shushan, that the hand writing was seen upon the wall and that the words *mene, mene, tekel upharsin* were there upon the walls, and Daniel was sent for to interpret their meaning. He declared that the kingdom was about to depart and be given to the Medes and Persians. The knees of Belshazzar smote together for fear. I apprehend that no Daniel will be needed to interpret the handwriting that is now seen upon the walls of the White House. Then let the Republican banner be unfurled, and upon its ample folds let "liberty" be inscribed, and let the Democratic party be turned out, as was Nebuchadnezzer of old, to grass; until at least seven times shall have passed over it. [Much laughter and great applause.]

We read that in olden times the people in the valley of the Nile were sorely scourged, that God visited plagues upon them—locusts, murrain, frogs and lice. Well! the people of these United States have been subjected to various plagues. God in his mercy has chosen to spare them the plague of the lice, under which the people of Egypt suffered, but in its stead we have been scourged with that species of Democracy denominated "Squatter Sovereignty." I apprehend that while we may rejoice in having escaped one judgment, we may exclaim in political agony that we have been afflicted with plagues unequalled since that awful hour in which Egypt went lousy. But the day of the coming out from the land of Egypt and the land of bondage is at hand, and here the leaders that shall bring us up, will be chosen. For this let us give thanks. (The gentlemen retired amid lively manifestations of applause.)

REMARKS OF HON. MR. CORWINE.

Hon. R. M. CORWIN, of Cincinnati, was next introduced. He recognized in the enthusiasm of the women an unfailing indication of the coming success of the Republican party. Ever the women were foremost in the promotion of the cause of humanity, and in this coming election their interest leads them to that course which produced the success of "Old Tippecanoe," and its result will be just such as then blessed the land. This Convention which is to meet in a few days is to demonstrate to the world whether a free people can express themselves by majorities at the ballot box, in favor of any particular system of government. It has been denied that they can. He trusted the country would rebuke this sentiment, and by actions fulfill the high destiny promised by the faithful performance of our constitutional obligations. This contest is one for or against free speech, free labor and free land. In such a cause there can now be no failure, for the debauchery of the last two Administrations has awakened the people to a sense of danger and to a knowledge of duty.

He referred to the dissension at Charleston, and after a compliment paid the ladies of Chicago, remarked that Ohio could offer no other response than the promise to supply the marriageable daughters of mothers, or the widows, assisting in the good work, with good Republican husbands.

Hon. N. B. Judd next introduced a member of the Minnesota delegation, Mr. Johns, a plain, farmer-looking personage, who Mr. Judd said, had walked 150 miles to take a railroad to the Chicago Convention. Mr. Johns' brief remarks were sound and sensible, and here and there had telling bits.

MR. CHEESEMAN SPEAKS.

D. M. Cheeseman, of California, was next presented to the audience. He paid a handsome tribute to the memory of Broderick, remarking that while the Little Giant of Illinois found his sickness too overwhelming to allow of his speaking the name of his best friend, the Republicans of California remember that Senator, that was, with respect and admiration.

He proceeded to describe the difficulties against which the little band of Republicans in the golden State have to contend, owing to the patronage of the Government, and at some length returned thanks for that party, for the earnest given them in the nomination, in 1856, of J. C. Fremont as the desire of the Republicans of the United States, to build the Pacific railroad.

MR. DICKEY APOLOGIZES.

Col. O. J. Dickie, of Pennsylvania, had several apologies to make, the first being, as a representative from Pennsylvania, that his county should be that one which 'gave birth to James Buchanan. The next being his inability to make a speech because of fatigue. Thirdly, he apologized for the absence of Gen. Curtain, of his State. The Republicans of Pennsylvania are organized as a People's party, but with a candidate that can unite that party, the State will be, beyond a doubt, Republican.

MR. GIDDINGS SPEECH.

Hon. Joshua R. Giddings was next introduced, and coming forward upon the platform, was greeted with loud and prolonged cheering

and perhaps a little more. I came here to discharge my duty. I rejoice, we all rejoice, to see such a vast multitude engaged and interested in the great cause. We hope to see you often, to exchange the salutations of patriots with you. And now, promising that I shall see you hereafter, permit me to take my leave of you this evening. [Three hearty cheers for Giddings.]

Maj. Ben Eggleston, President Board of Trade of Cincinnati, followed Mr. Giddings in an earnest, sensible and stirring speech, paying a handsome tribute to the ladies of Chicago and the people of the Northwest. His allusions to Senator Trumbull and Mr Lincoln were heartily cheered. "Honest Old Abe's" name elicited a perfect storm of applause.

COL. HENRY S. LANE'S SPEECH.

Hon. Henry S. Lane, the Republican candidate for Governor of the State of Indiana, was introduced by the Chairman, and was greeted by the crowd with three tremendous cheers.

Ladies and Gentlemen of the City of Chicago: At each succeeding visit to your beautiful city, I behold most gratifying evidences of your progress and prosperity. I may be permitted here this night, in this presence, to make my claim in behalf of the power of free labor and the dignity of free institutions. I behold the almighty and transforming power of free labor in this city of Chicago, [cheers] seated as it is, adorned as it is, in its queenly robes beside your crystal lake! You are convened on this interesting occasion to inaugurate this great temple, not to the worship of Unknown, but to the genius of true republicanism. [Vociferous applause.] I come to you, this night to proclaim no new gospel, to erect no new altar. I ask you with me to worship as our fathers worshipped. I come to speak in behalf of a great party, but I feel it is no sin to believe in the Declaration of Independence, or to quote the Sermon on the Mount. [Applause and laughter.] The grand principles which underlie the noble organization of the Republican party are principles upon which alone may be administered safely these grand institutions of ours, which beautify and adorn our common country. A few great, cardinal ideas represent the whole Republican doctrine—non-extension of slavery into the territories of the United States, and non-interference with slavery, wheresoever slavery exists by virtue of local law. [Cheers.] These are the central truths around which cluster every sentiment promotive of the Republican organization.

I may speak to you in reference to another subject. We are opposed this night by a new and dangerous set of principles, hitherto almost unknown in the history of the country. You are told that we are a new party. We are a new party organization, but representing old principles. Our enemies are an old party representing new principles. [Applause and laughter.] Hitherto we have been divided in reference to questions of mere temporary policy affecting temporarily the interests of the country. Now we are divided by grand questions which hitherto have not entered largely into the political contests of the country. We differ in reference to many of these questions, and it is natural in a country like ours, where interests so vast and so varied are submitted to the free decision of the voter, that men should differ. We have been brought together, representing the different traditions, opinions and interests. Some of us had our birth in that noble State of Kentucky, which gave to our country that "lord of the lion heart and eagle eye," the great, immortal, Henry Clay. (Immense applause.) Some of us first beheld the light of the genial sunshine on the slopes of the Alleghanies; some first breathed the air, and derived their idea of the beauty and magnificence of nature in the still and boundless prairies of the West, while many of us have had for our cradle lullaby the sound of the waves that broke upon the rock-bound coast of New England; but in many things—in our objects and our principles—I thank God that there is no difference of opinion among us. We have, aye, in our "heart of hearts" we love the Constitution of our common country, and the union of these glorious States. [Enthusiastic cheering.] For the last sixty days distinguished Southern leaders have had as the staple of the whole of their speeches vile disunion sentiments. The Republican party has never nourished or matured a disunionist, or one single disunion sentiment. A disunionist cannot live in the Republican organization, any more than you can live without the vital air which you breathe. Disunion now and in times past has been the Democratic disease—the Locofoco disease. It had its origin in South Carolina, and thank God it found a Democratic physician. I only regret that he did not use Kentucky hemp in its cure and restriction. Gentlemen now tell you, first, if you elect a Republican Speaker, they will dissolve the Union. Or to go further back—in 1856—they told you if you elected Fremont his inauguration was to be forcibly resisted. The Governor of a distinguished commonwealth—Old Virginia—the mother of States and statesmen anticipated by four years the treason of John Brown in seizing upon Harper's Ferry.

The inauguration of Fremont was to be resisted if we did what? If, in obedience to the Constitution we voted—and elected whomsoever we pleased for President. What becomes of the equality of citizens and of States, if we have no right thus to exercise the elective franchise? We are already slaves, ready for the manacles where it shall please our oppressors to attach the chain. Again, you are told if a Republican Speaker was elected this glorious Union was to be dissolved. And last, if we elect a President from among the patriots of the Republican party, the Union will assuredly be dissolved; that it is only a question of time, depending on one contingency.

If the Miller doctrine is not true, and the world does not come to an end before the next election, you will see a Republican President and a Republican Administration in 1861. [Much

How then shall we settle this question that it may remain settled for ever. Upon the principle of truth and justice, born when man was born with a rational and immortal soul.

Gentlemen tell us Clay, if he were living, would sympathize with the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the Democratic policy. I say if Henry Clay had been living, your Little giant would never have dared to make a motion to repeal the Missouri Compromises. [Great Applause.] He would have been withered and blasted by the light which would glance from the eye of Clay. [Applause.] They have hunted him to the grave, and over the green grave they have held up before the world an imputation more slanderous than they uttered while he was living.

The Democratic party in 1848-'9 and '50 took ground in favor not only of the constitutional power of Congress to exclude slavery in the Territories, but asserted their duty to exclude it.

How stood Clay? I may speak—I hope I may speak without egotism in reference to the position of the Whig party. I followed through sunshine and storm; through evil well as in good report, the meteor flag of our common country, upheld by the stalwart right arm of Henry Clay, and was proud of the association. This night my political allegiance lies asleep in the grave of Henry Clay. What was his position? The first speech he made when a beardless boy, in 1828, was in favor of the emancipation of slaves. In 1832 he said to the Legislature of Kentucky that if he could only be instrumental in the eradication of this greatest of all evils from his native State, Virginia, or from the one of his adopted country, Kentucky, he would not exchange the proud satisfaction which he should then feel for all the honors ever decreed to a Roman conqueror.

In 1850, among the last speeches made by him was one in which he said: "Coming as I do from a slave State, it is due to truth and candor that I should say that no human power shall ever compel me to extend slavery one inch beyond its present limits."

So say I. I will go no step beyond that noble sentiment. God being my helper, I will take no step this side of that sentiment. I stand upon that as my platform as firm as I stand upon the very earth beneath my feet. That sentiment should swell all your battle cries, and play on all your banners, until a complete triumph has been achieved at the next election. I am not here to inspire or encourage any futile hope, to inspire any overweening belief of certain success. In 1856, it was contended that we were a sectional party, and that Mr. Fremont was a sectional candidate, and that the Democrats were the national party. In other words, that to receive the support of seventeen free States made us a sectional party, and to receive the support of fifteen slave States made the Democratic a national party.

That cry will not, I trust, be repeated again. See what they have done at Charleston. They have completely broken themselves up, and instead of doing as a decent man should do, their ghost is permitted to "revisit the glimpses of the moon."

In conclusion the speaker said he had engaged to redeem the State of Indiana or to be the humble instrument in the hands of the people, so to do. Doubtless all present were anxious to make the acquaintance of the next Governor of the State of Indiana, if so, he hoped they would look at him, for he surely would be elected.

GOV. MORRILL'S SPEECH.

At the close of Col. Lane's speech, Gov. Morrill, of Maine, was introduced, and spoke as follows:

Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen: I am from a journey of eleven hundred miles to attend this Convention of freemen who have assembled from all portions of this great Confederacy of States to nominate him who shall be triumphantly elected at the coming election, and the sight of this "sea of upturned faces" assures me of that success which shall crown our labors. And what is in the way of success? Why, fellow-citizens, the perfidy of the last six years of the administration, present and past, has already prepared the way for the triumphs in the coming election. Who that recounts the perfidies that have been perpetrated by the Administration doubts for a moment that the American people are about to arise in their majesty, and call this Administration to an account, and hurl them from their seats of power. A party that came into power in 1852 pledged to no further agitation upon the great question of slavery, has done little less since that time than to agitate, agitate, agitate the country from centre to circumference, until at last an avenging heaven has so agitated it that it has died in convulsions, as if with the black vomit, at Charleston. [Laughter and applause.]

That great party, coming into power in a period of profound peace and prosperity, has kept this people agitated for two successive Administrations, until they are now no longer able to keep up the delusion. It has at least convulsed itself and expired. If the Republicans now arise there seems to be no difficulty in the way of their taking possession of this government, and requiring it to return again to the principles of the fathers of the Republic. From the unmistakable indications which come to us from all parts, we can see that the American people are thoroughly aroused and are coming on to hurl from power this Administration, and put in their places men who will respect the Constitution of their country, who will restore the Government to its original condition, and conduct it upon the principles and policy for which it was started, supported and guided during the first half century of its existence. The Democratic party being out of the way, I am not aware of anything, unless it should be the nominations at Baltimore, that should be a hindrance to the success of the Republican party; and I had supposed that that nomination was too much of a farce for anybody to attach any importance to

New Advertisements.

☞ G. H. SCRIVEN, *Advertising Agent, 68 Dearborn-st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* ja1-b894-y

STRYKER & CO.,

141 - - Lake Street. - - 141

Will sell their extensive Wholesale and Retail stock of

DRY GOODS

DURING CONVENTION WEEK

At prices which will defy all competition.

Examine our Goods and Prices!

STRYKER & CO. will offer their entire stock of

SILKS & DRESS GOODS

AT COST!

Will sell the best of

Merrimac, Cocheco and Manchester Prints,

AT 10 CENTS PER YARD.

Will sell the best makes of

Watch-Spring Skirts

At the following unparalleled prices:

10	SPRING	SKIRTS,	50 cts.
12	"	"	60 "
15	"	"	75 "
18	"	"	$1.00

Remember No. 141 Lake Street.
my14c89 1t

REMOVAL!—REMOVAL!!—

PEARSON & DANA,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

No. 49..........Lake Street..........No. 49

(UP STAIRS.)

Having sold out our stock at 184 Lake street, we shall hereafter devote our attention to manufacturing and jobbing.

Having a good stock now in store, we solicit the patronage of our former customers and the public. my2-c283-3or

WANTED—Two or three intelligent, energetic men, of good address, in a pleasant and permanent business paying a good salary. Apply at **191** Lake street, second floor. O. J. GRIFFITH.
my 11c333 1t

STRAYED OR STOLEN—On Friday evening the 11th inst., from the residence of Mrs. O'Donnell on Illinois street, east of Sand street a small chestnut colored mule, white at nose, brand on one thigh, and a little lame. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning her. my14 1tx

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the Subscribers under the firm of Parsons & Farlin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN B. PARSONS,
Chicago, May 11, 1860—3tx J. W. FARLIN.

FOR RENT.—On 15th June, or Sale Cheap, two First Class Brick Dwellings, three stories, finished in modern style, with good two story barns to each, situate within 100 feet of the Lake on Old street. A splendid view of the Lake and harbor and surrounding, a good neighborhood, and accessible to Horse Railroad. Inquire No. **63** Lake street. H. O. STONE.
my 14 c338-1m

BOARD AND LODGING.—Rev. F. L. CAPEN, (formerly teacher of elocution in Boston, and successful prize competitor at Harvard University,) would like to give practice lessons, during the Convention week, either in Elocution, or in the speaking of French, German, Spanish or Italian, for his Board or Lodging, or both. my14-1t.

TO RENT—A Furnished House to a careful tenant, who can pay the rent—in board, if desired. Said house is four blocks West of the river, and one block from Madison street. Contains seven rooms, and is in a pleasant neighborhood. Address post office box **3399**. my14x3t

WANTED—A first-class business man of much experience and ability, of good character, education and address, and an excellent accountant and book keeper, desires a situation as manager, overseer, clerk, book keeper, or traveling agent. Is perfectly competent for any of those positions, to any person requiring a general man of business, who is well posted and thorough in commercial law and conveyancing, who is energetic and can produce such testimony as will at once convince any man that he is entitled to even more merit and capacity than is here laid claim to, this is an opportunity that should not be disregarded. Salary not so much an object as employment. Address "A. L. C." Press and Tribune Office. my14x2t

TO RENT.—Furnished Rooms to Let without board.—Several fine, airy rooms, well furnished, in a pleasantly located private dwelling, on the North Side, within three minutes' walk of Rush street Bridge, will be rented to single gentlemen for sleeping rooms, at very low prices, attendance and washing included. The most unexceptionable references given and required. For particulars address box **3211** Post Office, Chicago, giving real name and references. my1x1w

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—Five or six gentlemen of good address and business capacities, may engage in a lucrative and agreeable occupation and secure permanent situations by applying to S. WALTER STOOPS, Foster House, between one and five o'clock P. M. my14x1t

200 TONS PIG IRON—FIRST QUALITY. Apply to
THOMAS S. DICKERSON,
METAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 45..........................Wabash Avenue.
Borch's Iron Building.
my 14 c334 1y.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE. Madison street, between State and Dearborn.

MONDAY EVENING, May 14th,

Strangers are respectfully informed that the FAVORITE PLAYS of the Season will be presented during the present week.

☞ Doors open at 7¼: performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

SEATS CAN BE SECURED for the ENTIRE WEEK.

This evening, the greatest comedy of the day,

Our American Cousin.

Florence Trenchard	Miss Woodbury
Asa Trenchard	Mr. McVicker
Mary Meredith	Mrs. Leighton
Lord Dundeary	Mr. Myers.
Benny	Mr. Bradley.
Abel Muscat	Mr. Tilton.

Assisted by the entire company.

The performance will conclude with the farce of

AN OBJECT OF INTEREST.

Fanny	Mrs. Leighton.
Barny	Mr. Dillon.

CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at 7¼; Curtain rises at 8 o'clock precisely.

☞ Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Second Circle, 25c.; Lower Private Boxes, $6; Upper, $5.
Z. G. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—

FOURTH SEASON,..............FOURTH CONCERT.

Ries' Cantata,

"THE MORNING."

Brilliant Gems from

MENDELSSOHN'S ORATORIO,

ELIJAH:

And a choice selection of Songs, Duetts and Quartettes, will be performed by the

MUSICAL UNION,

Tuesday Evening, May 15th, 1860.

The prominent Solos will be sustained by the following Eminent Singers:

Mrs. THOMAS, Soprano, Mrs. MATTISON, Contralto,
Mr. E. T. ROOT, Tenor, Mr. A. DePASSIO, Baritone,
Mr. H. JOHNSON, Basso. Mr. J. G. LUMBARD, Basso.

The whole to be supported by a full Orchestra and the full choral strength of the Society, including in all about ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS!

H. G. BIRD, Conductor; A. J. VAAS, Leader of Orchestra; T. B. WADE, Pianist.

Doors open at 7, and performance to commence at 8 o'ck. Tickets 50 cents. To be had at the Music Store of Root & Cady, 95 Clark st., and H. M. Higgins, 117 Randolph st., at S. C. Griggs & Co., and the principal hotels.
my14 c335-2t

KINGSBURY HALL.

Tuesday Evening, May 15, and Every Evening during the Week.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.

THE STAR TROUPE OF THE PROFESSION.

Hooley & Campbell's

[LATE GEORGE CHRISTY'S]

MINSTRELS,

From Niblo's Saloon, Broadway, N. Y.

R. M. HOOLEY, S. C. CAMPBELL AND G. W. GRIFFIN, Pr's.

For full particulars see bills of the day.

☞ Admission, **50** cents.

my12 c321-1w LOUIS A. ZWISLER, Agent.

THE GREAT VAN AMBURGH

SHOW!

I. W. GREGORY, Manager,

Will exhibit at Chicago, on Washington street, opposite the Court House,

On Wednesday, Thursday, Friday & Saturday,

May 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th.

First performance on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock, and every afternoon and night after during the week.

Prominent among the many attractions in this Mammoth Establishment will be found Van Amburgh's trained Lion's, Brazilian and Black Tigers, African and Asiatic Leopards &c., executing at command a variety of astonishing feats.

The monster performing Elephant, TIPPOO SAIB, directed by his keeper,

FRANK NASH.

The Management, with their usual liberality, when catering for the amusement of their patrons, have called into requisition the resources of both Hemispheres to make their

CIRCUS COMPANY,

the best ever exhibited in America, and their Arena will present a Grand Congress of

**FRENCH,
ENGLISH and
AMERICAN**

STARS,

Each standing pre-eminent in their Gymnastic, Equestrian, or Acrobatic specialities.

M'LLE JEANETTE ELLSLER,
MADAM MELLVILLE,
M'LLE FREDERICKS,

JAMES MELLVILLE,

The Great Australian.

TOM LENTON, F. RENTZ,
GEORGE SLOMAN, FRANK CARPENTER,
THOMAS SHIELDS, WILLIS ARMSTRONG,
JOHN NAYLOR, Masts. S. & G. MELLVILLE

With a numerous corps of auxiliaries.

While the COURT MUSEUM will be under the supervision of the person of that accomplished gentleman, wit and scholar, DR. JAS. THAYER, the great American Talking Clown, NAT. AUSTIN, the English Performing Clown.

DR. THAYER'S FUNNYGRAPS,

THE ACTING MULES,

Trick Dogs, Lilliputian Ponies, and the best Stud of Ring Horses in America, make complete this Colossal Establishment.

ADMISSION.—Boxes **50** cents, Children, half price; Pit **25** cents, no half price to Pit.

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock P. M. my12x4t

METROPOLITAN HALL.—During the week commencing with the 14th instant, (Convention Week) Metropolitan Hall will be for rent each

PRESS AND TRIBUNE

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.

The following are the rates of advertising in the

DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines agate,) one insertion	$ 50
" " each subsequent day, (3t $1; 6t)	25
" " two weeks, (ew $7,)	3.00
" " one month, (2m $9,)	5.00
" " three months, (4m $15,)	12.00
" " six months, (9m $25,)	20.00
" " one year	30.00

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☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.

☞ All changes charged 30 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

$1.00 per Square, each week, for first month.
2.00 " " for each subsequent month.
20.00 " " for one year.

Auction Sales.

STAFFORD & SMEDLEY, Auctioneers.

SALES ROOM:

No. **149** South Water street, (second door west of Clark.)

EXTENSIVE TRADE SALE OF

GROCERIES.

On THURSDAY MORNING, May 17th, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, without reserve, the largest stock of Groceries, Paints, Oils Glass, Turpentine, Camphene, Wooden Ware, Brooms, Clocks, Soap, Candles, &c., &c., that has ever been offered before in this market, at Auction, comprised in part as follows:

40 bbls. New Orleans Sugar, various grades.
20 bbls. Coffee Sugar, various grades.
20 bbls. Sugar-House Syrup.
50 bags Coffee, different qualities.
110 hlf. chests, fine Teas, different qualities.
50 do Black Teas, do do.
50 boxes Tobacco.
20 Thousand Segars.
60 boxes Star and Adamantine Candles.
45 boxes Chemical Soap.
100 dozen Brooms.
60 dozen Pails.
25 dozen Tubs.
500 Corn Brooms.
60 Baskets Champaign Wine.
3 ¼ Casks A Seignette Brandy.
2 Pipes do do.
12 cases Miller's Cough Candy, 1 gross each.
10 cases assorted Pickles.
15 pckgs. S. H. Soda.
25 dozen Coffee Mills.
200 Mats Cassia.
50 bags Allspice.
20 casks Sal Soda.
25 boxes Starch.
25 bbls. No 1 Lard Oil.
25 do Winter Ex. Bleach Whale Oil.
25 do Linseed Oil.
15 do Neatsfoot Oil.
25 do Spirit Turpentine.
25 do Camphene, fresh.
10 do Kerosene and Coal Oil, burning.
8 do English Rose Pink.
4 kegs English Chrome Verdigris.
1 cask White Vitriol.
1 bale Jug Corks.
5 kegs Lowdon Emery.
7 kegs American Red Lead.
12 bbl Al Iron Paint Mills.
[illegible]
[illegible]
60 cans Pot Dryer, (English) 7 lbs each.
1 cask Painting Sponge.
30 bbls Venetian Red.
400 lbs Venetian Red, ground in Oil, assorted 1 lb to 7 lb.
100 Clocks, various patterns.
200 boxes large size American Double Thick Glass.

These goods are all fresh, and the attention of the trade is particularly called to the same. They will be ready for inspection on Tuesday, the 15th inst. Sale positive. Terms cash, bankable funds.
my11-c318-1w STAFFORD & SMEDLEY.

SPECIAL SALE ON MONDAY by GILBERT & SAMPSON of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

BRUSSELS CARPETS, MIRRORS, &c.

AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY, May 14th, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell at our salesroom,

82..................LAKE STREET..................82

A large and extensive assortment of every description of

Furniture and Housekeeping Goods,

CARPETS, &c.,

Consisting in part of Rosewood, Mahogany, Oak and Walnut Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, Sofas, marble top and plain Tables and Stands, Secretaries and Book Cases, extension Dining Tables, Dining Room, Chamber and Parlor Chairs of all kinds, rocking and easy Chairs, elegant marble top Chamber Suits, Hat Trees, Bedsteads of various kinds, Hair and other Mattresses, Hair Bed, Wardrobe, Mirrors of all kinds, Carpets—Rich Brussels, Velvet, Ingrain, Hemp and other Carpets, cut in quantities to suit, Common Furniture—Round and Square Stands, Bureaus, Washstands, Stools, child's Chairs, child's Bureaus, &c., &c. Sale without reserve.
GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.
my14 c337-1t

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—

LARGE CATALOGUE SALE

—OF—

FINE ARTS.

SIGNOR G. B. PANDOLFINE & CO., From Italy, advise the Ladies and Gentlemen of Chicago and vicinity that they will dispose

AT AUCTION,

Commencing on Friday, May 18th, at 2½ and 7½ P. M., and continuing through Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at the same hour each day,

At our Sales Room 82 Lake st.,

The most magnificent collection of altogether new designs of Italian Marble, Alabaster and Agate Statuary, &c. Also the latest styles of Bohemian decorated and engraved Glass Ware, French China Ware, Work Boxes and Writing Desks, English Toilet Ware, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

In this superb collection may be found many articles of beautiful design and workmanship, many of which are original pieces, and therefore perfectly unique, such as the classical Tables, Roman, Grecian, Neapolitan and other well known forms of Vases. Statuettes of Sculptured Alabaster, under Glass Shades, such as Comedy, Tragedy, Venus, Dancing Girl, Amore and Psyche, Fidelity, and many more Groups and Figures.

The above goods have just arrived from Europe, and have been selected with great care by Signor Pandolfine from the great Studios of Italy and the Royal Manufactories of Prague and Vienna.

Also, a superb assortment of the finest quality of Silver Plated Goods, consisting of Tea Setts, Waiters, 28 in., 18 to 14 in., and other sizes. Castors with rich cut bottles, Cake and Tea Urns, Forks, Spoons, Salts, together with a great variety of useful articles. These goods have never been offered in any other market, and every article will be sold without the least reserve.

It is confidently believed that the tasteful, the curious and the economical have not had so desirable an opportunity of obtaining articles of elegance, ornament and utility.

The Goods will be open for free examination on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, May 16th and 17th.

Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine the above

BEAUTIFUL AND SELECT ASSORTMENT

and attend the Sale.

Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the day of Sale. Goods purchased for transit will be packed in the
my 7-c281-2w.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.— Auctioneers.

GOLD WATCHES,

DIAMOND PINS AND RINGS,

And Fine Gold Jewelry,

AT AUCTION,

We will sell on TUESDAY WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, May 15th, 16th and 17th at 9½ A.M. and 2½ and 7½ P. M. each day at our salesroom,

No. 82 Lake street,

The most splendid assortment of Gold Jewelry, Watches and Diamonds ever offered in any city West of New York,

to do the generous thing; and that it will be a shame if the pledges are not redeemed. So, let every spare bed be spread for the reception of the city's guests!

So far as we have heard an expression of opinion from the delegates, there seems to be a determination to do the work of the Convention and adjourn as early as Saturday. The thousands of readers of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, on the lines of the roads leading west, intending to visit the city during the Convention week, will probably be the most numerous here on Thursday and Friday, and on those days the hospitality of the city will be heavily taxed. Again let us hope that all Republican doors will be freely opened.

THE LATEST STORY.

We do not pretend to answer for the correctness of the following, communicated to the Boston *Journal* by its New York correspondent, under date May 9th. We give it as one of the signs of the times—times which abound in political canards of all degrees of improbability:

A private meeting of politicians has just closed in this city. It was attended by U. S. Senators and men who have great influence in political matters. The design of the meeting was to confer on matters relating to the Chicago nominee. The meeting unanimously came to the conclusion that Mr. Seward could not be nominated. Out of twenty-five Senators only two are in his favor. And the only man who it was supposed could carry Pennsylvania certainly is Judge McLean, and it was agreed to support him. For Vice President the whole list has been reduced to three names—Hamlin of Maine, Banks of Massachusetts, and David Dudley Field of New York. The nominee must be of Democratic antecedents. He must be acceptable to the Northwest and the Republican foreigners. Mr. Banks has the German foreigners against him. David Dudley Field is one of the New York Barnburners, and as New York is not beyond the pale of doubtful States, the current runs strongly in his favor. So much for the inner circle of the political conference. I could give you the names of the men who composed this meeting, but I think it not best.

BURLEIGH.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 11th.—The steamer Philadelphia left for Havana this afternoon, to receive the Japanese Embassy. Among her passengers were Capt. Dupont and Lieut's Lee and Porter, Chas. W. Lee, chief clerk, and Jno. W. Robb, corresponding clerk of the Navy department, Mr. Archibald, Chief Engineer of the Navy, Mr. Ledyard, son-in-law of Mr Cass, Purser Cunningham and Dr. McDonald, Secretary to the Commission, and a full marine band on board. The Embassy is to be received at the Navy Yard with great pomp, and conducted to their quarters under military escort. It is the intention of the President to have a formal interview on Wednesday in the presence of the Cabinet and others holding prominent public positions.

Each of the five Territorial bills tabled to-day in the House contains an anti-slavery proviso. This result was produced by a union of Democrats and a few Republicans.

Calhoun Benham was to-day confirmed by the Senate as District Attorney for California.

Eli Thayer and Horace Greeley, substitutes for Oregon delegates to Chicago, are instructed to vote for Bates.

Dispatches from Minister McLane to the Government state that a messenger has just arrived at Vera Cruz from the city of Mexico, announcing that Miramon's government has accepted the basis of adjustment proposed by the French and English governments, excepting the provisions for civil and religious toleration.

General Scott issued orders yesterday for a detachment of troops from Carlisle Barracks and Newport Barracks, to proceed to Fort Leavenworth; also from the Eastern department General Recruiting Service, to rendezvous companies now in Utah

WASHINGTON, May 12th.—The N. O. *Picayune* of Wednesday contains a summary of the news by the Steamship Clyde from Tampico, via Vera Cruz, on the 1st inst.

Marquis had escaped from prison. Gen. Carlu, formerly Minister of War under Zulouga, had enrolled under the Constitutionalists.

Mons. Solinay, successor of Mons. Gabrine, Minister of France, is shortly expected to arrive.

Gen. Vega had evacuated San Luis, and meeting Gen. Ovagaut Sulinas, he was defeated, losing his baggage and artillery. Miramon was about leaving Mexico to repair his last disaster.

The New Yorkers and the Japanese Embassy.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

NEW YORK, May 12.—The joint special committee of the Common Council appointed to adopt measures for extending hospitalities from the city to the Japanese Ambassadors, met to-day and appointed a sub-committee to proceed immediately to Washington to obtain an interview with President Buchanan, and through him extend the freedom and hospitality of the city to the illustrious visitors.

A resolution was also adopted to the effect that the Mayor be authorized in the name of the Common Council to receive and do honor to the Oriental Ambassadors upon their return from Washington to New York.

Later from Pike's Peak.

ST. JOSEPH, May 12.—The Denver City Express arrived to-day, with dates to the 5th. No news of importance. Business at Denver City was very dull. Speculations in claims was the only traffic. Green, Russell and party arrived there on the 3d inst. All well and in good condition. They report a good road can be made by the Smoky Hill route, distance 500 miles. There is no news from the mines. Emigrants were constantly passing through Denver to the mountains.

Capture of a Slaver from Cuba.

NEW ORLEANS, May 12.—The United States steamer Mohawk, with the bark Wildfire, captured off the coast of Cuba with 500 slaves, has arrived below, awaiting orders.

The steamer Star of the West, from Havana on the 9th, has arrived below. Sugars steady.

The Wildfire's capture caused great excitement at Havana.

Later From Pike's Peak.

ST. LOUIS—Green Russells party are safe.

JNO. F. POTTER.

MESSRS. PETER PAGE AND E. S. WILLIAMS, Esqrs.:

LETTER FROM HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY.

KENTCUCK, May 5, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor of the 3d inst. is received. I am much obliged to you for your expressions of good will and your flattering invitation to be present at the opening of our Republican Wigwam in Chicago, on the 15th inst., and to make a "speech." Nothing would give me more pleasure than to participate in the honors of the occasion and enjoy the social reunion of friends, and share the patriotic fervor which will sweep over the Union. I regret that my engagements will not allow it. I believe in your city the *first* organization of the Republican party took place in the Nation. It was *my* good fortune to share with some of your citizens the honor of its apotheosis. It is fit that *there* should meet that convention of gallant patriots who, so far, alone achieved victory which we not only may achieve, but which our enemies will share, in its fruits. Best results to our country and the civilization of the age.

I have no fear that anything will be done which ought not to be done, or that anything will be left undone which ought to be done. I am now and will be present in spirit, at least, in all your honorable acts and aspirations, believing that I and you have but the one end in view—the union of these States and the liberties of mankind.

Your ob't serv't,
C. M. CLAY.

MESSRS. PETER PAGE and E. S. WILLIAMS.

MR. PAGE—*Ladies and Gentlemen:* I have the honor of introducing to you Judge Goodrich, the first territorial officer who ever set his foot on the soil of Minnesota. (Applause.)

MR. GOODRICH'S SPEECH.

Mr. Goodrich said:

Gentlemen of the Committee, Ladies and Gentlemen: I do not appear here for the purpose of trespass upon your time. I appear simply for the purpose of tendering the thanks of the Republican party of Minnesota, which, in part, I shall have the honor to represent in a few days in this hall, when it is occupied for the legitimate purposes for which it has been erected.

Too much cannot be said in commendation of the zeal, energy and munificence with which the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago have characterized their acts in this great enterprise, about to be dedicated to the Republican cause. But this is not the time nor the occasion upon which to render adequate and proper thanks to the citizens of Chicago for their efforts in their behalf. When the representatives of the great Republican party shall assemble here, then, I doubt not, that in proper words, in resolutions properly framed and perhaps in speeches by gentlemen qualified to do justice to the matter, proper thanks will tendered to the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago for their efforts.

Nevertheless, I will so far digress from this purpose, as here, in the name and in behalf of the Republicans of Minnesota, to thank the ladies for their zeal, their energy, and their taste, as manifested during the past week, in preparing these decorations, these garlands and bouquets. These flowers, too, portion of the product of our soil, we thank you for. They are emblems of innocence and beauty. As they bloom upon this spot, they will mark your bloom, and that of those who shall come after you. The mother, the sister, or daughter, who strews her path with roses, may be traced on the morrow by the frail fragments that mark her way. Well may she, by her good example, aid and comfort us in this impending crisis,—this conflict that is now about to be waged, and which will never cease until the great Republican party shall take charge of the affairs of the nation. Her kind offices are of vast importance to the great Republican cause. I need not say that it was the women and children (I will not use the term ladies,) that elected Gen. Harrison (applause) to the Presidential chair; that it was the men and children who elected Zachary Taylor to the Presidency of the United States. (Applause.) I say that it is meet that the ladies of Chicago should be present on this occasion. By lending their aid in adorning this rustic arcade, they have planted the rose tree, they have sown the seed which will ere long spring up and perpetually bloom on the hills in the fields, by the wayside, and in the waste places throughout the whole land, that will serve as a pathway with beauty and fragrance while they live, and will remain a monument sacred to their memory, which shall challenge the admiration of the beholder, when the clods of the valley shall become sweet unto them.

Ladies, in the name of the Republicans of Minnesota, I give you my unfeigned and hearty thanks. (Applause.) As I cast my eyes over this mighty concourse and survey the immense area of this tabernacle, the memory of the past comes up before me. It is now twenty-five years since I trod the grassy prairie whereon now stands this goodly, this mighty Babylon of the West. I behold opulence, splendor, taste and all that indicates a high order of civilization where there was the barren waste. I am filled with emotion when I contemplate the changes that the quarter of a century has wrought.

This demonstration is meet and proper indeed. This meet because adequate means should be used for the consummation of all great purposes, and surely the object for which this tabernacle is being inaugurated is an august one. I doubt not but I may safely say that here before the close of the incoming week, the standard bearer of the great Republican party will be nominated and that that nomination will go out before the people of the United States, and in November, he will be triumphantly elected President of the United States. (Great applause.) It is correct and proper, I say, that an incident of this kind be inaugurated with all the pomp and ceremony to be witnessed on this occasion.

When Moses and Joshua brought up the people of God from out of the land of Egypt, or the land of bondage, and piloted them across the arm of the Red Sea, across the burning Zahara where no palm tree yielded no shade, and when they crossed the fords of the Jordan, they reared a tabernacle there as you have reared a tabernacle here, and in that tabernacle, which was supported by columns standing standing upon twelve stones, representing the twelve tribes of Israel, therein they offered up their prayers, as on this occasion you have done, to the God of Jacob; and therein they deliberated on the manner in which they could conduct the government when they entered into the land that the God of their fathers swore unto them to be the land of their inheritance, and Joshua, their chosen leader, pointed to the pillars and said, "this may be a sign among you that when your children ask their fathers, in time to come, saying, what what mean ye by these stones?" When the stranger shall come within your gates, and when your children, in coming time, shall point to

their children what they have been prepared to hear tolling hits.

MR. CHEESEMAN SPEAKS.

D. M. Cheeseman, of California, was next presented to the audience. He paid a handsome tribute to the memory of Brodrick, remarking that when the Little Giant of Illinois found his sickness too overwhelming to allow of his speaking the name of his best friend, the Republicans of California remember that Senator, that was, with respect and admiration.

He proceeded to describe the difficulties against which the li tle band of Republicans in the golden State have to contend, owing to the patronage of the Government, and at some length returned thanks for that party, for the encouragement given them in the nomination, in 1856, of J. C. Fremont as the desire of the Republicans of the United States, to build the Pacific railroad.

Col. O. J. Dickie, of Pennsylvania, had several apologies to make, the first being, as a representative from Pennsylvania, that his county should be that one which 'gave birth to James Buchanan. The next being his inability to make a speech because of fatigue. Thirdly, he apologized for the absence of Gen. Curtain, of his State. The Republicans of Pennsylvania are organized as a People's party, but with a candidate that can unite that party, the State will be, beyond a doubt, Republican.

MR. GIDDINGS SPEECH.

Hon. Joshua R. Giddings was next introduced, and coming forward upon the platform, was greeted with loud and prolonged cheering. When it subsided, the grey-headed veteran proceeded:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—You embarrass me exceedingly with so much noise. [Laughter.] The old gentleman who just addressed you, made an apology for himself as having came so long a journey, and being very much fatigued, and I sympathize with him, for I expect to be old myself some time. [Received laughter.] But the burden and heat must fall on as young men at present. [Continued laughter.]

My friends, emotions have rushed through my mind since I came hither that I have no language to describe. Thus is entirely unexpected—this vast audience, this elegant hall prepared for the cause of Republicanism, the hearty sympathy which seems to pervade the whole assembly, the enthusiastic cheering, the sentiment, the feeling—all these rush upon me and bring to my mind a flood of recollections which I have no language to express. When I look back but the short space of twenty years, I remember when alone,—as Col. Benton said, 'solitary and alone, this hall was set in motion"—when I stood in Congress without a single sympathetic heart, when there I was proclaiming doctrines which we all, which the vast host of Republicans all rejoice in, I felt in upholding, I felt in conception of living to behold the time when I should see this the prevailing sentiment throbbing in every heart.

My friend from Pennsylvania (Mr. Dickie, has spoken for that land. It is my nature State I was born in Pennsylvania, and I am always proud to be called a Pennsylvanian. I will add a word to what he has said. He says, "Give us the right man and we will stand united, we will come forward to support him—all with united voice." I will add a word to that. It is said by the historian that when John Adams was on his way to the Continental Congress in New Jersey, a delegation from the Sons of Liberty of Pennsylvania met him, and besought him to say nothing about independence or separating from the mother government, not to press himself forward, as it was known that he was in favor of a separation from the government of Great Britain. He went on to Philadelphia, and as he himself asserts, for twelve months in that city he dared not utter a word (voices "go on.") because he preached forth those doctrines around which we now gather. It was in Pennsylvania, my native State, that land of Quakers and of Dutchmen. [Laughter.] Yet eventually Pennsylvania rouse herself, her people gathered around those sentiments and principles, they bore forward the standard of liberty and freedom, so that in no State in the Union was it borne aloft with greater gallantry and *eclat* than in my own old, native, Key-Stone State.

And let me say, I do not agree with my friend from Pennsylvania. I know her voice, I know her people, and I want to reprove my young friends who come here talking about *men*. [Applause.] It is a high, a holy, and all-permeating and eternal truth, around which Pennsylvania will gather, [loud cheers,] and I hope no Pennsylvanian will detract from the honor of my native State, by undertaking to say that we are looking to men instead of principles. [Great enthusiasm.] I come to you from the Buckeye State, and I wish to speak in her behalf. I salute you from Ohio. I bring with me the salutations and the cheers of that old Western Reserve. We don't care much for the man. I would not walk to my lodgings now to say who it is to be. Only give us a man who is the standard-bearer of true Republicanism. [Great cheers.] When Pennsylvania looks after man, as she did when she looked after James Buchanan, she will eternally fail. But when she looks to truth, that dearest attribute of the Deity, that attribute of the Great Jehovah that ever emanates from the eternal Throne, she will stand forward and boldly redeem her character. For those old Western Reservers I was going to say I feel myself authorized to speak.

We have come here with our souls baptized with the love of truth, justice and liberty. We know we shall have a man who will maintain these doctrines. We have no fears about it. Who that man is, we don't care a cent. [Loud applause.] It is to the principle, the rights of the people, those great, immutable, unchangable truths, for which your fathers and mine contended on the hundred battle fields of the revolution. We are fighting those battles over again. [Great enthusiasm.] We stand by those truths, and we say that those who stand by those principles will not stop to talk about men. My friends I must confess, although I am a young man, and in the full vigor of manhood, [laughter] I feel somewhat fatigued. I had no idea of addressing you to-night. I was promised that if I came here, and spoke to you two minutes, or two minutes and a half, I might be excused.

My friends we are come here on a great and important errand. The eyes of the country, the eyes of the whole civilized world, are upon us. Christendom itself is looking to this Convention. It is to be a convocation, I trust, of patriots, of Christians. We should select the man who loves and avows the principles of truth, manhood and justice, around which we have gathered, to bear them on to final and triumphant victory.

Now let me say that I did not propose to speak. I have been speaking for twenty years, and I have prepared the way for the triumphs in the coming election. Who that recounts the perfidies of the last Democratic party in the Administration doubts for a moment that the American people are about to arise in their majesty, and call this Administration to an account, and hurl them from their seats of power. A party that came down from their seat 1852, pledged to no further agitation upon the great question of slavery, has done little less since that time than to agitate, agitate, agitate the country from center to circumference, until at last an avenging heaven has so agitated it that it has died in convulsions, as if with the black vomit, at Charleston. [Laughter and applause.]

That great party, coming into power in a period of profound peace and prosperity, has kept this people agitated for two successive Administrations, until they are now no longer able to know what they want. It has so distracted itself and rent itself asunder, that the Republicans now ask there reserve to be no difficulty in the way of the election of a President who will be willing to run and execute the principles of the fathers of the Republic. From the mistskable indications which come to us from all parts, we can see that the American people are thoroughly aroused and are coming up to hurl from power this Administration, and put in their places men who will respect the Constitution of their country, who will restore the Government to its original condition, and conduct it upon the principles and policy for which it was started, supported and guided during the first century of its existence. The Democratic party being out of the way, I am not aware of anything, unless it should be the nominations at Baltimore, that should be a hindrance to the success of the Republican party. I had supposed that that nomination was too much of a farce for anybody to attach any importance to it. Why, up in my region of country, where we know the ins and outs of that Convention, we would as soon expect to get the popular enthusiasm by coming in contact with an iceberg, as for the Vice President upon that ticket.

Gentlemen, I congratulate you upon the favorable auspices under which this Convention meets. The American people are thoroughly disgusted with the state of affairs for the last six years. They are thoroughly aroused to the danger which on every side beset the country,—to the danger to the Constitution from that party which in the last six years has done little less than attack the Constitution. This country is in danger. The Constitution is in danger, from the lake and distorted interpretations put upon it by that party.

I thank you for your kind reception, and hope you will excuse me from any further remarks. [Loud applause.]

RESOLUTIONS.

Hon. E. C. Larned now read the following resolutions, and moved their adoption., They were adopted unanimously:—

Resolved, That the thanks of the Republicans of Chicago be tendered to Peter Page, Esq., Chairman of the Building Committee of the Republican Wigwam, and to his associates on said Committee, C. N. Holden, Erastus Rawson, Sylvester Lind and Gurdon S. Hubbard, for their valuable and efficient services in superintending the construction of this building. Their labors have been crowned with the most complete success. The Hall which they present to us tonight is one which is an honor to our city, and which in the magnitude of its dimensions, the admirable skill and convenience of its arrangements, and the taste and beauty of its adornments, reflects the highest credit upon the judgment and skill of W. W. Boyington, the architect by whom it was designed, and the Building Committee who have superintended its construction.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Republicans of Chicago are hereby tendered to the ladies to whose valuable services and fine taste we are indebted for the decoration and adornment of this hall.

Resolved, That in the generous contribution of our citizens through which this enterprise has been so successfully accomplished, we recognise the spirit and energy with which the Republicans of Chicago are inspired in the cause of Constitutional Liberty and the Rights of Man. And we hail this monument of architecture, now dedicated to the noble purposes for which it was erected, we may behold the certain assurance of the triumph of our principles in the great national struggle in which we are about to engage.

Resolved, That the pride and pleasure with which we regard this large and beautiful Hall, is greatly enhanced by the thought that it is so soon to be the gathering place of the representatives of the whole Republican party of the country, and that within these walls there shall soon be named the man who will be the next President of the United States.

Resolved, That we hereby tender to the National Republican Convention the use of this Hall during the session of the Convention.

HON. S. JUDD'S SPEECH.

Hon. N. B. Judd, being loudly called for came forward and said:

Fellow citizens:—I have been hallooing a little lately in a different meridian from this, and I have not very much voice left. ["Louder."] I will try to speak as loud as I can. I only came to say a few words that may be called the laymen's doxology of this meeting.

When the National Republican Committee at Chicago, I presumed in behalf of the citizens of Chicago that we would do all that any other city could do and more too. [Applause.] I have now to tender you, citizens of Chicago, my own thanks for redeeming fully and completely the pledge made at that time, by the erection of this glorious Wigwam [renewed applause]; cheap in its construction, rapid in its execution, and to be a harbinger of the complete success of the Republican party, and the principles for which it stands. Success within these walls. Only give it to the cause throughout the entire country—throughout every State of the Union, and in every portion of it, the zeal that has been given by the Republicans of Chicago to push this building forward to completion in the last 30 days, and the triumph is as sure and certain as that the sun shall shine over your heads on the 4th of November next. Will you do it? ["Aye, aye."]

This is essentially, emphatically the temple of liberty. We have devoted it to the cause of Republicanism. One such glorious gathering as we have had to-night is only a precursor of those we shall have, day after day and week after week until our cause shall triumph next November. It is a Republican temple in which the Republican worshippers shall assemble to exult when the result of the next election shall be known; and what more glorious triumph than to say to the free people of the United States—"We have placed

(Concluded on Fourth Page.)

FRANK NASH.

The Management, with their usual liberality, when catering for the amusement of their patrons, have called into requisition the resources of both Hemispheres to make their

CIRCUS COMPANY,

the best ever exhibited in America, and their Arena will present a Grand Congress of

FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN STARS,

Each standing preeminent in their Gymnastic, Equestrian, or Acrobatic specialities.

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While the COURT MOMUS will be seen as usual, presenting in the person of that accomplished gentleman, wit and drollery, DR. *DR. THAYER'S FUNNYGRAPS*, the great Ame can Talking Clown, MAT. AUSTIN, the English Performing Clown.

THE ACTING MULES,

Trick Dogs, Lilliputian Ponies, and the best Sled of Ring Horses in America, make complete this Colossal Establishment.

Admission.—Boxes 50 cents, Children, half price; Pit 25 cents, no half price to Pit.

Doors open at 7 and 7 o'clock p. m. my12x2t.

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Have won the Highest Premiums at the Fairs of the

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And all the State Fairs of

MAINE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA, MISSISSIPPI, ILLINOIS, MISSOURI, OHIO, INDIANA, KENTUCKY, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, CALIFORNIA,

And at the Fairs of Metropolitan Mechanic Institute, Washington; American Institute, New York; Mechanic's Association, Boston, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, Mechanic's Institute, Baltimore, Mechanic's Association, Cincinnati, Mechanic's Institute, Chicago, Kentucky Institute, Louisville Mechanical Association, St. Louis, Mechanic's Institute, San Francisco,

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At the late U. S. Fair at Chicago the Society awarded this Machine the FIRST PREMIUM, a Gold and Silver Medal, and the Special Premium of a $100 Silver Pitcher.

The Lock-Stitch made by this machine is the only stitch that cannot be unwelled, and that presents the same appearance each side of the seam. It is made with two threads one upon each side of the fabric, and interlocked in the centre of it. No family should be without this economical time and labor-saving machine. It does the sewing of a family or manufacturer with strength and beauty, stitching the lightest or heaviest fabric in the same time that tailors measure require to do the same by hand.

21,305 of these machines were sold in 1859. A printed Bill of Directions, illustrative of the different parts in and with each machine, this is sufficiently explicit to show its use. All orders executed with care and promptitude. Machines when shipped are boxed with everything necessary to use them, and can be delivered by express (without injury) to any section of the country. Send for a Circular.

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NO. 1 MACHINE—Table with drawer.....$42
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Very ornamental.....55
UNIVERSAL HEMMER.....4

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Send for a Circular. Agents wanted. Address WM. H. YOUNG & CO., Chicago Illinois.
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PORTLAND BLOCK.—The undersigned has accepted the agency for the above building in the corner of Dearborn and Washington streets, from Mr. David Sears, Jr., of Boston, and is prepared to lease all existing vacancies in the same from May 1st. J. M. PARKER, 105 Washington street. apr4-17-1sp2

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—Auctioneers.

GOLD WATCHES, DIAMOND PINS AND RINGS,

And Fine Gold Jewelry,

AT AUCTION.

We will sell on TUESDAY WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, May 15th, 16th and 17th at 10½ A.M. and 2½ and 7½ P. M. each day at our rooms,

No. 82 Lake street,

The most splendid assortment of Gold Jewelry, Watches and Diamonds ever offered in any city West of New York, including a part of the celebrated Hunter Diamonds, &c. Duplex Double Hunter, Anglican, Tracy & Co's Waltham Watches, with plain and octagon cases, Diamond Enameled Watches expressly for ladies. Also, Silver Watches of every variety and of new style. Gold Guard, Vest, Neck and Chatelaine Chains; Lava, Coral, Garnet and Pearl Setts, with Bracelets to match; Gold Pens, all of other kinds and a thousand styles. Together with an almost endless variety of other goods too numerous to particularize.

We would call the attention of all who are in want of any article of Jewelry or Watches to call and examine this stock which will be on exhibition SATURDAY and MONDAY previous to the day of sale, at which time bid as particularly are invited to call and look through this splendid stock.

These goods will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, so that those who are purchasing for the trade will have an opportunity to purchase by the quantity.

Every article guaranteed as represented.

Sale positive and without reserve.

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Press & Tribune.

MONDAY, MAY 14, 1860.

MR. HOFFMAN'S RESIGNATION.

We are witnesses to the fact that Mr. FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN, late Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, repeatedly declared, before the meeting of the Decatur Convention, that he would not accept any place on the State Ticket. So firm was the belief of the Cook County delegates in the sincerity of his declaration, that they were unanimous in their expostulations against the presentation of his name; but when it was brought forward against their entreaty, by Mr. Thomas J. Turner, of Freeport, they had nothing to do but swell the acclaim with which it was received by the Convention; hence Mr. Hoffman was nominated, though those who knew him best felt no confidence that he could be induced to accept the honor thus thrust upon him. His letter of withdrawal we print below. It is equally manly, sensible and explicit. We regret the necessity which impelled him to write it; but cannot see wherein there is ground for censure of any but those who would make him Lieutenant Governor against his will.

We take it for granted that in naming a successor on the ticket, the precedent established in 1856 will be followed—that the State Central Committee will designate the man, and that their choice will be so wise that none will complain when it is announced. We take it for granted, also, that a man of Democratic antecedents and from the Northern part of the State, will be selected; and we would, with all due deference to the Committee's better judgment, point them to WILLIAM B. PLATO of Kane county, as the available timber for which they will soon be in search. He meets the requirements which we have pointed out; and we are sure that so far as his personal and political fitness is concerned, there is not a better candidate in all Illinois. With conspicuous ability and honesty and perfect acquaintance with the duties of the station, he would not only add to the strength of the ticket, but if elected, would make an officer to whom the interests of the public could be safely confided. Who can name a better man?

MR. HOFFMANN'S LETTER.

CHICAGO, May 12th, 1860.

To the Republicans of Illinois:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Your representatives, assembled at Decatur, have honored me by nominating me as the candidate of your party for the office of Lieut Governor.

My gratitude for the kind and undeserved partiality, thus exhibited is greatly increased, not only by the truly magnanimous manner in which this distinction was conferred upon me, but also by the circumstance that I have taken every occasion to inform my friends that under no condition would I be a candidate for this or any other office.

While I fully appreciate this entirely unexpected and unsought-for preferment, and while I am deeply sensible of the duty every good and true citizen owes his country in times like the present, when the holiest principles of liberty are at stake, I yet feel compelled, by circumstances beyond my control, though not entirely without reluctance, *yet most decidedly*, to decline the honor extended to me by your partiality.

For the benefit of the party, I would gladly sacrifice my inborn, deep-rooted antipathy against the present manner of "running for office;" for the sake of freedom, as understood by Republicans, I would willingly disregard pecuniary and personal sacrifice, if higher considerations did not place an unsurmountable barrier against my willingness to obey the dictum of the party.

I have hardly recovered from an illness, long and painful, brought on principally by the exertions and excitement of the last Presidential campaign. My physicians interdict, in strong terms, and under penalty of a recurrence in the severest shape, of my former complaint, any application on my part to anything of an exciting nature.

Under these circumstances, convinced as I am of the correctness of the predictions of my medical advisers my Republican fellow-citizens will certainly see the propriety of *my firm determination* not to enter the present campaign as a candidate for the office in question.

If, indeed, the humble services which it may have been my good fortune to render the cause of freedom deserve any reward at the hands of my political friends, I beg leave to claim the privilege to occupy the humble yet honorable position of an unobtrusive yet *unyielding private* in the ranks of the Republican army.

The gentlemen nominated at Decatur have my warmest support, and the platform adopted my unqualified sanction.

In this connection you will allow me to express the hope that the Republican party, at the next National Convention, will act in full conformity with the great principle of freedom, having an eye more to the plain demands of *Justice, Liberty* and *Right*, than to the *availability* of the candidate, or the supposed expediency of unworthy compromises, unfurling rather the glorious banner of *true patriotism* and *principle*, than the [illegible] of [illegible] party tactics.

FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN.

THE PARTIES CONTRASTED.

The controlling elements in the character of the true statesman are a keen perception of what is just, honesty and integrity that are above suspicion, and unswerving enthusiastic devotion to the promotion of right principles among the people. So also a political party whose leading maxims and whose objects are based on the immutable principles of truth and justice must commend itself to the confidence and the support of a free people. However at first opposed by the selfish and the

what is good in the part, but it provides with wise regard both for the present and the future. It would foster the industry of the country by giving it adequate protection. It pledges itself to protect and develope commerce by a judicious improvement of our harbors and rivers. It would give a homestead to every poor man, on condition that he improve and occupy it. It is pledged to secure the building of a railroad to the Pacific, thereby binding all the States of the Union together in bonds never to be broken. "Equal and exact justice to all men," the Constitution as our fathers made and interpreted it, the Union of all the States—these are the matters under which it will go before the people to convince and to conquer.

To select the standard bearers in the contest that is before us is the object of the Convention that will open its session here on Wednesday morning. The eyes of the whole country are upon that Convention. Millions of hearts will throb with the deepest emotions as its doings flash along the electric wires from one end of the Union to the other. That it may act wisely and well, will be the ardent aspirations of millions of freemen.

THE CHOICE OF ILLINOIS.

No one who has watched the political current in Illinois this year can doubt that ABRAHAM LINCOLN is emphatically the choice of the State for President. No one who attended the Decatur Convention can doubt that the people, in presenting his name, did so with the intent of giving him their utmost strength in the Chicago Convention. The exigencies of our position are such that we have no choice but to adhere to Mr. LINCOLN in the Chicago Convention so long as adherence shall be of service to him, or give promise of the great and efficient aid which his name would bring to the task before us. We are speaking as citizens of Illinois, who have in hand the business not only of giving the electoral vote of the State to the Republican cause, but of preserving a seat in the Senate for LYMAN TRUMBULL and securing a re-apportionment in Congressional and Legislative districts, upon which hangs our political future during the next ten years. We have no right,—we claim none—to insist that New England and New York shall sacrifice *their* preferences to help us out of the ditch, but it must be apparent to every one that Illinois has more at stake than they in the approaching contest. Constables are worth more than Presidents in the long run, as a means of holding political power. The Legislature is of vastly more consequence to particular States than their delegations in Congress. We look to Mr. LINCOLN to tow constables and General Assembly into power, and place us where we *can* be generous—where we can hold our electoral vote as securely as Maine, Michigan, or Wisconsin, and where we can promise it to whomsoever may hereafter bear the Republican standard before the nation. The gods help those who help themselves. Illinois is bound by all considerations of self defence to labor for the man who can bring her to the land of promise, and so she will be found laboring in the Chicago Convention. What we claim for ourselves we freely concede to others, and when the battle is set we go into the campaign without reservations, to do our best for the common cause.

Two years ago Mr. LINCOLN received 125,275 votes from the people, against 121,190 for Mr. DOUGLAS, and 4,683 for the Administration. These figures show to our friends from distant States the delicate, yet hopeful ground on which we stand. They will see how close was our battle with our best man; they will be prepared to forgive us for seeking safety where we know it is to be found, and for holding fast to that which is good. If other States shall come to our assistance, recognizing in Mr. LINCOLN the peer of any of the Republican captains now prominent before the country, whether as regards ability or devotion to the principles which the Chicago Convention is to maintain, we shall be devoutly thankful. Yet we have no claim which may not be asserted by many others. The party has claims on all its members—they have none on the party. Illinois has declared unanimously her preference for the Presidency, and she will urge with respectful firmness, before the various delegations, the difficulties which constrain her to adhere to the man of her choice.

THE BALTIMOREANS.

The stupid absurdity of the professed Union savers, who met at Baltimore the other day to nominate a candidate for President, and another for Vice President, upon a single plank—the Constitution and the Union—will be apparent to the dullest dunce, when he remembers that every man in this country, save only a few ultra Abolitionists of the North and a handful of intense fanatics in the South, can endorse the platform which the Booby Brookses laid down; because all political parties in the

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

LIST OF DELEGATES IN FULL.

Maine--16 Votes.
AT LARGE.
George F. Talbot,
Wm. H. McCrillis,
John L. Stevens,
Rensselaer Cram.
Alternates.
Arthur F. Drinkwater,
Trueman Harmon,
Thos. W. Herrick,
Thomas Moulton.
DISTRICTS.
1. Mark F. Wentworth, Leonard Andrews,
2. Charles J. Gilman, Seward Dill,
3. Nat'n O. Hickborn, Geo. W. Lawrence,
4. C. A. Wing, J. S. Baker,
5. Samuel F. Hersey, G. Hathorn,
6. John West, Washington Long.
Alternates.
1. Albert H. Eastes, John H. Goodenow,
2. [No Alternates chosen]
3. Isaac Woodman, George Scott,
4. Noah Woods, C. H. Lindsay,
5. John Benson, C. H. B. Woodbury,
6. James S. Pike, Leonard Pierce.

New Hampshire--10 Votes.
AT LARGE
Edward H. Rollins,
Aaron H Cragin,
William Haile,
Amos Tuck.
DISTRICTS.
1. Nathan Hubbard, George Matthewson
2. D. F. Marston, Francis H. Morgan,
3. Jacob Burton, J. C. Bean.

Vermont--10 Votes.
AT LARGE.
E. N Briggs,
Peter L. Washburn,
E. D. Mason,
E. C. Reddington,
Alternates.
Reynolds Carpenter, Jr.
Daniel Needham,
W. C. Wilson,
H. K. Sleyton.
DISTRICTS.
1. John W Stewart, E B Barton,
2. Hugh L Henry, Wm. Hebord.
3. Wm. Clapp, E. B. Sawyer.
Alternates.
1. ——— ———
2. R. W. Clark, Joseph Atkinson,
3. D. W. C. Clark, N. W. Bingham.

Massachusetts--26 Votes.
AT LARGE.
John A. Andrew,
Ensign H. Kellogg.
Geo. S. Boutwell,
Linus B. Comins.
Alternates.
Dwight Foster,
Wm. Claflin,
John S. Eldridge,
Erastus Hopkins,
DISTRICTS
1. Joseph M. Day. Jonathan Bourne,
2. Robert T. Davis, Seth Webb, Jr.,
3. Edward L. Pierce, Wm. Claflin,
4. Charles O. Rogers, Josiah Dunham,
5. Samuel Hooper, Geo. W. McClellan,
6. Timothy Davis, Eben F. Stone,
7. Geo. Coggswell, Timothy Winn,
8. Theodore H. Sweetser, John S. Keyes,
9. John D. Baldwin, Amasa Walker,
10. George Ashmun, Erastus Hopkins,
11. John H. Coffin, Matthew D. Field.
Alternates:
1. Horace Scott, Samuel Osborne.
2. Gersham Weston, Darius Goff.
3. Jas. Humphrey, Aaron C. Maybew.
4. John H. Wakefild, Roland Worthington.
5. Peleg W. Chandler, Samuel Hall.
6. Richard P. Waters, Benj. Edwards, jr.
7. A. A. Putnam, G. O. Bastow.
8. C. M. Bellows, A. G. Hill.
9. G. F. Bailey, E B. Bigelow.
10. John H. Walls. [illegible] Lewis Merriam.

Rhode Island --- 8 Votes.
AT LARGE.
Jas. F. Simmons,
Benj. F. Eames,
Byron Diman,
Benedict Lapham.
DISTRICTS.
1. Rowland Hazard, Simon H. Green.
2. Nath. B. Durfee, R. G. Hazard.

Connecticut 12--- Votes.
AT LARGE.
Gideon Welles,
E. K. Foster,

New York—Continued
13. Jas Whiting, Gideon Reynolds.
14. B. H. Mills, Lorenzo D. Collins.
15. Jno S. Masters, N. E Sheldon.
16. Ralph A. Loveland, Erastus S. Mead.
17. A. L. Fish, E. D. Brooks.
18. Thos P. Danforth, Abram Hees.
19. Benj Cannon, Augustus Elwood.
20. Jno. B. Elwood, A. B. Cady.
21. Ed. H. Edwards, Cyrus B. Martin.
22. Seward Ames, W. D. Manchester.
23. Alonzo Maxon, Hiram Porter.
24. Wm. C. Gardner, Darwin E. Burd.
25. W. P. Nottingham, A. M. Green.
26. Wm. J Knox, Chas. J. Folger.
27. Aaron Hawley, J. B. Williams.
28. E. W. Packard, Alanzo Gray.
29. Sam'l P. Allen, Ezra W. Parsons.
30. Wm. M. Smith, Chas. Barton.
31. J. D. Cooper, Dan. H Cole.
32. Philip H. Bendar, Uriel Torrey, Jr.
33. H A. Prendergast, Jno. W. Mersereau.

N. Jersey--14 votes.
At Large.
Wm. A Newell,
G. E. Rogers,
F. T. Frelinghysen,
Thos. H. Dudley,
Jas. T. Sherman,
John J. Blair,
Theodore Little,
Ephraim Marsh.
DISTRICT.
1. Providence Ludlam, Robt. K. Mattock,
Edward Brettle,
Jon'than D. Ingham,
2. A. R. Pharo, Stephen B. Smith,
Amzi C. McLean,
Lewis Shinn,
3. A. P. Berthondo, A. N. Voorhees,
Wm. D Waterman,
Moses F. Webb,
4. Henry W. Low, David Thompson,
Wm. G. Lalbrop,
Thomas Cumming,
5. Hugh S. Bowne, H. N. Congar,
Marcus L. Ward,
Denning Duer.

Penn'a.--54 votes.
At Large.
David Wilmot,
Sam'l A. Purviance,
Thaddeus Stephens,
John B. Ewing,
Henry D. Moore,
Andrew H. Reeder,
Titus J. Coffey,
Morrow B. Lowry.
DISTRICTS.
1. John M. Butler. Elias Ward, J. Money, Wm. Elliott.
2. Geo A. Coffey. Richard Ellis. Francis Blackburn. John M. Pomroy.
3. Wm. B. Mann. James M'Manus. Benj H. Brown. George Read.
4. A C. Roberts. Marius Buckley. Wm. H. Kern. Wm. D. Kelley.
5. James Hoover. Dr. C. M. Jackson. Dr. J. W. Royar. Frank Crosby.
6. John M. Broomall. Wash'n Townsend.
7. Caleb N Taylor. Joseph Young.
8. Isaac Eckert. David E. Stout. J. Knabb. J. Bowman Bell.
9. O. J. Dickey. C. S. Kauffman. Samuel Schoch. Jos. D Pownall.
10. Chas. B Forney. Jos. Casey. Wm. Cameron. Israel Gutolius.
11. Robert M. Palmer. Jacob G. Frick. S. A. Bergstrosser. Wm. C. Lawson.
12. H. M. Hoyt. P. M. Osterhout. Frank Stewart. Davis Alton.
13. Chas Albright. Wm. Davis. W. H. Armstrong. Sam E. Dimmick.
14. H. W. Tracy. [illegible] Wm. J. Turrell. F E Smith.
15. Wm. Butler. B. Rush Peterkin. Lindsay Mehaffey. G. B. Overton.
16. Kirk Haines. W. B. Irvin. Alex. J. Fray. Jacob S. Haldeman.
17. Wm. M'Clellan. D. M'Cannaghy. John J. Patterson. Francis Jordan.
18. A. A. Barker. S. M. Green. Wm M Loyd. Wm. H. Koons.

Ohio--46 Votes.
At Large.
D. K. Cartter,
Thomas Spooner,
H. C. Broadbeck.
V. B. Horton.
DISTRICT.
1. Ben. Eggleston, F. Hassaureck.
2. R. M. Corwine, Joseph H. Barrett.
3. William Becket, Peter P. Lowe.
4. Geo. D. Burgess, —— Cumming,
5. David Taylor, E. Graham,
6. —— ——, —— ——,
7. Thomas Corwin, Abram Hireling,
8. Wm. H. West, Levi Geiger,
9. Earl Bill, D. W. Sweigert,
10. J. V. Robinson, Milton L. Clark,
11. N. H. Van Vorhes, A. C. Sands,
12. Willard Warner, Jonathan Renick,
13. John J. Gurley, P. N. Schuyler,
14. James Munroe, Geo. W. Harn,
15. Columbus Delano, E K. Enos, M. D.,
16. Daniel Applegate, Caleb A. Williams,
17. C. J. Albright, Wm Wallace,
18. H J. Beebe, Isaac Steese,
19. Robt. T. Payne, Reuben Hitchcock,
20. Joshua R. Giddings Milton Sutliff,
21. Gen. Saml. Stakely, D. Arter. M. D.,

Kentucky 24 votes.
AT LARGE.
Geo. D. Blakey,
Charles Hendley,
W. D. Gallagher,
A. A. Burton.
DISTRICTS.
1. R. E. Nichols, Andrew Harris,
2. John R Raneings, Robert D. Cook,
3. Joseph Glazebrook Jos. W. Calvert,
4. A. R. McKee, Clemin Smith,
5. L. M. Dembitz, H. D. Hawes,
6. Alex. McWilliams, Dr. Curtis Knight,
7. Blund Ballard, H. W. Hewes,
8. H. B. Broadus, L. Marston,
9. D. Rice Bullock, Ches. Phiston,
10. Dr. J. R. Whittomore, H. Cumings.

Indiana--26 votes.
AT LARGE.
William T. Otto,
P. A. Hackleman,
Danl. D. Pratt,
Caleb B. Smith.
DISTRICTS.
1. James C. Veatch, C. M. Allen,
2. Thos. C. Slaughter, J. H. Buller,
3. John R. Cravens, A. C Voorhies,
4. Geo. Bolland, J. L Yater,
5. Miles Murphy, Walter March,
6. S. P. Oyler, John S. Boobs,
7. Geo. K Steele, D. C. Donohue,
8. John Beard, J. N. Sims,
9. C. H Test, D. B. Hopkins,
10. Geo. Moon, George Emerson,
11. W. W. Conner, J. M. Wallace.
Alternates.
1. Dr. Lewis, C. T. Coon,
2. John W. Ray, J. M. Reynolds,
3. John Fitzhugh, John R. Monroe,
4. D. G. Rabb, Joel Wolf,
5. [No alternates chosen.]
6. W. R. Harrison, Wm. Wallace,
7. —— ——,
8. John Purdue, Collins Colton,
9. Isaac Mattingly, Sidney Keith.
10. Jesse L. Williams, William Clapp,
11. M. P. Evans, Perry Crabbe.

Michigan-12 Votes.
AT LARGE.
Austin Blair,
W. W. Murphy,
J. W Ferry,
J. J. St. Clair.
Alternates.
G. W. Lee,
W B. Montgomery,
J. B. Andrews,
Morgan Bates.
DISTRICTS.
1. [illegible]
2. Jesse J. Beeson, Wm. S. Stoughton,
3. Francis Quinn, Erastus Hussey,
4. D. C. Bucklom, M. T. C. Plossor,
Alternates.
1. H. T. Backus, D. Cramer,
2. D. Larzelere, N. D. Skeels,
3. A. H. Cary, Seth Cary,
4. A. T. Crossman, C. P. Parkhill.

Illinois, 22 votes.
AT LARGE.
N. B. Judd

Illinois—Continued
6. S. T. Logan, N. M. Knapp.
7. Thos. A. Marshall, Wm P. Dole,
8. F. S. Rutherford, D. K. Green.
9. James C. Sloo, D. L. Phillips,
Alternates.
1. [No alternates elected.]
2. H. Kreismann, Silas Noble.
3. Wm. Adams, D L. Crandall,
4. Robert Boal, J M. Ruggles,
5. D G. Tunnicliffe, Alex. Sympson,
6. J. W. Ran, J. T. Eccles,
7. A. B. Bunn, N. McCurdy.
8. F. B. Anderson, J. F. Alexander.
9. John T. Jones, Wm. Pickering.

Wisconsin---10 Votes.
AT LARGE.
Carl Schurz,
Hans Crocker,
John P. McGregor,
T. B. Stoddard.
Alternates.
E. Enos, Jr.,
S. Marston,
A. N. Paine.
DISTRICTS.
1. H. L. Rand, C. C. Sholes.
2. Moses Gibson, J. R. Bennett.
3. Elisha Morrow, L. F. Frisbie.
Alternates.
1. Henry Matteson, G. W. Carpenter.
2. F. O. Brainard, J. T. Mills.
3. Uri Balcomb, Auguste Potte.

Minnesota--8 Votes
AT LARGE.
Stephen Miller,
D. A. Secombe,
S. P. Jones,
S. P. Smith,
Aug. H. Wagener,
John W. North,
Aaron Goodrich,
J. McKusick.
Alternates.
E. E. Paulding.
W. D. Washburne,
J. B. Brown,
J. M. Murdock,
Fred. Gluck,
B. G. O Morrison.
Gen. Winters,
C. W. Thompson,

Iowa-.8 Votes.
AT LARGE.
Wm. Penn Clark,
L. C. Noble,
John A. Kasson,
Jas. F. Wilson,
J. W. Rankin.
M. L. McPherson,
C. F. Clarkson,
N. J. Rusch,
H. P. Scholte.
JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.
1. Alvin Saunders, J. C. Walker.
2. H. Clay Caldwell, M. Baker.
3. Benj. Rector. Geo. A. Howley.
4. A. W. Hubbard, J. E. Blackford.
5. Thos. Seeley, C. O. Nourse.
6. Wm. M. Stone, J. B. Grinnell.
7. Wm. A. Warren, Jno. W. Thompson
8. John Shane, Wm. Smith.
9. Wm. B. Allison. A. F. Browo.
10. Reuben Noble, E. G. Bowdoin.
11. W. P. Hepburn, J. F. Brown.

Missouri--18 Votes.
AT LARGE.
Francis P. Blair, Jr,
B. Gratz Brown,
F. Muench,
Jas. G. Sutton.
Alternates.
Asa Jones,
B Bruns,
H. T. Blow,
John Doyle.
DISTRICTS.
1. P. L. Foy, Dr. Bernays.
2. A. Krekel, M. Randolph.
3. N. T. Doan, Chas. Collins.
4. H. B. Branch, G. W. Landon.
5. M. Pioner, Jas. B. Gardenhire.
6. J. K. Kidd, Allen Hamer.
7. Jas. A. Lindsay, Thos. C. Fletcher.
Alternates.
1. F. H. Manter, John C. Vogel.
2. John K. McDearmon, S. M. Martin.
3. [no alternates elected.]
4. Thos. J. Boynton, [illegible]
5. Henry Keymer, Wm. Gilpin.
6. Jno. M Richardson, Jas. A. Matthews.
7. Jas. F. St. James, Albert Jackson.

California--8 Votes
Leland Stanford,
F. P. Tracy,
Samuel Bell,
D. W. Cheeseman,
A. A. Sargent,
Chas. Watrous,
Peter Witbeck,
C. A. Sumner,
D. J. Staples,
S. S. Johnson,
Rod. Mathewson,

Resolutions and Speech of Rev. Samuel Wolcott, of Chicago, in the American Tract Society.

The Rev. Mr. Wolcott, of Chicago, submitted the following resolutions:

Whereas, This Society in 1857, on recommendation of the Committee of Fifteen, adopted a resolution affirming that those moral duties which grow out of the existence of slavery, as well as those moral evils and vices which it is known to promote, undoubtedly do fall within the province of this Society, and can and ought to be discussed in its publications, and this declaration still stands in full force; therefore,

Resolved, That the reasons which urge to such discussion also remain, and now press upon the Society with accumulated weight.

Whereas, This Society in its last annual meeting, declared that "it has no doubt in relation to the sin of the African slave trade, or the great wickedness of reviving that iniquitous system in any form," and *Whereas*, During the past year, evidence has accumulated, until the fact has become notorious and flagrant, that this accursed traffic has been reopened by vessels sailing from various parts of this country; therefore,

Resolved, That the publication or republication of suitable tracts setting forth the iniquity of the African slave trade would meet the warm approbation of the Society.

Rev. Dr. Wolcott, in support of the resolutions just offered, said: Mr. President, I acknowledge I have three reasons for offering these resolutions, and, as it will be in order for me to state them, whether derived from the sentiments embodied in the resolutions themselves, or from the circumstances under which they are offered, and as it is not my intention to intrude my remarks at any great length upon the Society, I hope I may be heard without interruption. And, Sir, my first reason for offering them is to vindicate the freedom of debate, and the rights of the humblest member of this Society. [Applause,] by asserting boldly and fearlessly my personal right to a full participation in its regular deliberations. I have no disposition to make any further reference to the proceedings of the last meeting which have imposed this obligation upon me, except which is implied in the word "vindicate." I regret the necessity of any personal allusion; but it is, nevertheless, proper for me to add that in a circular letter which, since the last meeting, has been prepared by one of the Secretaries of the Society, the Rev. M. Eastman, which was printed and published for the purpose of procuring funds for the advancement of evangelical literature, I have been referred to by him as having joined the Society on purpose to assist in creating a disturbance.

This unworthy and uncalled-for imputation—this disparagement of my motives and my character, widely circulated through these official channels, is the penalty of conscientiousness, is the penalty of fidelity to my convictions of truth and duty, and is the penalty of an honest dissent from the views and opinions entertained by me from those of the managers of this Society, or rather of a claim to a Christian expression of that dissent in respect to the wisdom of their measures and the righteousness of their policy. At the last annual meeting I offered [illegible] present, and the clamor of opposition which so unexpectedly greeted it was succeeded by the suppression of that resolution, and also of the other resolutions based upon it offered by a venerable pastor of this city, together with the Societie's action upon it, in the official record of the meeting. And this was followed by the circular letter of the Secretary. Shall we be thus silenced? My own resolution is embodied in the words of the great Apostle: "To whom we give place by subjection, no not for an hour." And if there were no other reason than this, it would be decisive in my mind as imposing it upon me as a duty. The second reason for presenting these resolutions is to maintain unabated the proper sphere of the Society's responsibility and controlling agency. A labored attempt was made at the last meeting to merge in the Executive Committee the functions which are properly inherent in the Society as a whole. An elaborate plea was put forth by a learned lawyer of this city to the effect that the society, as an eleemosynary institution, exhausts its powers in the act of choosing its officers, and that the discussion of its principles and measures at its annual meeting is irrelevant and unconstitutional. The author of this novel plea paid to his opponents a graceful compliment by cutting off, on his own motion, my reply to his own argument. [laughter.] That plea was understood to be at the time an expression of the sentiments of the managers of this Society. It was received as a semi official exposition of their views. It was printed by them, and has been distributed by them through the land, and these resolutions are presented as a challenge, and a contradiction to that sophism. They recognise the fact that the charter from which we derive all our powers, provides that certain persons named therein, and all such persons as now are, or may hereafter become, members of the Tract Society, are constituted a body corporate, for the purpose of printing and circulating religious publications. The members are the corporate body, and they are assembled here as such, and here are lodged the powers which the charter has conferred upon us. The officers of the Society are the servants of the Society. They cannot legally be its masters. The Constitution of the Society is the act of the Society. They made it, and can repeal it, and can define it. The charter restricts us only to the issuing, printing and circulating of religious publications, and in the Constitution the Society has added a restrictive clause which is calculated to meet the approbation of all Evangelical Christians. My third reason is the necessity of correcting the present policy of the Society, and elevating it to a more Scriptural standard. I do not propose to dwell upon this point. But let me say, in conclusion, that the purpose which was avowed two years ago, by a leading opposer of the present policy of this Society—and which was made the theme of rude derision—that he would wage this battle to the end, and that, if he were called away before it was decided, he would bequeath it to those who should come after him, is strong to-day and inextinguishable in the breasts of all who are associated together in this "irrepressible conflict." [Loud applause.] Sir, we are not enemies of the Tract Society. Heaven forbid! To us, Sir, as to you, it is consecrated by tender and sweet memories We know that it has done a great and good work in the past, and we trust it is destined to do a greater and better work in the future. [Applause.] [illegible] a false position, where it is stripped of its moral power; and, God helping us, we will not rest until it has been redeemed and recovered. These resolutions may be voted down to-day, as the similar resolutions were voted down a year ago, and your Secretary, if he can find no better use for the sacred funds of your Society, may send out his circulars pronouncing an unfair and biased judgment upon our motives, and inflicting any stigmas he may see fit. But it shall not daunt or discourage us. The present and previous policy of this society cannot be enduring. It has no moral vigor. It has become weaker year by year. Each anniversary brings us nearer to the attainment of our end; and, in the meantime, we will labor on with courage, and patience, and hope, feeling as they "that watch for the morning;" and to-day, in

THE NEW CATTLE DISEASE.

Proceedings in Massachusetts in Relation Thereto.

GREAT FATALITY.

[From the Boston Journal, 9th.]

The Commissioners charged with the duty of investigating the nature and extent of the cattle disease in North Brookfield and vicinity, and empowered to use all necessary means looking to its eradication, visited North Brookfield yesterday, in company with agents of several of the County Agricultural Societies, who have been invited to send delegates for the purpose of securing the advantages of a personal observation of the alarming character and extent of the disease.

OPERATIONS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

But two of the Commissioners (Hon. Amasa Walker, and Paoli Lathrop) were present at the examinations yesterday.

The first herd visited was that of Benjamin W. Dean, which had four separate exposures to the contagion, but which two weeks ago were professionally examined and are pronounced sound.

On Tuesday a further and more particular examination, by means of sounding the chest, showed every animal to be diseased—a rapidity of development partly attributable to the change of weather. Yesterday the herd presented a most miserable appearance, but their forlorn aspect appeared to be quite as much due to insufficient feeding as to the disease itself. The barn was nearly destitute of hay, and the cattle were not allowed to range the pastures. In anticipation of the grazing season, Mr. Dean had sold $300 worth of hay, and the poor cattle are suffering the consequences. Their half-starved condition will materially lessen the valuation by the Commissioners, and the sale of the hay may prove to be a poor speculation. The hay went to a livery stable in South Brookfield, and to farmers in the immediate vicinity of Mr. Dean. How much the disease may have been distributed by this means is not known.

The first animal dissected exhibited the disease in its incipient stage. The first lung exposed was twice the size of a healthy organ, and was fastened to the diaphragm by a false membrane. It was also slightly discolored. The other lung was also much enlarged, marbled and full of air, with the connecting tissue hardened. Ulceration would probably have ensued in the course of a week.

The second case examined was not so advanced a case, but the symptoms were not unlike those of the first.

The next case was that of an ox, which exhibited the usual symptoms of inflammation, discoloration and adhesion.

The Commissioners next went to the farm of Mr. Olmstead and killed two oxen, which on the day previous had worked upon a breaking up plow. They were taken sick in February, and condemned about two weeks ago. The first ox killed was in excellent condition, and breathed as well as usual The first lung exposed was found to have very extensively adhered to the diaphragm and ribs. The other lung was taking the acute form of the disease. Both lungs weighed 11½ pounds, or about four pounds more than they would have weighed in a healthy condition.

The lungs of the other ox exhibited a thickening of the tissue, discoloration and general incapacitation, but not a very advanced stage of the disease. In the bronchial tubes were discovered little lumps of fine hay, which had either been drawn into the nostrils by a spasmodic, unnatural action, or retained there because the lungs were too diseased to throw out the irritating substance, which had produced extravasation.

The next examinations were made upon three of the herd of William Doane. The first case was that of the two oxen which carried the disease to the herd of Mr. Olmstead. The mate, which was badly diseased, was killed a week ago. Although those oxen carried the disease to the cattle of Mr. Olmstead, the latter were the first to develop the symptoms. In fact, although the disease was introduced into Mr. Doane's herd six months ago, its existence has but recently been discovered. The rate of progress appears to depend upon the natural constitution of the animal, and also upon the condition of the barn in which it is kept. In a tight barn the disease develops more rapidly. In an open barn, where the air circulates more freely, the disease remains latent a much longer time, and the closest observer may be unable to detect its existence until it exhibits itself in an advanced stage.

The symptoms, in some respects, seem to be quite analagous to those of consumption. The active form of the disease sometimes disappears, and a complete cure seems to have take place; but this condition is almost immediately succeeded by a relapse, or the breaking out of the disease in another portion of the lungs.

The second case examined in the herd of Mr. Doane was that of a cow apparently well in every respect, except so far as the reverse was indicated by sounding the chest, which in all cases of the disease gives forth a dull, heavy sound, produced by the enlarged lungs coming in contact with the ribs. Yesterday morning this cow gave six quarts of milk. The examination of her lungs, however, showed the usual thickening of the external tissue and a general progressive state of the disease.

The next case was that of a heifer, which a week ago was pronounced perfectly sound. Yesterday the sounding test showed her to be diseased, and the subsequent examination revealed enlargement and discoloration.

The last herd visited yesterday was that of Roland Doane, where a condemned cow and an ox, with the chronic form of the disease, were slaughtered.

MEETING AT THE TOWN HALL.

At half past seven o'clock there was a meeting at the Town Hall of citizens and visitors. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Freeman Walker.

Rev. C. C. Sewell, member of the Board of Agriculture, [illegible] the meeting upon the alarming character of the disease. He was informed that a large portion of the cattle of North Brookfield were doomed, and that it was extending beyond the town limits. The influence of the warm weather was found to be intensifying the disease, and the only remedy was in the death of every exposed animal. He hoped the Commissioners would be sustained morally and pecuniarily in their arduous duties, which they were performing with so much credit to themselves. They were actuated by the highest sense of duty, and the charges heard against them were unfounded and unjust. The disease had already effected the Boston and Brighton market. At the conclusion of the remarks of Mr. Sewell, Hiram Knight was chosen Secretary.

The Chairman then reminded the meeting

fields or pastures, and the consequence is a general stagnation of farming operations. To heighten the melancholy appearance of these farms, almost every exhibits a huge grave yawning to receive the carcases of the animals as they are slaughtered.

To add to the alarm before entertained, it is now certain that the disease has made its appearance in Sturbridge, where three herds have been exposed. It is also expected to make its appearance in Stoneham, Oakham and Hardwick, but the best is hoped for.

In Sturbridge the disease is in the herd of Henry Brown. An examination yesterday found one of his cattle to be infected. The Commissioners will immediately visit Sturbridge and other towns in the vicinity. What energetic and judicious action can accomplish they will not leave undone in arresting the terrible malady. The State is fortunate in securing the services of gentlemen of such eminent qualifications for the discharge of such arduous and responsible duty.

All condemned cattle are ordered to be destroyed by Saturday night. This grace is allowed to enable the farmers to use their oxen as much as practicable in accomplishing spring work.

The Commissioners have been fortunate in securing the services of such surgical ability as has been afforded by Doctors Dadd and Tyler, whose assistance has proved invaluable.

Several of the delegates from the agricultural societies are decided in recommending that the appropriations for premiums on stock be devoted to the purposes of the guarantee fund, if the thing can be done legally and properly. Some persons suggest that Congress be petitioned for an appropriation, or at least for a general law upon a subject which may yet extend to national importance.

In 1847 the pleuro-pneumonia appeared in the herd of Thomas Richardson of New Jersey, who, with most commendable foresight and public spirit, killed every animal upon his farm, at a personal sacrifice of $10,000. This is a splendid example, and entitles Mr. Richardson to an enduring monument.

Seven members of the Board of Agriculture have formally requested the members of the State Board of Agriculture to call a meeting of the Board at Boston, at the earliest day, to take into consideration the present condition of the cattle disease, and to do what the alarming emergency may seem to require.

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medical advisers my Republican fellow-citizens will certainly see the propriety of *my firm determination* not to enter the present campaign as a candidate for the office in question.

If, indeed, the humble services which it may have been my good fortune to render the cause of freedom deserve any reward at the hands of my political friends, I beg leave to claim the privilege to occupy the humble yet honorable position of an unobtrusive yet *unyielding private* in the ranks of the Republican army.

The gentlemen nominated at Decatur have my warmest support, and the platform adopted my unqualified sanction.

In this connection you will allow me to express the hope that the Republican party, at the next National Convention, will act in full conformity with the great principle of freedom, having an eye more to the plain demands of *Justice, Liberty* and *Right*, than to the *availability* of the candidate, or the supposed expediency of unworthy compromises; unfurling rather the glorious banner of *true patriotism* and *principle*, than the ignoble flag of policy and party tactics.

FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN.

The controlling elements in the character of the true statesman are a keen perception of what is just, honesty and integrity that are above suspicion, and unswerving enthusiastic devotion to the promotion of right principles among the people. So also a political party whose leading maxims and whose objects are based on the immutable principles of truth and justice must commend itself to the confidence and the support of a free people. However at first opposed by the selfish and the aspiring of dominant and corrupt organizations, justice and truth must in the end prevail. Hence we have never for one moment doubted the success of the Republican party. One of the old parties had gone out with the settlement of the issues that divided it from the other, and in 1854 to '56 the party in power was seized and has since been controlled by those who were determined, in spite of the glorious memories of past and in defiance of the principles of eternal justice, to extend slavery over the American continent. Hence the Republican party was a spontaneous movement on the part of the masses of the people to bring back the government, and administer it upon those principles which were enunciated by Washington, Jefferson, Madison and the other fathers of the Republic. Its first National Convention in Philadelphia in 1856, laid down a platform of principles which clearly defined its position before the country. Around it the free people of the North rallied with the liveliest enthusiasm, and the intelligent patriots of the South looked to it as the star of their deliverance from the oppression that surrounded them. They dared not, it is true, boldly avow their sentiments; but the lapse of four years has made a vast change in the border States. At the convention which will open its sessions here on Wednesday morning, delegates will take their seats from Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri—one-third of all the slave States. So far as the principles of the party are concerned, all of them might, with perfect propriety, be represented. Not one among its leaders or supporters, so far as we know, proposes to interfere, in any way whatever, with the rights of the slave States. "The institution" is theirs under the Constitution, and they can keep it so long as they choose. The only question at issue is, whether it shall be extended into the territories of the Union. In this regard, the Republican party holds the doctrines embodied into the legislation of the country, and enunciated by all our leading statesmen—John C. Calhoun alone excepted—down to 1854. Those doctrines are the very life and soul of the Declaration of Independence, they were embalmed in the blood of every battle-field of the Revolution and one of the holiest aspirations of the Father of his country was, that we might become a "confederacy of free states," and ere the next decade shall have passed away, is it too much to hope that the delusions of John C. Calhoun will have vanished, and every State in the Union again grasp these old doctrines as the sheet-anchor of our political safety.

The utter demoralization of the Democratic party is the result of causes whose effects are fixed and unchanging as the laws of gravitation itself. The plunderers and the place-hunters have so long fattened upon the spoils of office that they cannot agree among themselves as to the division of the booty. From the President down to the humblest lacquey, chicanery and corruption go unrebuked. These harpies have become strong and their number is fearful, but the people are stronger than they. Broken at Charleston into factions distinguished for the intensity of their mutual hate, defeat is certain. The doom of Democracy is sealed forever. A name long honored and powerful in the history of the country, it is now indissolubly identified with the grossest frauds and the abominations of slavery, and hence it must be hurried out of sight, that it may no longer corrupt the earth. Thus will it always be when parties forsake the principles of justice.

The Republican party not only preserves

be prepared to forgive us for seeking safety where we know it is to be found, and for holding fast to that which is good. If other States shall come to our assistance, recognizing in Mr. LINCOLN the peer of any of the Republican captains now prominent before the country, whether as regards ability or devotion to the principles which the Chicago Convention is to maintain, we shall be devoutly thankful. Yet we have no claim which may not be asserted by many others. The party has claims on all its members—they have none on the party. Illinois has declared unanimously her preference for the Presidency, and she will urge with respectful firmness, before the various delegations, the difficulties which constrain her to adhere to the man of her choice.

THE BALTIMOREANS.

The stupid absurdity of the professed Union savers, who met at Baltimore the other day to nominate a candidate for President, and another for Vice President, upon a single plank—the Constitution and the Union—will be apparent to the dullest dunce, when he remembers that every man in this country, save only a few ultra Abolitionists of the North and a handful of intense fanatics in the South, can endorse the platform which the Booby Brookeses laid down; because all political parties in the United States are loud in their devotions to the Constitution and the Union, and the vaunts the ultraists of either extreme in this matter, pass for just as much as the outcry of the National Constitutional Union Old Line Whigs and Know Nothings, who ventilated their patriotism at Baltimore. Whenever the Republicans declare their sentiments they will exalt the Constitution and the Union. The seceders from the Charleston Convention will do the same thing; and the Douglasites will follow the example. Here, then, we shall have four parties in the field, with the Constitution and the Union as the basis of each. Wherein the Baltimoreans are entitled to any preferences over either, we have not the wit to see. That in shirking the responsibility of declaring themselves upon the living issues of the day, they exhibit a degree of cowardice which breeds distrust of the purity of their intentions, all can well understand.

DOUGLAS IN THE SOUTH.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* calls attention to the fact that in all the ballotings at Charleston, Mr. Douglas received but 11 1-2 votes from the entire Southern States, and to the other and next important fact that had the ballotings continued until doomsday, he would have received no more. This will be only funeral consolation to the boasting friends of the Little Giant; but the truth of history must be vindicated.

LOUISIANA POLITICS.

We have the authority of the New Orleans *Delta* for saying that the Douglas movement lately attempted in that city, for its influence upon the State and the South was a sorry fizzle. At the close of the dreary ceremonies, three rousing cheers were given for John Slidell and the seceding delegations, when the meeting adjourned.

The Cattle Disease.

We print in another column an account, copied from the Boston *Journal*, of the proceedings of the commissioners appointed by the Massachusetts Legislature to investigate the causes, effects, &c., of the new and fatal disease among horned cattle, which has made its appearance in the town of North Brookfield in that State. The fact that the disease appears to be highly contagious in its nature and that it has destroyed 100,000,000 of cattle in Europe, will cause whatever relates to it to be read with great interest by the farmers of the West. We invite their attention to the account to which we refer.

THE STRIPED PIG OUTDONE.—The latest and most successful liquor dodge ever perpetrated, lately transpired at Worcester, Mass. A Philadelphia ale and beer manufacturer notified his Worcester agent, Joseph Hill, that he had forwarded him 150 casks of ale, valued at $1,000. Mr. Hill telegraphed back that he dared not remove it from the cars, lest the city marshal should seize it, in pursuance of the provisions of the Massachusetts liquor law. On Saturday some Boston parties arrived in Worcester and sued out a writ against the Philadelphia manufacturer, who was perfectly good before, and placed the writ in the hands of a sheriff, who immediately carted it to Mr. Hill's premises, and appointed him keeper. It is doubtful if the case comes to trial.

FIFTH AVENUE.—Those who live on Fifth Avenue, the aristocratic residence street in New York, stand in slippery places. It is the calculation of one of the most experienced house agents and real estate brokers in the city that the average tenure of the magnificent mansions on that avenue, by the families of commercial aristocracy, does not exceed three years; in other words, that the occupants are on an average failing once in three years.

—Attempts are now being made to introduce the cotton and coffee plants into New Zealand. Coffee berries from Ceylon, and cotton seed from China, have arrived at Auckland, and both are now deposited in the ground in the faith of yielding profitable results.

—The coming census of Texas, it is estimated by those best informed, will show a population of 550,000, including 150,000 slaves.

Alternates:
1. Horace Scott, Samuel Osborne.
2. Gershom Weston, Darius Goff.
3. Jas. Humphrey, Aaron C. Mayhew.
4. John H. Wakefield, Roland Worthington.
5. Peleg W. Chandler, Samuel Hall.
6. Richard P. Waters, Benj. Edwards, jr.
7. A. A. Putnam, G. O. Brastow.
8. C. M. Bellows, A. G. Hill.
9. G. F. Bailey, E. B. Bigelow.
10. John H. Wells, H. G. Knight.
11. E. R. Tinker, Lewis Merriam.

Rhode Island—8 Votes.

AT LARGE.
Jas. F. Simmons, Benj. F. Eames, Byron Diman, Benedict Lapham.

DISTRICTS.
1. Rowland Hazard, Simon H. Green.
2. Nath. B Durfee, R. G. Hazard.

Connecticut 12—Votes.

AT LARGE.
Gideon Welles, E. K. Foster, C. F. Cleveland, A. H. Holley.

DISTRICTS.
1. S. A. Porter, L. E. Pease.
2. S. W. Kellogg, A. B. Calef.
3. David Gallup, H H. Starkweather
4. Edgar S. Tweedy, Geo. S. Noble.

New York—70 Votes

AT LARGE.
William M. Evarts, Preston King, Jno. L. Schoolcraft, Henry R. Selden.

Alternates.
Isaac Sherman, A. B. Dickinson, Martin I. Townsend, Jacob Boyer.

DISTRICT.
1. Geo. W. Curtis, Frederick W. Lord,
2. Jas. S. T. Stranahan, Henry A. Kent,
3. John A. Kennedy, Amasiah D. Barber.
4. Owen W. Brennan, Robt. T. Haws.
5. Thos. Murphy, Chas. M. Briggs.
6. Jos. C. Pinckney, Marshall B. Blake.
7. Daniel D. Conover, Jno. Keyser.
8. Wm. Curtis Noyes, Jas. W. Nye.
9. Edmund J. Porter, Jno. G. Miller.
10. Ambrose S. Murray, Wynkoop Kerated.
11. Marcus Schoonmaker, Henry Green.
12. Albert Vanvleeck, Jno T. Hogeboom.
13. Jno. W. Freeman, Abram B. Olin.
14. H. H. Van Dyck, Henry A. Brigham.
15. Edward Dodd, Jas. W. Schenck.
16. Orlando Kellogg, Wm. Hedding.
17. Jno. H. Wooster, A. B. James.
18. Henry Churchill, Thos. R. Horton.
19. Horatio N. Buckley, Samuel J. Cooke.
20. Palmer V. Kellogg, Henry H. Fish
21. Giles W. Hotchkiss, Benjamin Rexford.
22. Samuel T. Gates, Robert Stuart.
23. Isaac H. Fiske, Carlos B Scoville.
24. Vivus W. Smith, D. C. Greenfield.
25. Alex. B. Williams. Theodore M. Pomeroy.
26. Obadiah B. Latham, Chas. C. Shepard.
27. W. W. Shepard, Geo. W. Schuyler.
28. Wm. Scott, Stephen P. Haight.
29. D. D. S. Brown, Alex. Babcock.
30. Josiah H. Darling, Jno. H. Kimberly.
31. Wm. Keep, Noah Davis, Jr.
32. Alex. W. Harvey, Joseph Candee.
33. Alonzo Kent, Delos E Sill.

Alternates.
1. Chas. W. Godard, Robt L. Meekes.
2. Wm Peet, Horace N. Warner.
3. Joseph B. Taylor, Jno. L Hanson.
4. James Kelly, Robt. Irwin.
5. Jas. F. Freeborn, Sigismund Kauffman.
6. Wm E. Duryea, Geo. F. Steinbam.
7. Washington Smith. Isaac Dayton.
8. A. Oakey Hall, Ezek'l L. Lockwood.
9. Jere. H. Stedwell, Geo. F. Sherman.
10. Step'n W. Fullerton C. V. R. Luddington.
11. Peter Crispell, Jr., Reuben Coffin.
12. Isaac Platt, R. McKinstry.

C. S. Kauffman. Samuel Schoch. Jos. D Pownall.
10. Chas. B Forney. Jos. Casey. Wm. Cameron. Israel Gutelius.
11. Robert M. Palmer. Jacob G. Frick. S. A. Bergstresser. Wm. C. Lawson.
12. H. M. Hoyt. P. M. Osterhout. Frank Stewart. Davis Alton.
13. Chas Albright. Wm. Davis. W. H. Armstrong. Sam E. Dimmick.
14. H. W. Tracy. Hon Wm. Jessup. Hr. A. Humphrey. Wm. J. Turrell. F E Smith.
15. Wm. Butler. B. Rush Peterkin. Lindsay Mehaffey. G. B. Overton.
16. Kirk Haines. W. B. Irvin. Alex. J. Fray. Jacob S. Haldeman.
17. Wm. M'Clellan. D. M'Caunaghy. John J. Patterson. Francis Jordan.
18. A. A. Barker. S. M. Green. Wm M Loyd. Wm. H. Koons.
19. W. W. Stewart. Darwin E. Phelps. Addison Leech. D. W. Shryok.
20. Andrew Stewart. Smith Fuller. Alex Murdoch. Wm. E Gapen.
21. Wm. M. Hersh. John F. Dravo. James A Ekin. J. J Sinebeck.
22. D. N. White. Stephen H. Geyor. J. N. Purviance. E. McJunkin.
23. L. L. Magullin. John Allison. Wm. G. Rose. David Craig.
24. John Patton. S. P. Johnston. Jas. S. Meyers. D. C. Gillespie.
25. B. B. Vincent. Thomas J. Devoro. J. C. Bays. S. Newton Pettis.

Delaware—6 Votes

C. S. Layton, Alfred Short, N. B. Smithers, B. J. Hopkins, E. S. Bradford, John C. Clark.

Alternates.
Isaac M. Fisher. A K. Hall, John Clements, N. C. Powell, Lewes Thompson, John Jones.

Maryland—16 Votes

At Large.
F. P. Blair, Wm. L. Marshall.

DISTRICT.
1. James Bryan, D. W. Orem.
2. James Jeffries, W. P. Ewing.
3. Francis L Corkran, James V. Wagner.
4. Wm. E. Coale, Johnn'n Shumeker
5. Chas. Lee Armour, E. J. Annen.
6. Montgom'y Blair, Frederick Iddine.

Virginia—30 Votes

At Large.
Alfred Caldwell, E. M. Norton, J. C. Underwood, W. W. Gitt.

DISTRICT.
1. John H. Pettigrew. Wm. Hendridge.
2. Thomas Pearce, Z. F. K. Brown.
3. Stephen Swift, Robert Prince.
4. Sylvester Lynch, John M. James.
5. Mordecai Wheeler. L. K. Thompson.
6. Abram C. Lomax, James Kings.
7. John Underwood, Geo. W. Jackson.
8. Cornelius Hoff, Sam'l M. Janney,
9. George Rye, E. K. Marshall.
10. A. W. Campbell, Dr. D. W. Roberts.
11. Wm. E. Stephenson Col. S. M. Peterson
12. W. T. Gate, W. B. Wilson.
13. John Taylor, Jno. V. K. Vance.

Alternates.
1. J. C. Harbour, Jacob Hornbrook.
2. John Bell, J. C. Jacob.
3. Joseph Applegate. A G. Robinson.
4. R. Crawford, Thos. Hornbrook.
5. F. M. Humphrey, John Atkinson.
6. F. D. Norton, Zach. Wheat.
7. J. B. Brown, A. L Foster,
8. Robert H. Feltner, James Loyd.
9. Dr. Levi Pitman, J. L. Freeman.
10. Thomas Elder, —— ——
11. Wm. B. Caswell, G. D. Hall.
12. —— Ramsdale, —— ——
13. Thomas J. Hewitt, Dr. Joshua Gist.

8. John Purdus, Collins Colton,
9. Isaac Muttingly, Sidney Keith.
10. Jesse L. Williams, William Clapp,
11. M. P. Evans, Perry Crabbs.

Michigan—12 Votes.

AT LARGE.
Austin Blair, W. W. Murphy, J. W Ferry, J. J. St. Clair.

Alternates.
G. W. Lea, W. B. Montgomery, J. H. Andrews, Morgan Bates.

DISTRICTS.
1. J. G. Peterson, A. D. Crane,
2. Jesse J. Beeson, Wm. S. Stoughton,
3. Francis Quinn, Erastus Hussey,
4. D. C. Bucklam, M. T. O. Plosser,

Alternates.
1. H. T. Backus, D. Cramer,
2. D. Larzelere, N. D. Skeels,
3. A. H. Cary, Seth Cary,
4. A. T. Crossman, C. P. Parkhill.

Illinois, 22 votes.

AT LARGE.
N. B. Judd, Gustavus Koerner, David Davis, O. H Browning.

Alternates.
R. J. Oglesby, Wm. B. Plato, T. G. S. Herod, N. G. Wilcox.

DISTRICTS.
1. Jason Marsh, Solon Cummings.
2. George Schneider, George T. Smith.
3. B. C. Cook, O. L. Davis.
4. Henry Grove, E. W. Hazard,
5. Wm. Ross, Jas. S. Erwin,

2. A. Knekel, M. Randolph.
3. N. T. Doan, Chas. Collins.
4. H. B. Branch, G. W. Laudon.
5. M. Pianer, Jas. B. Gardenhire.
6. J. K. Kidd, Allen Hamer.
7. Jas. A. Lindsay, Thos. C. Fletcher.

Alternates.
1. F. H. Muntar, John C. Vogel.
2. John K. McDearmon. S. M. Martin.
3. [no alternates elected.]
4. Thos. J. Boynton, F. Wentzel.
5. Henry Keymer, Wm. Gilpin.
6. Jno. M Richardson, Jas. A. Matthews.
7. Jas. F. St. James, Albert Jackson.

California—8 Votes

Leland Stanford, F. P. Tracy, Samuel Bell, D. W. Cheeseman, A. A. Sargent, Chas. Watrous, Peter Witbeck, C. A. Sumner, D. J. Staples, S. S. Johnson, Rod. Mathewson, J. C. Hinckley, J. C. Wicker.

Oregon—6 Votes.

Horace Greeley, Eli Thayer.

Territorial Delegates.

KANSAS.
A. C. Wilder, John A. Martin, Wm. A Phillips, W. W. Ross, A. G. Procter, John P. Hatterscheidt.

DIST. OF COLUMBIA.
B. B. French, J. J. Coombs, G. A. Hill, Lewis Clephane.

NEBRASKA.

[From the Omaha Republican, April 18.]

At a meeting of the Territorial Central Committee, held in Omaha on the 12th inst., the following gentlemen were elected delegates to attend the National Republican Convention, at Chicago: Messrs. DUNDY, of Richardson county; CRATER, TAYLOR and IRISH, of Otoe county; ELBERT, of Cass; WEBSTER, MEREDITH and HITCHCOCK, of Douglas; PADDOCK, of Washington, and WARNER, of Dakota.

E. H. ROGERS, Sec

Hits from the Louisville Journal.

During the three years of Mr. Buchanan's administration, the Department of State has issued about eighteen thousand passports to citizens desiring to travel in foreign parts.—*Louisville Democrat.*

We are not in the least surprised that a great many citizens have desired to travel "during the three years of Mr. Buchanan's Administration." The only wonder is that anybody has desired to stay at home.

☞ One of our New England contemporaries, in a rather poetical flight, says "time is about to turn over a new leaf in the book of the Democracy." Then, we guess it is the fly-leaf at the end. By the way, if the Democracy is a book, it must be an almanac, for its positions are calculated for all meridians, and changed every year.

☞ A magnanimous Republican editor says the Democracy "at last are forgetting the spoils." No doubt he is right. "John, I fear you are forgetting me," said a bright-eyed girl to her sweetheart. "Yes, Sue, I have been for *getting* you these two years."

—Mrs. Jane Swisshelm details the grievances of her married life in a letter to the New York *Tribune*. She says that her husband was so mean that she had to wear one bonnet seven years.—*Louisville Journal.*

We should be very sorry to believe this. We really hope Jane did not have to go so long without shifting.

☞ In a recent speech in Congress, Mr. McClernand, of Illinois, comparing Mr. Douglas to an eagle, indulged in this flight of rhetoric:

"As he soared far above the heads of his enemies, *his tail quivered in the air* in proud defiance of them."

Now that Douglas has "gone up" at Charleston, we presume his "tail" will "quiver in the air" with prouder defiance than ever.

Speaking of tails, we are reminded of one that is told of old Tom Benton, *apropos* of Douglas. Some one predicted that the Little Giant would be President yet. "He President, sir?" said old Bullion—"no sir, never, sir; *coat tail too near the ground, sir!*"—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

This opinion of old Bullion's was all very well in its day, but, now that Douglas's tail is *quivering in the air*, it drops to the ground, itself. The opinion has become antiquated. If old Bullion could have stood where McClernand stands, and seen what McClernand sees, he would have been certain to express exactly the opposite opinion. "He President, sir? the veteran would have exclaimed, "no, sir, never, sir; *coat tail too near the sky, sir!*"

As Douglas's "cop" must be now invisible to the common eye, we suppose hereafter we shall have to chronicle a triumph of his as *a feather in his tail!* and any mishap to him as *a feather out of his tail!*

There seems to be a lively dispute on all sides as to whether this political eagle has just now lost or gained a tail-feather! We of course have our own opinion, but, considering that his tail is in the air, and that it is quivering, we are not disposed to be positive in the matter. Distance and motion are highly unfavorable to the observation of aerial animals with the naked eye.

SLOW DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—As Mr. George L. Slocomb, of Marietta, Ohio, who has been employed as a telegraph operator at Big Run, Athens county, was sitting at the instrument in his office a few weeks since, during a heavy storm, the lightning ran in upon the wires and completely stunned him. A few days developed the horrible fact that his limbs were paralyzed, and his muscles almost totally deprived of action. The paralysis gradually extended over the body, until death ended his affliction.

tians. My third reason is the necessity of correcting the present policy of the Society, and elevating it to a more Scriptural standard. I do not propose to dwell upon this point. But let me say, in conclusion, that the purpose which was avowed two years ago, by a leading opposer of the present policy of this Society—and which was made the theme of rude derision—that if he would wage this battle to the end, and that, if he were called away before it was decided, he would bequeath it to those who should come after him, is strong to day and inextinguishable in the breasts of all who are associated together in this "irrepressible conflict." [Loud applause.] Sir, we are not enemies of the Tract Society. Heaven forbid! To us, Sir, as to you, it is consecrated by tender and sweet memories We know that it has done a great and good work in the past, and we trust it is destined to do a greater and better work in the future. [Applause.] While we have faith in God and in the future, we also believe that it occupies now a false position, where it is stripped of its moral power; and, God helping us, we will not rest until it has been redeemed and recovered. These resolutions may be voted down to-day, as the similar resolutions were voted down a year ago, and your Secretary, if he can find no better use for the sacred funds of your Society, may send out his circulars pronouncing an unfair and biased judgment upon our motives, and inflicting any stigmas he may see fit. But it shall not daunt or discourage us. The present and previous policy of this society cannot be enduring. It has no moral vigor. It has become weaker year by year. Each anniversary brings us nearer to the attainment of our end; and, in the meantime, we will labor on with courage, and patience, and hope, feeling as they "that watch for the morning;" and to-day, in this commercial city, in this center and confluence of a chilling conservatism, I stand in the presence of an unsympathising majority, sustained and cheered by the words of my early teacher: "Have faith in truth, never in numbers." The great surge of numbers rolls up noisily and imposingly, but flats out upon the shore and slides back unto the sands of oblivion. But a true opinion is the ocean itself; calm in its rest, eternal in its power, and though the night come down to vail it for a time, it is still there, beating on with the same victorious pulse and waiting for the day. [Loud and prolonged applause.]

[From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.]

A Protestant Hierarchy.

Our attention has been called by the proceedings of the Methodist General Conference, now in session in this city, to something of an anomaly in Protestant institutions. Our readers cannot have failed to notice in the reported proceedings of this body, that a large number of memorials have been presented referring to the subject of a lay delegation. The government of the church is now a pure hierarchy, the entire management of all its temporal as well as its spiritual affairs, being in the hands of the clergy, where it has remained ever since its organization. For several years the question of having a lay representation has been agitated, but thus far the reform demanded has been successfully resisted. The pressure, however, at the present moment, is so great that the Bishops in their recent quadrennial address found it necessary to concede the principle, but urged that in case of its adoption the representation should consist of a separate body, after the manner of the House of Delegates of the Episcopal church.

"There is no doubt that in this connection there is a serious defect in the temporal economy of the Church which should be corrected. There is a force in the arguments of those in favor of the change, which the present rulers will do well to heed, lest the defect complained of should become hopelessly confirmed by age, and lead to still more serious difficulties hereafter. It is urged that the present system is purely an anomaly in Protestantism, the more singular because existing in the very midst of Republican institutions; that it received its present singular form during the transition period of our country from colonial dependence to national freedom; that the system was established under the direction and according to the ideas of the English hierarchies; that in any point of view it is not the best form of church government; and that in order to render the system complete there should be added a lay representation in order to "check, balance and control" the present clerical preponderance.

During the infancy of the Church the Hierarchial system passed without criticism; but now that it has become the absolute ruler of thousands, and the arbiter in sentiment of millions of intelligent human beings, it is a subject of painful interest, as well as of ill-defined and positive fear. The interests of the Church, the spirit of the age, and the loudly expressed wishes of those who form the very basis upon which the structure rests, demand a change; and it appears to us that our Methodist brethren will do well to listen to this demand with a favorable ear rather than allow the agitation to go on until it assumes proportions dangerous to the peace and prosperity of the Church.

—Four fiends in human shape went to the dwelling house of Mr. J. S. Riday, Oxford, Pa., Sunday, for the purpose of stealing money. The only person present was Mrs. Riday, who was seized, tied hands and feet, gagged and partially thrust into the stove. While the woman was thus struggling and unable to make any alarm, the fiends placed a hot iron from the stove upon her breast, and told her that they had come for money which they had missed on a previous visit, and threatened to kill her, at the same time brandishing a knife and cutting off some of her hair. Just at this moment a colored man approached the house, when they took the alarm and rode off. Mrs. Riday is said to be considerably burned from the hot iron upon her bare breast, and from this and other injuries as well as fright received at the time, and being rather a delicate woman, has since been lying in a critical condition.

Yancey, the leader of the Secessionists, is a native of Troy, N. Y. His mother subsequently married the Rev. Dr. Beman of Troy, and the queer freaks as told of that lady would fill a volume. Yancey was sent to Williams College, but no college could hold him, and the Faculty were glad to get rid of him. Yancey, in South Carolina, shot his uncle dead, and was imprisoned for the act fifteen months, and then was sent to Congress, where he fought a bloodless duel with Mr. Clingman.

—It is a curious coincidence to the death of ex Governor Robinson at Charleston, that in 1840 the Vermont delegation to the Democratic National Convention lost their Chairman, F. W. Billings, by death in the same manner.

—A gentleman from Delaware, well informed on the subject, says the prospect for peaches in that State this year is very gloomy. Peach-growers will not realize more than half a crop.

tion of her lungs, however, showed the usual thickening of the external tissue and a general progressive state of the disease.

The next case was that of a heifer, which a week ago was pronounced perfectly sound. Yesterday the sounding test showed her to be diseased, and the subsequent examination revealed enlargement and discoloration.

The last herd visited yesterday was that of Roland Doane, where a condemned cow and an ox, with the chronic form of the disease, were slaughtered.

MEETING AT THE TOWN HALL.

At half past seven o'clock there was a meeting at the Town Hall of citizens and visitors. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Freeman Walker.

Rev. C. C. Sewall, member of the Board of Agriculture, was chosen to preside, and upon taking the chair addressed the meeting upon the alarming character of the disease. He was informed that a large portion of the cattle of North Brookfield were doomed, and that it was extending beyond the town limits. The influence of the warm weather was found to be intensifying the disease, and the only remedy was in the death of every exposed animal. He hoped the Commissioners would be sustained morally and pecuniarily in their arduous duties, which they were performing with so much credit to themselves. They were actuated by the highest sense of duty, and the charges heard against them were unfounded and unjust. The disease had already effected the Boston and Brighton market. At the conclusion of the remarks of Mr. Sewell, Hiram Knight was chosen Secretary.

The Chairman then reminded the meeting that this disease might extend throughout the United States, and that farmers in the West were already alarmed. In Europe, within the last century, about 100,000,000 of cattle had been destroyed by the disease, and it was only kept in check by the aid of government.

Mr. Peters, of the Board of Agriculture, expressed his horror at the extent and nature of the disease. He said the Commissioners had to make bricks without straw. They had only $10,000 when they should have had $100,000. The disease seemed to be more malignant than in Europe. Every farmer in the Commonwealth worth a thousand dollars should subscribe a hundred dollars towards the guaranty fund. He alluded to the affecting condition of the farmers of North Brookfield, and said it oppressed him with sadness to see the destruction of so many fine cattle, and the consequent stagnation of business. The foreign population of the West were already alarmed at the appearance of the dreaded scourge in this country, and would already sell their herds for a small sum.

Dr. Burnett of Southboro' thought it a very encouraging feature that every case of the disease which had manifested itself thus far had been traced to one source. He was surprised that all the agricultural societies in the State were not represented here to-day.

Dr. Dadd said that Mr. Peters and Dr. Burnett had not only made eloquent appeals, but had backed up their words by subscriptions of $1,000 and $500 respectively. He said the change of the weather had changed the appearance of the disease. Increased respiration had made the disease more inflammatory than hitherto, and the lungs had become enlarged and extended. So far as the present is concerned, it seemed to be a milder type, but he thought the large tumors would soon appear in natural course.

Freeman Walker said the people of North Brookfield largely depended upon the gentlemen from abroad to make a just statement of their condition, so that the great public would form just conclusions and come to their relief.

Prof. Clark of Amherst said that before to-day he had little idea of the extent and character of the disease. He was convinced that something must be done at once to sustain the Commissioners in their manly efforts.

Prof. Clark concluded by proposing the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, the terrible cattle disease, or pleuro pneumonia, is now raging with alarming effect in North Brookfield and vicinity, and threatens to spread rapidly over the State and country; and

WHEREAS, It has been duly demonstrated beyond a doubt that the disease is so eminently contagious, that in every herd containing a single infected animal the others almost invariably become diseased; and

WHEREAS, The disease is intermittent and insidious in its character, often assuming a low and chronic form, and producing little if any perceptible effect for months upon the general health of the animal, and at other times developing itself with great rapidity; and

WHEREAS, Notwithstanding apparent cures have been effected for a time, it is almost invariably fatal; and

WHEREAS, In Europe, after an experience of two hundred years, the indiscriminate slaughter of all affected animals is the usual method relied upon for arresting the progress of this terrific scourge; and

WHEREAS, The approach of the warm season appears to hasten the development of the disease in animals which have long been affected by it in its chronic form; and the distribution of the cattle in the pastures will soon render it utterly impossible to prevent the universal spread of the disease; and

WHEREAS, Not less than 1,000 head of cattle have already been discovered by the Commissioners which have been so exposed that they have either become manifestly diseased, or are likely to do so; and

WHEREAS, The sum of $10,000, appropriated by the last Legislature for the suppression of this disease, is obviously entirely insufficient for the purpose, and the Commissioners are not authorized to incur expenses exceeding that amount, therefore,

Resolved, That a guaranty fund of at least $60,000 ought to be subscribed at once by the people of the Commonwealth to enable the Commissioners to prosecute their labors. The fund to be called for only in case the next Legislature refuse to make the necessary appropriation.

Resolved, That subscription papers for the guaranty fund should immediately be circulated in all parts of the Commonwealth, that those persons who desire to secure the extirpation of the disease, which is still believed feasible, may have an opportunity to do so.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

The whole number of cattle condemned by the Commissioners is about 380, and the number slaughtered about 400. It is believed that about three-fourths of all the stock in North Brookfield have been exposed to the contagion. The infected district is contained within a radius of only about three miles, but includes most of the principal stock farms of the town. This region presents a sad and desolate appearance indeed. Scarcely an animal is to be seen in the

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MATTRESSES, BEDDING.
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Eliptic Spring Bed,
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We would invite the attention of the Trade to a large variety of COMMON FURNITURE.
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☞ This Store, located at the terminus of the three principal Horse Railroads, is one of the most accessible points in the city. m9c800-2m

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NEAR LAKE STREET.

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WITHOUT KEY OR KEYHOLE.
We Invite Bankers to Examine our Stock.
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ap27 T. B. CARTER, 136 Lake st.

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SYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS,
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CULTIVATORS, &c., &c,
No Old Rusty Goods in this Stock.
All new and in prime order; just the kind required by every good dealer, and for sale to the trade on favorable terms.
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my12 c322-1m [Under Tremont House.]

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
—AT—
121 LAKE STREET.
The subscribers would inform the citizens of Chicago and vicinity that they have a very large and superb stock of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Doeskins and Vestings,
Of the latest styles, which they will make up in the most approved manner, and warrant to give satisfaction. We have, also, a superior lot of
FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Of the very best and latest styles. Also,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Of every description, all of which we will offer to the public cheap, and solicit a share of their patronage. Call and examine at
SMITH & PRINDLE'S,
121..........Lake Street..........121
m10c805 1m

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!
L. & J. WUNDERLE,
Have removed their MERCHANT TAILOR STORE from No. 209 Randolph street
To the Store under the Briggs House,
CORNER OF RANDOLPH & WELLS
my5c284-3t

STANTON,
With the Largest Stock of
Fine, Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
Has Removed to
No. 48 CLARK STREET. No. 48
NEAR LAKE STREET

Wilton, Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels,
Ingrain, Body Brussels, Tapestry Ingrain, Stair,
and other
CARPETINGS!
RUGS, MATS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS.
CURTAIN GOODS,
WINDOW SHADES, & TRIMMINGS.
SHEETINGS, TOWELS, PILLOW CASINGS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, QUILTS, MATTRESSES, BLANKETS, LOUNGES, PILLOWS,
And every description of
HOUSE FURNISHING
AND
UPHOLSTERING GOODS.
Prime Live Geese Feathers.
ETC., ETC., ETC.
HOLLISTER & WILKINS,
135 and 137 Lake Street, Chicago.
ap4b286 3m

Strangers and Citizens!

FOR	FOR	FOR
STEEL Slides.	CARD CASES In Pearl.	BRUSHES Hair.
STEEL Buckles.	CARD CASES In Shell.	BRUSHES Cloth.
STEEL Clasps.	CARD CASES In Silver.	BRUSHES Tooth.
STEEL Bracelets.	CARD CASES In Ivory.	BRUSHES Flesh.
STEEL Combs.	CARD CASES Pearl Carved.	BRUSHES Hat.
STEEL Purses.	CARD CASES Inlaid in Silver,	BRUSHES Nail.
STEEL Ornaments,	CARD CASES Inlaid in Gold,	BRUSHES Whisker.
STEEL Shawl Pins.	CARD CASES All kinds,	BRUSHES All kinds,
AT	AT	AT

JOHN D. PARK'S,
124...Lake Street...124

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!
George McKeand
Has removed his
Merchant Tailoring Establishm't
—TO—
46 SOUTH CLARK-ST.,
Where he will, as before, keep the fullest and best assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,
FURNISHING GOODS, Etc.,
To be found in Chicago. The greater part of his stock is of his own
DIRECT IMPORTATION,
Thus enabling him to offer his customers the best and most fashionable styles
At the Lowest Prices.
mh27-b875 2m GEO. McKEAND, 46 South Clark street, Chicago.

BURWELL & WYANT—
Dealers in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
DEARBORN STREET,
No. 8 Tremont Block, Chicago,
Are now in receipt of a very Choice Selection of
SPRING STYLES AND NOVELTIES,
In Their Line.
Shirts made to order from measure, and warranted to fit and give Satisfaction.
AGENTS FOR THE
Golden Hill Shirts.
mh31-b961 2m

STANTON,
With the Largest Stock of
Fine, Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
Has Removed to
No. 48 CLARK STREET. No.
NEAR LAKE STREET.

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.—

By Squire Jones.

Jolly times at our house, all the Children well;
Thought that worms would kill 'em, thought so for a spell.
Didn't think so afterwards, when I up and tried
Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge, 'twas the worms that died!

Put up Bottles, price 2½ dimes. Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street. my8xlm

Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; which many persons suppose to be the real title of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.

To protect the public from such impositions, we have ALL our Corks Branded thus:

CONGRESS
C. W.
WATER.

Any one not having those words and letters on the Corks, are counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the seller for swindling.

Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us at Congress Spring, Saratoga, New York, or at our Southern Depot of Congress Water in New York city.

CLARKE & WHITE,
Proprietors Congress Springs.

Messrs. Gage, Bro. & Drake, Tremont House; Gale Bros. J. H. Reed & Co.; Fenton, Robinson & Smith; F. A. Bryan, Esq; W. F. Tucker & Co., of Chicago, Illinois, are supplied with the genuine Congress Water direct from our house; and we would recommend them favorably to persons in Chicago, or vicinity, who desire to purchase GENUINE Congress Water. CLARKE & WHITE.
my7o71 4m

Dr. McClintock's Cough and Cold Mixture consists of a variety of vegetable specifics for pulmonary irritation, combined in one infallible antidote, by a physician acknowledged, by his professional brethren, to have "no superior." It dissipates immediately the most distressing symptoms of Cold, Cough, or Sore Throat, and removes it entirely in an incredibly short time. Price 25c. Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street. my8-1m

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Asthma Remedy,—Prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, containing no narcotic, and acting upon the pulmonary organs as a soothing, anti-inflammatory, and yet invigorating agent, this preparation is the only uniform, certain and safe specific for acute and chronic asthma and whooping cough. Price 50 cents. Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street. my8-1m

B. W. B.—Bourbon Whisky BITTERS.

These popular BITTERS possess all the nourishing and invigorating properties of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY, and are considered the most efficacious Tonic and STIMULANT, as well as the most agreeable STOMACHIC ever offered to the public. As a Tonic for Old People, delicate Ladies, convalescent Invalids, and all weakly people, they cannot be surpassed; in all cases of Weakness or Debility, they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits over all other Tonics now in use. For LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, they are an invaluable Remedy; and are a certain preventive of CHILLS and FEVERS.

Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

POLLARD & CO., Agents for the United States, 26 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

J. H. JOHNSON, General Agent,
No. 70 State street, Chicago.
R. R. LANDON, Agent. ap27'60-dawly

Heal the Sick.—Diseases of the Bowels and Stomach are always caused by large deposits of hurtful matter, left by bad or impure blood in those important organs, and the poisonous material in this vitiated blood, acting on the system, makes it too weak to throw off this matter by the natural channels, or if any is carried off it is a very small portion. So arise diarrhœa and dysentery, colic, costiveness, bad breath, indigestion, nausea, loss of appetite, belching of wind off the stomach, etc. To cure all these "the blood is the life," and must be perfectly pure and clean, then you cannot be sick. A short use of JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS will delight you. You will feel with surprise their mighty power, and be willing to say with the red man of the west, truly they are the "mighty healer."
Sold by all Medicine Dealers. ap16-1m.

Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Obswaldt (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street, and examine these various productions of art. No scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head.
de3-ly

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. mh14b-o88m

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 10, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I deem due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours A. C. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and

Business Cards,

S. K. DOW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office No. 1, Methodist Block,
Corner Clark and Washington streets, Chicago, Illinois
my7'60 ly

MELVILLE W. FULLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
No. 1 Methodist Block,
Southeast corner Clark and Washington-sts. my4c249-3m

WOODWARD, LULL & ABBOTT, *ATTORNEYS AT LAW.*
Corner of Washington and Clark-sts.
WM. G. WOODWARD. O. R. W. LULL. A. R. ABBOTT.
ap18xlm

STARK & ISHAM,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Room 4—80 Dearborn Street,
Chicago, Illinois.
JAS. L. STARK, JR......ap20c127-8m........EDW. S. ISHAM.

STILES & DEAN,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Room No. 11, Dickey's Building, corner Lake and Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

S. & D. will attend to all business pertaining to their profession, in the several Courts of the City and County.

THEY REFER TO Duggett, Bassett & Hills, M. D. Gilmore & Co., Joseph B. Doggett, Esq., Savage, Keith & Co., Jas. Lorman, Esq., Hodges & Co., J. M. Marshall, Esq., Chicago, Ill.; Hon. A. Underwood, Wells River, Vt.; Vose Brothers, New Orleans, La.; Nathaniel Harris, Esq., Pres. Atlantic Bank, Boston, Mass.; Henry D. Bassett, Esq., Boston, Mass.; Fishers & Chapin, do.; Potter, Nute, White & Bayley, do.; Wm. Reed Dean, Esq. do.
B. B. STILES. [ap16'60-ly] WM. ROSCOE DEANE.

MAXWELL & DART,
BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS,
No. 50 Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Business paper and loans negotiated. Advances made on Stock Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission. All orders promptly attended to.

The proceeds of all Stocks or Bonds sent to us for sale will be remitted for by return mail. mh24-ly c579

CRAWFORD, SHARP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS in Crockery, Glass and China Table Cutlery, Looking Glasses, Castors and Britannia Ware. No. 105 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. mh27.68-ly

H. C. KELLY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY,
Office No. 42 Clark street, Room No. 3, (up-stairs.)
fe24'60 ly Chicago, Illinois.

KNOX, EUSTACE & REED,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
NO. 130 CLARK STREET,
Between Washington and Madison, Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH KNOX. JOHN V. EUSTACE. CHAS. H. REED.
[de28 '59-ly]

F. H. & J. W. BOYDEN,
LAW OFFICE,
126......CLARK STREET, NEAR THE COURT HOUSE......126
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Agents to negotiate loans on Real Estate Security.
FITZ H. BOYDEN.........no22x6m........JAMES W. BOYDEN.

SPIES & BURT,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 75 Chestnut, North Side,
Between Third and Fourth streets, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. B. is Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for every State in the Union.
References in Chicago—Scripps & Bross.
FREDERICK SPIES. [j31-ly-v185] CALVIN C. BURT

Money and Exchange

MONEY TO LOAN.

Exchange on all parts of the World BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Money Loaned on Warehouse Receipts.
Mortgages and other Securities for short or long dates.
Drafts on all the principal cities in the world purchased and sold.
Advances made on consignments of produce from the interior, also on shipments to Eastern markets.
CLEGHORN, LECKIE & CO.,
Commission Merchants, 18 South Lasalle-st.,
ap18c1lt 6m Over the Custom House.

FOR MONEY TO LOAN
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITIES APPLY TO
ERNST PRUSSING,
DEALER IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
MONEY AND REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Agent for the British Commercial Life Ins. Co., and Notary Public.
NO. 8............LARMON BLOCK.............NO. 8
no14-ly N. E. cor. of Clark & Washington sts.

AIKEN & NORTON,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
Corner Clark and Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
ja7-ly

TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On New York.
Drafts, Acceptances, and Notes paid in New York on the day of maturity, or last day of grace, and money deposited for account in the city of New York, and sent to cities in the vicinity of New York, on telegraphic orders.
ap18 ly c955 EMERY COBB, Telegraph Office.

Co-Partnership Notices.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WRIGHT, GILLETT & RAWSON, expires this day by its limitation, and by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by John B. Wright and Levi Rawson.
JOHN B. WRIGHT,
JOHNATHAN GILLETT,
New York, March 31, 1860. LEVI RAWSON.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership under the name and style of WRIGHT & RAWSON, for the transaction of a Western Produce Commission Business as successors of Wright, Gillett & Rawson, at No. 1 Front street.
JOHN B. WRIGHT,
New York, March 31, 1860. LEVI RAWSON.

Sewing Machines.

SEWING MACHINES.
$25 $35 AND $40.
L. CORNELL & CO'S NEW AND IMPROVED
Double Lock, Tight, Fast Stitch.

WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Machines; are large, 9x4 inches under the arm, set flat in the table, have the under feed, straight needle, sew from two common spools, do the coarsest and finest work, 89 stitches to the inch. RUN VERY EASY AND ALMOST NOISELESS, and are neatly finished. Either Machine will

Stitch, Hem, Fell Tuck, Gather and Embroider.

They have taken the HIGHEST PREMIUM at several Fairs. The $25 Machine, (Young's Patent) is equal in capacity to the $100 machines. Turns back on hinges without unbanding runs with high speed and very still. Made in Chicago. The $35 one (Taggart & Farr's patent) is larger

Press & Tribune.

MONDAY, MAY 14, 1860.

Details of Foreign News.

We have received the City of Washington's paper to the 25th ult.—our telegraphic advices being four days later—and we make the following extracts:

THE UNION BANK CASE.

The Union Bank of London has made a report respecting the enormous frauds committed by the chief cashier, Mr. Pullinger, from which we take the following:

"It is with deep regret that the directors have to communicate to the proprietors that they have discovered very large frauds committed by their late chief cashier, Wm. Geo. Pullinger, and, with as little delay as possible, they lay before the proprietors a statement of the facts, and submit the course which, upon a careful consideration of the circumstances they recommend for meeting the loss which has been sustained. William George Pullinger was appointed a cashier of this bank in April, 1839, having previously held a similar situation in the banking house of Sir Claude Scott & Co., and after sixteen years of most efficient, zealous, and it is still believed faithful service in subordinate capacities, was about five years ago raised to the situation of chief cashier, and such was the confidence reposed in him by the directors and manager and their satisfaction with the manner in which he discharged his duties, that about three months since they voluntarily raised his salary to £600 per annum.

His duties as chief cashier were to superintend the other cashiers, to procure checks for money, to keep their tills supplied, and it devolved on him to pay all checks, gold and silver coin, bank notes, &c., which were not required for the purposes of this bank, to the Bank of England, accompanied by a docket specifying the particulars of each payment, and by the "pass book" of the Bank of England, which was necessarily in his official charge, and an account of these payments was also furnished by Pullinger to the principal ledger-keeper; in the ordinary course of business Pullinger daily sent a junior clerk for the pass book, which contained the acknowledgment by the Bank of England of the cash paid in, and it was the duty of Pullinger to deliver the pass book to the ledger-keeper, whose duty it would then become to check the entries in it against the Bank of England by the items in his ledger. The ledger keeper, on finding his account tally with the pass book, would report the Bank of England balance to the accountant, to be posted in the general ledger, when any error in the Bank of England balance would disturb the general balance of the day, and become the subject of investigation.

On Thursday last, the 19th inst., in consequence of some information, application was made to the Bank of England for their statement of the balance of this band, when a deficit of no less than £263,070, was discovered. Pullinger, who was absent at the time attending a funeral of a relative, was immediately followed by a director and the manager, and brought back, when he at once confessed that, from losses on the Stock Exchange, he had from time to time since his appointment as chief cashier, abstracted large sums from the charges taken to the Bank of England, which he had concealed from the ledger keeper by exhibiting to him a fabricated pass book, in which the balance agreed with what it appeared in the accountant's general ledger. He was then given into custody.

It may be proper to state here that the supposed balance at the Bank of England was £559,706, while the certified balance was £806,636; exhibiting the deficit of £263,070."

THE FRENCH EMPEROR.

The Liverpool *Mercury* says:

"There was a rumor in London at the end of last week, that the Emperor of the French has had a slight touch of apolexy. That the Emperor has, during the last twelve months, at all events, had enough of care and anxiety to produce such a result is likely enough; but whether the statement be true or founded only on probability, we shall perhaps hear no more about it, as the Emperor dislikes his little ailments to be talked about, and such an attack as the one reported is pretty sure to be hushed up at the present critical moment in the affairs of France."

VICTOR EMANUEL IN TUSCANY.

King Victor Emanuel's reception in Tuscany was of the most flattering character. A writer says:

"More than 60,000 strangers entered Florence on the day that the King made his entrance into the city. Not only were the streets and houses crowded with spectators, but towering amphitheatres were erected for their accommodation; and Tuscan and Turin artists exhausted their skill in the decoration of the city. Through the thronged streets, with their tall platform, tapestried houses, and bannered balconies, filled with Florentine beauties—past innumerable mottoes, devices, inscriptions, garlands, and masses of flowers, and even amidst showers of beautiful flowers, the King passed on, the ever-rising roar of welcome blending with continual music, until he came to the cathedral, which he and his splendid suite entered. The vast and gloomy pile was brilliant with myriads of tapers, and the Archbishop of Florence intoned the *Te Deum*, thus thanking Heaven for bringing thither the monarch whom the Pope has excommunicated. At the Pitti Palace the King received the Senators and Deputies, the Council of State, the directors of the ministerial sections, the heads of departments, the judges, and finally the mayors of the Florentine district, and expressed to all his keen satisfaction at the reception he had met with, thanked them for the assiduous co-operation lent in the settlement of Italian matters, and recommended, above all things, union and confidence, as the sole means of strengthening and enlarging the new edifice of Italian liberty. Meanwhile the people and the National Guard, who filled the vast area of the piazza Pitti, raised unanimous and rapturous shouts in honour of Victor Emanuel, who appeared at the balcony and thanked the multitude. The crowd then dispersed, but not without having first loudly cheered Count Cavour, who was coming out from the palace. At six there was a banquet for about sixty guests, and at night the city was illuminated, and an exhibition of fire-works took place on the Carrara Bridge."

ROYAL IMBECILITY.

Miscellaneous.

L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED HAIR INVIGORATOR

An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound

For restoring Gray Hair to its original color, without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

For preventing Baldness, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality of recuperative energy remaining.

For curing Scurf and Dandruff, and all Cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

For Beautifying the Hair; imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture, and causing it to curl readily.

Price per Large Bottle, only 25 Cents.

General Depot, No. 56 Dey street, New York.
Western Depot, No. 302 State street, Chicago.
S. T. HINCKLEY, Western Agent,
ap26-c198 1m

PUZZLE!

PERHAPSEVERYONE
WHOISPASSINGNEARTHECORNEROFLAKE
ANDCLARKSTREETSISNOTAWARETHATAT
PARKSNO124LAKESTREETTHEREISANELEGANTL
YFITTEDUPESTABLISHMENTFITTEDWITH
EVERYVARIETYOFTHEFINESTTOILETAND
FANCYGOODSINTHEWESTERNMARKETTH
EREISNOPLACEINTHECITYWHERESUCHA
FINEDISPLAYOFRICHGOODSMAYBESEENA
TTHEAFORESAIDBAZAAROFFANCYWEHAV
EBEENSHOWNTHROUGHTHEHOUSEANDTHE
SYSTEMOFDOINGBUSINESSHASBEENDEM
ONSTRATEDINSUCHASATISFACTORYMANN
ERTHATWECANNOTREFRAINFROMGIVING
PUBLICNOTICETOSTRANGERSANDCITIZENS
THATTHEBAZAARISTHEPLACETOFINDAN
ENDLESSVARIETYOFFINETOILETARTICLE
SFANCYGOODSPATENTMEDICINESPERFUM
ERYETCETC.

SOLUTION.

Perhaps every one who is passing near the corner of Lake and Clark streets, is not aware that at PARK'S, NO. 124 LAKE STREET, there is an elegantly fitted up establishment, fitted with every variety of the finest Toilet and Fancy Goods in the Western Market. There is no place in the city, where such a fine display of rich goods may be seen as at the aforesaid "BAZAAR OF FANCY." We have been shown through the House, and the system of doing business has been demonstrated in such a satisfactory manner that we cannot refrain from giving public notice to strangers and citizens that the "BAZAAR" is the place to find an endless variety of fine Toilet articles, Fancy Goods, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, etc., etc.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Machine Belting,

RUBBER, LEATHER AND COTTON DUCK; CONDUCTING, STEAM & ENGINE HOSE; FIRE BUCKETS, GASKETS, TUBING, RUBBER & HEMP PACKING, LACE LEATHER, BELT HOOKS AND CLASPS.

Rubber Clothing, Boots & Shoes,

Of all kinds.

Rubber Gloves, Horse and Wagon Covers, Camp Blankets, Carriage and Nursery Cloths, Life Preservers, Piano Covers, Air Beds, Pillows and Cushions, Druggist's Articles, Toys, Combs and every variety of Rubber Goods, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. JOHN B. IDESON & CO.,
Agents for the Manufacturers,
mh15b807 8m 21 Dearborn street.

NORTON, ROBB & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES AND FISH,
And General Commission Merchants,
No. 16 River street, Chicago, Ill.
HORACE NORTON, CHAS. ROBB. H. E. NORTON.
ap27-c202-6m

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the business of other Life Companies. From the Comptroller's Report for 1856, and Reports of Companies filed for 1857.

1857 Policies.		New Policies issued within the year 1856.	1856.	1857.
1004	United States Life	1,277	for $2,766,680	$2,557,900
711	New York Life	703	2,344,010	2,615,102
582	New England	666	2,273,800	1,873,025
720	Manhattan	683	1,942,500	2,350,000
611	Connecticut	687	1,585,550	1,310,810
521	Mutual Benefit	481	1,510,140	1,969,650
	Albion	427	1,045,827	

The assets of this Company exceed $700,000.
The Annual Income exceeds $200,000. It is purely Mutual, and its dividends are paid in Cash.
Since its organization, it has issued 7,612 policies.
The large Capital safe investments and economical management, render its security beyond question.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President,
N. G. DE GROOT, Actuary. JOHN EADIE, Sec'y.

Applications for Agencies in the Northwest should be made to
ORREN E. MOORE, Gen'l Agent,
ap30 c216 8m Office 148½ South Water street.

Chicago Lead Works
Corner of Clinton and Fulton streets, West Side.
LEAD PIPE, BAR & SHEET LEAD,
Shot, White Lead,
Red Lead, and
Lytharge,
PIG LEAD, PUMPS AND HYDRAULIC RAMS.
Orders from the trade solicited. CASH paid for Old Lead and Flax Seed. P. O. Box 1526.
[fe6] E. W. BLATCHFORD.

HOUSEKEEPERS' EMPORIUM
NO. 47 STATE STREET,
Sign of the Golden Tea Kettle.
HOUSE-FURNISHING HARDWARE.
Planished Tin-Ware, Chafing Dishes, Japanned Tin-Ware, Toilet Sets, Bathing Apparatus, Bird Cages, &c.
Plain Tin-Ware of every Description.
Plain, Enameled and Tinned Hollow Ware for Stoves and Ranges, Stove and Range Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
WOODEN WARE IN GREAT VARIETY,
Willow Ware, Baskets, Door Mats, Brushes, Brooms, &c. Nearly every article required for Housekeepers, may be found at VAN SCHAACKS.
Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail when requested.
ap26-c193-1y

J. D. DECREET & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK.
PROPRIETORS OF
Fuller's Patent Portable Iron Fence,

Insurance.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.,
January 1st, 1860.

CASH CAPITAL	$400,000 00
SURPLUS	183,825 91
ASSETS.	
Cash on hand, and in Bank	$37,879 92
Cash in the hands of and due from Agents	34,131 38
Real Estate unencumbered	8,500 00
Loaned on Mortgages of Real Estate	85,200 00
Amount loaned on pledge of Bank Stock	46,850 00
Amount loaned otherwise secured	1,000 00
	Par Val. Mk't V.
50 Shares U. S. Trust Co's Stock New York	$5,000 $6,100
New York Bank Stock	135,100 140,763
Hartford " "	150,500 216,176
Waterbury " "	11,900 13,209
Stafford " Stafford	400 412
Holyoke Water P'r Co's Stocks,	10,000 10,355
New Britain Water Bonds,	10,000 10,100
Hartford City Bonds,	10,000 10,600
Col., Peq. and Ind. R. R. Bonds,	10,000 7,500
Accumulated interest on investments,	5,471
Total Assets	$582,825 91
Total Liabilities	**$40,704 53**

H. KELLOGG, Secretary.

HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
Corner of Clark and Water streets, Chicago.

Applications for Insurance, or the renewal of Policies and all business connected with the office, may be made to us, duly appointed Agents for the City of Chicago, with full power to receive proposals and issue Policies, on as favorable terms as other responsible Companies; and its aim will be to secure the confidence of the public by an honorable course of dealing.

M. MAGILL, General Agent, 81 and 83 West Third street, Cincinnati, O., to whom all applications for Agencies, in the Western or South Western States may be addressed.
ap2-60-1y

PARTICIPATION
Insurance Agency.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.
Are Agents for the following
First-Class Insurance Companies;
In the profits of three of which each Policy Holder Participates.

Home Insurance Company,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Capital and Surplus..................$222,000 00
Policy holders receive three-fourths of the nett profits.

Relief Fire Insurance Comp'y,
OF NEW YORK,
Capital and Surplus..................$268,652 00

Humboldt Fire Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK,
Capital and Surplus..................$240,048 00

Policy holders in either of the two above named Companies will receive a dividend to be issued from the home office upon the premium of such expired policy upon which there has been no loss, payable in scrip, applicable to payment of renewal.

City Fire Insurance Company,
OF NEW HAVEN, CT.
Capital and Surplus..................$320,653 00

Merchant's Insurance Comp'y,
OF HARTFORD,
Capital and Surplus..................$250,000 00

ALSO,

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Capital..................$3,370,000 00

We are offering Insurance to all the above named well known Companies on as favorable terms as can be offered by any responsible Companies.

L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
Over Chicago Bank, cor. Lake and Lasalle-sts.
np24c169-1m

NEW ENGLAND FIRE AND
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Assets Jan. 1, 1860..................$236,617 02
Insurance Against Loss by Fire.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago,
ly14-ly-c785 Cor. Clark and South Water streets

QUAKER CITY INS. COMP'Y,
PHILADELPHIA.
Capital and Surplus......$359,746.78.
OFFICERS.
GEO. H. HART, Pres't. H. R. COGGSHALL, Sec'y and Treasurer,
E. P. Ross, Vice Pres't. S. H. BUTLER, Asst. Sec'y.
Curtis L. North,
General Agent, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

DIRECTORS—George H. Hart, E. P. Ross, A. C. Cattell, Foster S. Perkins, E. W. Bailey, Andrew Chambers, H. R. Coggshall, Samuel Jones, M. D., Hon. H. M. Fuller.
mh16 '60 1y

HARTFORD FIRE INS. CO.—
JANUARY 1, 1860.
ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank	$38,338 11
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission	82,690 89
Cash loaned on call	80,000 00
Bills receivable for loans, amply secured	70,243 59
Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value)	15,000 00
3409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, Mk't Val.	350,353 00
2200 " " New York	200,325 00
980 " " Boston	107,665 00
400 " " St. Louis	40,800 00
340 " " R.R. and other Stock	16,750 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cents	35,800 00
State Stock, (Tenn., Ohio, Michigan, Mo.—6 per cents	56,663 00
20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin	2,140 00
Total Assets	$936,709 69
Total Liabilities	60,939 85

Insurance against loss or damage by fire on dwellings, furniture, stores, warehouses, merchandise, mills, manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of policy holders will admit.

HUNT & HIGGINSON, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
fe17b632tJel'60 S. W. Cor. South Water and Clark-sts

NEW YORK INSURANCE
AGENCY.
HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus.................$385,241 71
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus.................$330,000 00

Banking and Exchange.

EDW. I. TINKHAM & CO.,
Having returned to their old stand,
CORNER OF LAKE AND CLARK STREETS,
Will continue their business as
Bankers and Exchange Dealers.
Exchange on all parts of Europe.
EDWARD I. TINKHAM. [fe25,'60] JOHN G. AMBLER

HOFFMANN & GELPCKE,
BANKERS,
CHICAGO............................ILLINOIS.
44 & 46 LASALLE STREET.

Banking Department

Deposits received on Current Account from parties in city or country, and the usual accommodations granted to regular depositors and correspondents.
Interest on balances can only be allowed in cases where special agreements have been made to that effect.
We receive deposits, payable at a specified date, on which interest will be allowed.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

"Deposits, in sums not less than five dollars, received and Certificates of Deposits issued. Interest at six per cent. will be allowed on deposits of this description after the funds have remained in our hands a specified time. All certificates made payable on demand, and in like funds as deposited.

COLLECTION DEPARTMENT.

Collections in Chicago made and proceeds remitted on day of payment, less current premium on Exchange only. Collections solicited on all parts of the West, and proceeds remitted on favorable terms.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.

We draw Sight or Time Bills on the principal cities of the Union, available in any part of the United States or Canada, and have made arrangements by which we are enabled to order by Telegraph the payment of Notes, Acceptances, Accounts, &c., in New York.

STOCK DEPARTMENT.

We buy and sell on Commission either at Chicago, or through our Agents, at New York, State, City, County, Railway, &c., Bonds and Stock. Our connections in New York are such as to insure prompt and judicious attention to any order entrusted to our care.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Our business connections with Europe being DIRECT, VERY EXTENSIVE, and MOST INTIMATE, we feel safe in assuring the public that all foreign banking transactions can be effected through our house with promptness and efficacy, equal to any house in the Union. We issue Drafts and Letters of Credit in sums to suit at New York terms on our correspondents in London, Paris, Frankfort on the Main, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Leipzig, Cologne, Heidelberg, Bale, Berne, Dresden, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Being particularly desirous of promoting direct commercial intercourse between the West and Europe, we cheerfully, and on terms most favorable, extend particular facilities by opening credits, &c., &c., to responsible Western Importers. Collections of Drafts, Orders, Notes, Acceptances, Inheritances, &c., &c., payable in any part of Europe, made with promptness and dispatch.

Country Banks and Bankers supplied with Foreign Bills at low rates. Private Bonds and Mortgages negotiated abroad.

HOFFMANN & GELPCKE.
FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN... OTTO GELPCKE... ALEX E SILLER.

FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN,

Consul of the Grand Duchy of Saxe-Weimar, the Duchies of Brunswick and Saxe-Gotha, and the free city of Frankfort, and by special act of several States, authorized to act for former citizens of AUSTRIA, BADEN, BAVARIA, HANOVER, HESSIA, NASSAU, PRUSSIA, SAXONY, WIRTEMBERG, OLDENBERG, &c. ja27-cawly

EXCHANGE & DEPOSIT Bank
OF
WEARE, CARPENTER & CO.,
CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.
JOHN WEARE, C. D. CARPENTER, H. D. STIBBS
Refer to Am. Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Homans & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati; F. G. Adams, Chicago; Read, Drexel & Co., Bankers, New York. ja20c1t ly

L. C. BARBOR, Banking and Exchange office 42 Clark street. Exchange, Uncurrent Money, Gold and Silver bought and sold.
References—J. Young Scammon, President Marine Bank; F. G. Adams. fe12

SPENCER, VILA & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 13 Congress Street, Boston,
COMMERCIAL PAPER DISCOUNTED AND NEGOTIATED.
COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the NEW ENGLAND STATES.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.
Particular attention given to the sale of City and County Bonds and all Marketable Securities.
The correspondence of Banks and Bankers solicited.
REFERENCES IN BOSTON—J. Amory Davis, Esq., Prest. Suffolk Bank; Caleb Stetson, Esq., President Shoe and Leather Dealers Bank; G. W. Thayer, Esq., Prest. Exchange Bank; A. D. Hodges, Esq., Prest. Washington Bank. mb10b780 6m

BUDD & BALDWIN,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
CLINTON, - - - Iowa.
Special attention given to collections, and proceeds remitted on day of payment.
Refer to the Bank of the Commonwealth, N. Y.; Market Bank, N. Y.; Mechanic's Bank, New Haven, Conn.; C. A. Lombard, Esq., Boston; Allen, Copp & Nesbit, St. Louis; Cook & Sargent, Davenport, Iowa. no5-9ma78

A. C. OERTEL,
BANKER AND BROKER,
75 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
Sight and Time Drafts on New York and other principal cities bought and sold. Collections made on favorable terms. Sight Drafts on England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, Sweden, Norway, France, Holland and Germany in sums of $5 and upwards. ja11-b408-6m

BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC,
WISCONSIN.
S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier............A. G. BUTLER, Prest.
Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-ly

MARINE BANK,
CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE C
Capital **$500,000.**
B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.
Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. fe24

MARSHALL & DRURY,
EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, MOLINE, ILLINOIS.
DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.
Collections made and remitted at current rates.
REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros, Chicago, Ill.; Bockee, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co., St. Louis, Mo. re.1xl

EDWARD ELY,
WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,

Having just returned from New York, where he has been spending most of his time the past month, in making rich and tasteful selections of seasonable goods adapted to men's wear as also becoming thoroughly conversant with all the newest and most desirable modes of manufacturing the same, is prepared in

EVERY PARTICULAR

to cater to the taste of all who wish a Genteel Garment, combining utility with taste. Also deals largely in the best article of WHITE SHIRTS sold in this market, to which he invites the special attention of all who are in search of

JUST THAT THING.

We keep also every article in the line of Gents' Furnishing, from the collar to the sock, and paying especial attention to this Branch of our business, are always in readiness

Wholesale Houses

1860---H. W. HUNT & CO.---1860
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
Ready Made Clothing,
And Dealers in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Linens, Ducks, Tailor's Trimmings, &c., &c.
Goods at the Lowest Market Rates.
NOS. 33 & 35 LAKE STREET,
(UP-STAIRS.)

1860 - - - - - 1860
WOODEN WARE,
Willow Ware, Willows,
BROOM MAKER'S STOCK.
White, Stewart & White
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Brooms,	**Churns,**
Twines,	**Pails,**
Cordage,	**Matches,**
Mats,	**Pipes,**
Brushes,	**Measures,**
Tubs,	**Bowls,**

CHILDREN'S WILLOW WAGONS.
And every description of
House Furnishing Goods.
Which they offer unusually low for cash.
WHITE, STEWART & WHITE,
95 .. South Water-St., Chicago, .. 95
mh3b719 8m

Rawson & Bartlett,
MANUFACTURERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
BOOTS & SHOES.
25 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

We would respectfully call the attention of City and Country Merchants to our extensive stock of Boots and Shoes, which we have now in store, and are daily receiving from our Factory in West Boylston, Mass., which consists of a full assortment of those Celebrated Custom-Made Patna Kip, A Calf, and Grain Water Proof Boots; together with a full stock of all styles of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

of the best quality and manufacture which we are prepared to sell for CASH and prompt paying trade at Boston and New York Jobbing Prices.

We are Agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tip Boots and Shoes, of which we have a full stock.

WILLIAM BLAIR & CO.,
No. 176 Lake Street,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Hardware, Cutlery,
NAILS, TIN-PLATE, SHEET IRON, COPPER,
Zinc, Copper Bottoms, Block Tin.
—ALSO—
A full assortment of Tinner's Tools and Machines, Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, Rivets, Ears, etc.
se8-1v

G. H. & L. LAFLIN,
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
49 South Water Street,
Are now receiving their spring stock of Fine Papers and Eastern Book Papers, which they offer at low prices.
Printing paper of every size and best quality. oc7-b102

1860......SPRING TRADE......1860.
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.,
DRY GOODS JOBBERS,
42 & 44 Lake Street,
HAVE NOW IN STORE
A Very Large and Complete Stock,
Comprising the latest styles and most seasonable goods, which will be offered at New York jobbing prices, for cash or approved credit.

BOOTS & SHOES
At Wholesale,
42........LAKE STREET........44
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.,
Having large facilities and experience, have purchased an unusually
Large and Carefully Selected Stock,
Which will be offered at prices that shall defy competition East or West, and all goods warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HATS, CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
Umbrellas and Parasols.
42 & 44....Lake Street....42 & 44
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers,
Have in store a large and very complete stock, comprising the most recent styles, direct from the manufactures, all of which will be offered at prices that cannot fail to satisfy.
mh19-b343-8m

G. C. COOK & CO.,

Wholesale Houses.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
SHAWL BORDERS,
Corsets, Hosiery, Skirts, Gloves, Mitts,
Small Wares, Notions,
ZEPHYR WOOLS, &c.
Good assortment and prices LOW for CASH.
ADDISON GRAVES,
79..............LAKE STREET..............79

DRY GOODS!
J. M. STINE & CO.,
37 Lake street and 41 & 43 Wabash avenue,
(UP STAIRS,) have now in store, and will keep up throughout the season, a large and first-rate assortment of
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
Both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC,
Adapted to the Spring Trade.
Our superior facilities and low rents enable us to offer particular inducements to
Cash and Prompt Short Time Buyers.
Merchants who come here for a market, or to replenish a stock, will find it to their interest to favor us with an early call when in the city. mh10b776-3m

Anno Domini..............1860
Of American Independence.....84.

Spring Announcement.

PEAKE, MARSH & DE LONG,
30 LAKE STREET,
Continue their business in the manner they have conducted it during the last six years, offering at wholesale a large stock of.
Known Brands of Goods,
AT A SMALL ADVANCE.
OUR MOTTO, "LOW PRICES WIN,"
warranted by our purchasing from first hands, doing business on small expenses, and selling to a close prompt paying trade. To all such, we shall offer throughout the season a complete and unsurpassed stock of
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY AND NOTIONS,
On the most favorable terms. Good men are invited to examine our stock and prices. fe10 '60 ly

CASH JOBBING HOUSE.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
72...Lake Street...72
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
OF
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Yankee Notions, Pedler's Goods,
Crockery, China, and Glass Ware,
INVITE MERCHANTS
To examine the most attractive stock in Chicago
fe2'60 ly

IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO DEALERS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES.
The Celebrated Copper Toe!

BOSTON, March 22, 1860.
To Messrs. WADSWORTH & WELLS, Chicago, Ill.:
GENTLEMEN—To correct an error which appears to exist among some parties dealing in Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes, we hereby state that we claim no right whatever to deal in said goods within the States of Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota. The exclusive right to deal in said Tipped Boots and Shoes in the above States having been sold by the patentee before we purchased the invention and patent of him. Respectfully yours,
CHASE, McKINNEY & CO.

WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
60 . . Lake Street. . . 60

We own the exclusive right for the sale of
MITCHELLS PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES,
for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be direct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturer whereby we can fully supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped or labelled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States but such as are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes to out wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense is but a trifle more, making an actual average saving to the consumer of near two hundred per cent.

We also own the right (not exclusive) for the sale of these patented goods into all territory of the owners of the patent and are in no way subjected to a patent commission of five to seven and a half per cent. paid by all other dealers.

We particularly solicit the attention of dealers in these goods within the States of Illinois, Michigan and Indiana to our advantages under this patent, and the quality of our goods will be unsurpassed by any stock in the Union which we aim quality considered, to offer at competing prices with goods without Tips.

We shall give undivided attention to this branch of our business in connection with our general stock, and respectfully solicit orders for our goods and due respect for our rights.

That dealers may not be misled by the advertisements of others in Chicago and elsewhere, outside the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, who advertise themselves as agents for the sale of

MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED GOODS,

we state that all such agencies do not extend to or in any way whatever appertain to the sale of said goods within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota.
ap16b29 3m WADSWORTH & WELLS.

Legal Advertisements.

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss. Superior Court of Chicago. William Goldie, vs. Florence Mahoney, John D. Mahoney, and Charles J. Hull.—Petition for Mechanic's Lien.

Public notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1860, I, Ira Scott, as Master in Chancery of said Court, will on the seventh day of May A. D. 1860, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the North door of the Court House, in said County of Cook, the following described premises together with the building erected thereon, situated in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit: Lots numbered twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24) and twenty five (25), in C. J. Hull's subdivision of block fifty-two (52), in Canal Trustee's subdivision of section thirty three (33), in township forty (40) North of range fourteen (14), East of third principal meridian. IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, April 11th, 1860. ap11c79l.td

The above sale is postponed until the sixteenth day of May, 1860, at the same hour and place.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, May 7th, 1860. my8c/89 td

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, George A. Gibbs and Anna M. Gibbs, his wife, on the nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1854, executed and delivered to the undersigned Mark Skinner, their certain Deed of Trust of that date for the premises hereinafter described to secure the payment of ten thousand dollars, according to the tenor and effect of two certain bills of exchange mentioned and described in said deed of trust, and which said deed of trust was filed for record in the Recorder's Office in and for the County of Cook, in the State of Illinois, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1854, and was recorded in Book No. 81 of Deeds, on Page 170, &c., as is stated in the certificate of the Recorder duly endorsed on the back of said deed of trust; and, whereas, default has been made by the said George A. Gibbs to protect and pay the said bills of exchange to Wadsworth & Sheldon, the payees named in said bills of exchange or to the legal holders of said bills of exchange according to the terms of said deed of trust and of said bills of exchange, and the same still remain wholly due and unpaid: and, whereas, said deed of trust was revived, renewed and confirmed by a certain deed of conveyance made and executed by the said George A. Gibbs, together with Hiram A. Tucker and Ellen M. Tucker, his wife, to the said Mark Skinner, which said deed bears date the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1859, and was duly filed for record in the Recorder's Office in and for the County of Cook aforesaid, on the twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1859, and recorded in Book of Deeds No. 176, on Page 818, as appears by the Recorder's certificate endorsed on the back of said deed. And, whereas, the legal holders of said bills of exchange have made application to me to sell the premises mentioned in said deed of trust, and said deed of conveyance reviving and renewing the same as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, I, the said Mark Skinner, do hereby give notice that in pursuance of power vested in me by the aforesaid deeds, I will, on the twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1860, at twelve o'clock at noon of that day, sell at public auction, at the North door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property and premises, situate, lying and being in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, and known and designated as being the west thirty (30) acres of the north half of the east half of the northwest quarter of Section fifteen (15), in Town thirty-nine (39) North, in Range thirteen (13), east of the Third Principal Meridian, together with all the hereditaments, tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all benefit and equity of redemption of the grantors named in said deeds of conveyance as aforesaid.
ap24td MARK SKINNER, Trustee.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE,—The undersigned having been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of Elisha W. Tracy, deceased, late of Cook County, of the State of Illinois by the County Court of said County, hereby give notice that the first Monday of June next, at a term of said Court then to be held for the presentment and adjudication of all claims against said estate, at which time at the Court House in Chicago, all persons having any claims against said estate, are requested to present the same for adjustment.
SARAH ELIZABETH TRACY,
Administratrix.
Dated April 16th, 1860. ap26-c80-4w1t1e

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss—Cook County Circuit Court, In Chancery. John H. Kinzie vs. George C. Bates, Thomas Armstrong and James Averill.

Public Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of the mandate in a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 10th day of March, A. D. 1860, I, L. C. Paine Freer, on Master in Chancery of Cook County, State aforesaid, will, the twenty-second day of May, A.D. 1860, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, aforesaid, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all of the following described parcel of real estate, to wit: "All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in the City of Chicago, and usually called the 'Sand Bar,' being all that part of the north fraction of section No. ten (10), in township No. thirty-nine (39) north of range fourteen (14), east of the third principal meridian, which lies south of the piers constructed in the harbor of Chicago, and which is not included in the water lots of Kinzie's Addition to the said town of Chicago as the said water lots are laid out on the original plat or map of said Kinzie's Addition now on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of Cook, to which said original map or plat reference is hereby made" or as much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due to said complainant upon said decree with costs, &c. L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery, Cook County.
Chicago, May 2, 1860. ap10 c86 td

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a certain Trust Deed, executed to me, the undersigned, by John Fortmann and Catharine, his wife, dated the twenty-fifth day of August A. D. 1858, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, in Book 169 of Deeds, on Page 548, which said Trust Deed, was given for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note, of even date with said Trust Deed, for the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, executed by the said John Fortmann and payable to the order of Friedrich Reymann one year after date, with interest after date at ten per cent; default having been made in the payment of said note, and the holder of said note having applied to me for the sale of the premises in said Trust Deed described.

I shall, on Monday, the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1860, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., at the North door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, in said County of Cook offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the premises described in said Trust Deed, to wit: Lots numbered eleven (11) and twelve (12), in F. D. Owen's subdivision of Lots eighty four (84), eighty six (86), eighty-eight (88), ninety (90), and ninety two (92), in Butterfield's Addition to Chicago, in said City of Chicago, and all right and equity of redemption of the said John Fortmann and Catharine, his wife, therein.
A. F. C. MUELLER, Trustee.
Chicago, May 3d, 1860. my4 c201-td

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—The undersigned, assignees of Wetherell Brothers, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on

Tuesday, May 15th, A. D. 1860,

At the office of Sanford B. Perry, 101 Washington street Chicago, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M., of that day, all the estate now remaining in their hands as Assignees, consisting of Real Estate, Notes and Accounts, for the purpose of closing their trust. The Real Estate is situated as follows, viz:—

120 acres in Sec. 31, T. 7, Grant county, Wis.
2 lots in Eau Claire City, Dunn " "
1 lot, with 2 story frame building in Brodhead, Green county, Wisconsin.
679 acres Swamp Land Certificates, in Monroe county, Wis.
1 two story frame building, in Fulton City, Ill.
2 lots in Boyt's add. to St. Anthony, Minnesota.
3 " Oneck, Washington county, "
3 " Northfield, Rice " "
60 acres in Sec. 9, T. 111, Rice " "
1 lot in Chippewa, Todd " "
4 " Hampton, Dakota " "
2 " Lewiston " "
1 " Harden, Hardin " Iowa.
80 acres in Sec. 21, T. 94, Cerro Gordo county, Iowa.
40 " " " 15, T. 79, Pocahontas "

—ALSO—

One Gold Watch and Chain, and $102.00 of City of La Crosse Scrip, Wisconsin.

Full particulars will be given of location and condition of the property at or before the day of sale.
SANFORD B. PERRY, } Assignees.
JAS. M. WETHERELL, }
Chicago, May 2d 1860. my4c246-td

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—The executors of the Estate of J. Barber will offer for sale at Public Auction at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the 15th day of May next, the following lots and description of property, being part of said estate, to-wit:

LOTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

Sub Lot 1 of Lots 3, 4, 5 & 6,	Block 47	School Sec.	50x170ft		
" 4 "	3, 4, 5 & 6,	" 47	" "	40x100 ft	
" 5 "	1	" 25	" "	20x100 ft.	
" 4 "	2	" 49	Orig'l town,	80x 80 ft.	
E. 10 ft 8 "	2	" 49	" "	10x 80 ft.	
"	2	" 72	Sch'l Sec.	80x170 ft.	
	N. W. ¼	" 40	Carp'ts ad.	125x180 ft.	

Lot 12, block 45, School Sec., subject to redemption for

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 10, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I deem due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours A. C. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming grey, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Strangers and Citizens!

FOR	FOR	FOR
COMBS, In Shell.	POCKET BOOKS, In Morocco.	PURSES, In Buck.
COMBS, In Steel.	POCKET BOOKS, In Russia.	PURSES, Silk
COMBS, In Ivory.	POCKET BOOKS, In Calf.	PURSES, Velvet
COMBS, In Rubber.	POCKET BOOKS, With Clasps.	PURSES, Enameled
COMBS, In Gold.	POCKET BOOKS, With Bands.	PURSES, With Chain
COMBS, All Sizes.	POCKET BOOKS, All Styles	PURSES, All Sizes.
COMBS, All Kinds.	POCKET BOOKS, All Kinds.	PURSES All Kinds
GO TO	GO TO	GO TO

JOHN D. PARK'S,

124 . . . Lake Street . . . 124

BRUSHES!—BRUSHES!—

Brush Factory,

NO. 204........RANDOLPH STREET........NO.

We have a large assortment of Brushes at Wholesale & Retail, comprising a part:

PAINT, WHITE-WASH, VARNISH, SCRUB, SHOE, and HORSE BRUSHES, &c.,

Of good quality and workmanship, which we will sell at low prices for cash.

mh1-b704-2m GEO. E. GERTS & CO.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. The undersigned has now opened his new store at No. 395 State Street, There he sells and repairs all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and warrants them. Sign of

The Self-Moving Window Clock.

my8s1m ADOLPH OANDLER, 395 State-st.

NEW YORK DYE WORKS, WM. YERBURY, 157 S. Clark-st., between Madison and Monroe, Chicago. Dyer and Cleaner of all kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods. Also, Straw Bonnet Bleacher and Presser. Store and country work punctually attended to. ap27'60 1y

TO THE AFFLICTED—Dr. Wm. B. STANTON, formerly of Albany, N. Y., late of Jackson, Michigan, has permanently located in Chicago, for the practice of medicine. Office Southwest corner Randolph and State streets. Particular attention given to the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES.

REFERENCES—Prof. A. Curtis, M. D., Cincinnati, Ohio; J. D. Friend, M. D., New York; A. W. Russell, M. D., Albany, N. Y.; M. W. Hill, Buffalo, New York. mh17b826 3m

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY AND Printers' Warehouse, 60........WASHINGTON STREET........60 CHICAGO. The subscriber is prepared to furnish Type in large or small quantities, made from a superior quality of metal, for either cash or approved paper. He is also supplied with a large stock of Presses, Ink, Wood Type, and everything necessary for a complete printing office. A new specimen book is now ready for delivery, and will be sent to parties wishing to order on application. mh18b805 D. L. DODGE, Treasurer.

HOPE INSURANCE COMP'Y, OF PROVIDENCE, R. I. Cash Capital $150,000. All paid in and securely invested. This Company insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on the most favorable terms. Apply to HAVEN & HERRICK, Agents, 92 Lake street, Chicago. fe1'60 1y

GOOD BUILDING STONE For sale at the **Quarry of Reuben Taylor & Son,** Corner of Chicago avenue and Western Limits. ja14-1y

the vicinity of New York, on telegraphic orders. ap18 1y c955 EMERY CODD, Telegraph Office.

Co-Partnership Notices.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WRIGHT, GILLETT & RAWSON, expires this day by its limitation, and by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by John B. Wright and Levi Rawson. JOHN B. WRIGHT, JOHNATHAN GILLETT, New York, March 31, 1860. LEVI RAWSON.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership under the name and style of WRIGHT & RAWSON, for the transaction of a Western Produce Commission Business as successors of Wright, Gillett & Rawson, at No. 1 Front street. JOHN B. WRIGHT, New York, March 31, 1860. LEVI RAWSON.

Sewing Machines.

SEWING MACHINES. $25 $35 AND $40. L. CORNELL & CO'S NEW AND IMPROVED **Double Lock, Tight, Fast Stitch.**

WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Machines; are large, 9x4 inches under the arm, set flat in the table, have the under feed, straight needle, sew from two common spools, do the coarsest and finest work, 8 stitches to the inch. RUN VERY EASY AND ALMOST NOISELESS, and are neatly finished. Either Machine will Stitch, Hem, Fell Tuck, Gather and Embroider.

They have taken the HIGHEST PREMIUM at several Fairs. The $25 Machine, (Young's Patent) is equal in capacity to the $100 machines. Turns back on hinges without unbanding runs with high speed and very still. Made in Chicago. The $35 one (Taggart & Farr's patent) is larger stronger, and is giving great satisfaction. The $40 Manufacturing and Family Machine combined (Taggart & Farr's patent) is very large and convenient for sewing large garments, Quilting, &c.; also, will be capable of doing the finest Swiss Muslins. Either of these are easily learned from the printed directions.

Samples, Circulars and Cut sent on receipt of stamp.

We are sole agents here for the UNIVERSAL HEMMER AND GUAGE, adjusted to all thicknesses of cloth, and all widths of hem; will hem over seams and fells, and CAN BE EASILY ATTACHED TO ANY SEWING MACHINE. Price $5.

LARGE DISCOUNT TO AGENTS AND CLERGY.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Come and see us at 181 Lake street, or address N. CORNELL & CO. P. O. Box 3989 Chicago, Illinois. oc18

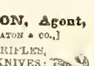
For Pike's Peak.

PIKE'S PEAK OUTFITS.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Colt's, Allen's, Sharpe's, and every variety of Revolver; Bowie Knives, Tents, Picks, Shovels, Pans, Gold Scales, Blankets, and all kinds of miner's tools; Powder, Shot, Caps, and ammunition generally. Agent for St. Louis Shot. Sole Agent for Hazard's Powder. ap2,y GEO. T. ABBEY, 186 Lake street.

FOR THE GOLD MINES.

CHAS. A. EATON, Agent, [SUCCESSOR TO D. EATON & CO.]



SHARP'S AND COLT'S RIFLES, COLT'S PISTOLS, BOWIE KNIVES; also, a large assortment of Target and other Rifles, Shot Guns, and other [illegible]aratus for a general outfit for the Mines, at 86 Lake st.

Plumbing.

GAS PIPE AND FIXTURES. **Brown & Wilder,** 47 & 49 State street, ... Up Stairs. CORNELIUS & BAKER'S, PHILADELPHIA, **Gas Fixtures.** The richest assortment in the city, comprising all Late Patterns. Pipe 40 per cent discount from list prices. Fitting 20 cents per pound. seln-1y-3847

R. D. McFARLANE'S **Gas, Steam Fitting** —AND— PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT, 54....LASALLE STREET, CHICAGO....54 —DEALER IN— Gas Fixtures and Iron Furniture, PRACTICAL PLUMBER And Manufacturer of ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.

TO THE TRADE. The trade supplied with tools and every article in the Gas Steam Fitting and Plumbing Business. Re-Gilding and Bronzing done to order. Manufactory 167 and 169 East Washington street. my26-1y

Dentists' Cards.

FULLER & ALBAUGH,— DENTISTS, 8.......WEST RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO.......8 Post Office Box 3629. J. O. FULLER..........[oc5-a507-1y].........WM. ALBAUGH.

W. W. ALLPORT DENTIST. Office and Residence, No. 89 Washington street.

DENTAL DEPOT IN CHICAGO. WESTERN BRANCH HOUSE OF JONES & WHITE, (S. R. BINGHAM, MANAGER,) 102 . . Randolph Street . . 102 Constantly furnishing every variety of Dental merchandise, including their unrivalled *PORCELAIN TEETH,* (awarded thirty "first premiums" in the United States and Europe,) Gold and Tin Foils Gold, Silver and Platinum Plate and wire, Operating Instruments Office Furniture, Lathes, Corundum Wheels, Rolling Mills, &c. Terms strictly cash. au4b'67 6m

A CARD.—The firm of John G. & J. Boker being dissolved by the death of JOHN G. BOKER, the affairs of the same will be liquidated by the undersigned, surviving partner. The sale of "Boker's Bitters" will be carried on exclusively by Mr. L. Funke, Jr., for account of whom it may concern. JOHN BOKER, New York, 24th April, 1860. L. FUNKE, JR.

"BOKER'S BITTERS," For more than thirty years, have stood unequaled and unrivaled NOTWITHSTANDING NUMEROUS IMITATIONS AND COUNTERFEITS—for their tonic and truly valuable medicinal properties in all cases of complaints connected with the Stomach or the Nervous System, as well as for their general usefulness as a most agreeable stimulant in the various pleasant compliances. In accordance with the testimonials of medical Faculties in Europe, they have also here been pronounced and acknowledged, by all who tried them, to be "THE BEST BITTERS EVER INTRODUCED" and it is confidently felt that they will maintain their reputation on their own unsurpassed merits. For sale by most of the prominent Grocers and Druggists, and, with a liberal discount to the trade, by the Agent, L. FUNKE, JR., my11-c311-3m No. 93 Front street, New York.

the thronged streets, with their tall platform, tapestried houses, and bannered balconies, filled with Florentine beauties—past innumerable mottoes, devices, inscriptions, garlands, and masses of flowers, and even amidst showers of beautiful flowers, the King passed on, the ever-rising roar of welcome blending with continual music, until he came to the cathedral, which he and his splendid suite entered. The vast and gloomy pile was brilliant with myriads of tapers, and the Archbishop of Florence intoned the *Te Deum*, thus thanking Heaven for bringing thither the monarch whom the Pope has excommunicated. At the Pitti Palace the King received the Senators and Deputies, the Council of State, the directors of the ministerial sections, the heads of departments, the judges, and finally the mayors of the Florentine district, and expressed to all his keen satisfaction at the reception he had met with, thanked them for the unanimous co-operation lent in the settlement of Italian matters, and recommended, above all things, union and confidence, as the sole means of strengthening and enlarging the new edifice of Italian liberty. Meanwhile the people and the National Guard, who filled the vast area of the piazza Pitti, raised unanimous and rapturous shouts in honor of Victor Emanuel, who appeared at the balcony and thanked the multitude. The crowd then dispersed, but not without having first loudly cheered Count Cavour, who was coming out from the palace. At six there was a banquet for about sixty guests, and at night the city was illuminated, and an exhibition of fire works took place on the Carrara Bridge."

ROYAL IMBECILITY.

We think no better answer could be found to the objections of Europeans to the American system of electing rulers than is contained in the following humiliating revelation concerning Grand Duke Charles husband of the Grand Duchess Stephanie of Baden, which is made by M. Eouard Simon in the *Revue Contemporaire*. We may sometimes elect men to office who are very far from being the wisest and best of their generation, but none of them can retain office long enough to perpetrate such idiotic freaks as the Grand Duke did, and if they were attempted, there is too little respect for magisterial sanctity to permit official fools gratify their whims at the expense of the public:

"at the Palace of Carlsruhe," says the article, "a whole series of apartments were found which the late Grand Duke had successively locked up, and which nobody had entered since. It had long been an old mania of his to lay by everything be received, no matter what, and no matter from whom. No one was ever allowed to touch these things; the Grand Duke himself abstained from doing so, without ever taking the slightest notice of any application for restitution. As soon as a room was sufficiently full, he would lock it up, taking out the key, and begin the same ceremony with another. When, after his death, these mysterious rooms were opened, they were found to be filled with an innumerable quantity of precious things, costumes, all kinds of trumpery down to children's playthings, recollections of childhood, and which the Prince had never used. Here a quantity of rouleaux of silver, labeled 'Captain's pay for H. H. Prince Charles,' and a vast quantity of twenty-kreutzer pieces (about fourteen cents), carefully wrapped up; there drawers filled with rouleaux of gold; then snuff-boxes of the greatest value, rings and other jewels, to the amount of more than a million in value. These treasures had laid dormant there for many years, and yet, a short time before his death, the Grand Duke had been pinched for money, which he could not get at a lower rate than sixteen per cent! Then there were books, cards, petitions, papers of all kinds, which were brought to light with the treasures; an immense quantity of sealed letters, dispatches which had been looked for in vain, and then thought to be lost! precious documents, the want of which had prevented the settlement of important affairs, and seriously endangered legitimate interests. Lastly, there were pieces of art, rich arms, offered for sale to the Prince a long time before, and which were found pell-mell with embroidered court dresses, masquerading costumes and laced hats. In many cases it was impossible to find out the owners of some of these articles, and then again things which had been paid for by the civil list, and never had made their appearance, were found here."

AMERICAN GIRLS AND THE POPE.

A letter from Rome of the 14th, in the *Monde*, says:

"The day before yesterday was one which afforded immense consolation to the Sovereign Pontiff. At an early hour in the morning His Holiness went to the Church of St. Agnes *extra muros*, to return thanks to God and the Immaculate Virgin for the extraordinary protection which had preserved his life and that of a numerous assembly on the 12th of April, 1855. As it was also the anniversary of his return from Gaeta in 1850, it was a double *fete* for the faithful, who greeted the Head of the Church with the most extraordinary enthusiasm. His Holiness officiated on the occasion, and among the numerous persons to whom he had distributed the sacramental bread he remarked two young American girls, dressed in white and crowned with flowers, and who, for the first time, approached the communion table. These children had come with their father and mother, and were, after mass, introduced into the room where Pius IX. and all the assistants, as is the custom on such occasions, were partaking of a collation consisting of chocolate, ices, cakes, and sweetmeats. The Pope was graciously pleased to look for the children, and to say, 'Where are those little angels? I wish them to come and sit at my side.' The children then placed themselves without timidity and without boldness one on either side of His Holiness. The father of the young girls was very much affected, and the mother was as if beside herself. Being the week *in albis*, the Pope, conformably to the rubic, only dresses in white. The young pupils of the Roman College came, and presented him with a handsome red stole richly embroidered. Pius IX. felt how gratified the pupils would be at his immediately putting on the vestment, but then the rubic stood in the way. 'I will ask permission from the Pope,' he said, with a smile, and then put the red stole over his neck. On returning to the Vatican His Holiness was greeted with redoubled enthusiasm. In the evening Rome was illuminated as during the greatest solemnities.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—Gen. Wm. Walker arrived in this city yesterday morning, and will make a brief stay of a few days. The General is confident of the nomination of Mr. Douglas, as also of his triumphant election. Both his interviews with Northern politicians and the proceedings at Charleston so far confirm him in this belief. He is one of the first and original "Douglas men," and has from the beginning, thrown the whole weight of his influence in the Douglas scale.—*Mobile Register*.

Chicago Lead Works Corner of Clinton and Fulton streets, West Side. LEAD PIPE, BAR & SHEET LEAD, Shot, White Lead, Red Lead, and Lytharge, PIG LEAD, PUMPS AND HYDRAULIC RAMS. Orders from the trade solicited. CASH paid for Old Lead and Flax Seed. P. O. Box 1526. (1e6) E. W. BLATCHFORD.

HOUSEKEEPERS' EMPORIUM NO. 47 STATE STREET, **Sign of the Golden Tea Kettle.** HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. Planished Tin-Ware, Chafing Dishes, Japanned Tin-Ware, Toilet Setts, Bathing Apparatus, Bird Cages, &c. **Plain Tin-Ware of every Description.** Plain, Enameled and Tinned Hollow Ware for Stoves and Ranges, Stove and Range Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, &c. WOODEN WARE IN GREAT VARIETY, Willow Ware, Baskets, Door Matts, Brushes, Brooms, &c. Nearly every article required for Housekeepers, may be found at VAN SCHAACK'S. Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail when requested. ap26-c190-1y

J. D. DECREET & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK. PROPRIETORS OF Fuller's Patent Portable Iron Fence, AND JOHNSON'S PATENT *IRON ROLLING SHUTTER.* OFFICE, NOS. 3 AND 4, PARDEE'S BUILDING. Corner South Water and Wells sts., Chicago. S. B. Williams, Agent. N. S. BOUTON. [mh1-b706 6m] J. D. DECREET.

LAND WARRANTS. One Hundred and Sixty Acres LAND WARRANTS WANTED. mh26-'60-1y J. L. LEE, 66 Clark street.

H. V. DITMARS, PRACTICAL *Machinist and Pressman,* NORTH WATER STREET, One Door West of Wells-st., Chicago, Ill. Particular attention paid to repairing Printing Presses, manufacturing Chases, &c., &c. Steam Engines rebuilt, and set up to order. Orders from the country solicited. P. O. Box 342. ap13c71-2m

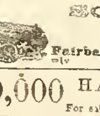
SOYER'S SULTANA SAUCE, For Hot and Cold Dishes of all kinds. This most delicious and appetising sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulent to the appetite and to digestion. OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS. "We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—[The Lancet. "Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer. —[Observer. "A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh, and Fowl, and should have a place on every table.—[Atlas. Sole Agents for the United States, GARDNER G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton St., New York. and BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston. For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. ja17b458-6m

PRINCE *Imperial Champagne,* FROM DE VENOGE & CO., EPERNAY, FRANCE. *Sold by all Respectable Dealers throughout the Country.* This fine brand of CHAMPAGNE, which until the past year was confined exclusively to the best tables of the Continent of Europe, has now obtained the most unbounded success and popularity in this country. It is recommended by some of the first Physicians of the city of New York, over all other wines, on account of its extreme purity and delicacy, and those who once try it rarely use any other brand. Although only one year has elapsed since its introduction into this country, the demand is enormous and constantly increasing. Our arrangements are such as to ensure the quality of the Wine being maintained at its present high standard. The Prince Imperial is imported solely by us, we being the sole Agents of Messrs. DE VENOGE & Co., in this country. E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO., mh17-b881-8m Nos. 488, 490 & 492 Broadway, N. Y.

LUMBER AND SHINGLES AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. **Dressed Flooring and Siding,** 1st, 2d and 3d Dry Clear. **Common Lumber at $7.50 to $7.75,** Warranted Shingles at $2.2[illegible]. Cash on delivery. Cars loaded in yard, west end of Polk street, Chicago. S. G. D. HOWARD. my10 c8 6-3w

CROCKERY, FINE CHINA, GLASSWARE. Silver Plated & Brittania Ware, *HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,* WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. THOMAS P. BYRN, mh3-'60 170 LAKE STREET.

FAIRBANK'S PATENT SCALES,



SOLD BY Fairbanks & Greenleaf 172 Lake street Chicago.

100,000 HAM SACKS— For sale by HAWKINS & CHAPMAN, Agents, For CHASE & FAY, Boston. Letters D, E, F, G and H, holding Hams weighing from eight to twenty pounds. Cloth of Yellow and Orange Tints, neatly printed to order. HAWKINS & CHAPMAN, ap1-'60-1y No. 276 South Water street.

Pres't. Sec'y and Treasurer, E. P. Ross, Vice Pres't. S. H. BUTLER, Ass't. Sec'y. **Curtis L. North,** General Agent, Masonic Temple, Chicago. DIRECTORS—George B. Hart, E. P. Ross, A. C. Cattell, Foster S. Perkins, E. W. Bailey, Andrew Chambers, H. R. Coggeshall, Samuel Jones, M. D., Hon. H. M. Fuller. mh16 '60 1y

HARTFORD FIRE INS. CO.— JANUARY 1, 1860.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank	$38,338 11
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission	62,690 89
Cash loaned on call	80,100 00
Bills receivable for loans, amply secured	10,243 89
Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value)	15,000 00
3409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, Mk't Val.	350,354 00
2209 " " New York	300,223 00
950 " " Boston	107,666 00
400 " " St. Louis	40,800 00
240 " " R.R. and other Stock	16,150 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cents	[illegible]
State Stocks, (Tenn., Ohio, Michigan, Missouri) 6 per cents	56,663 00
50 Shares State Bank Wisconsin	2,140 00
Total Assets	$986,709 59
Total Liabilities	66,930 85

Insurance against loss or damage by fire on dwellings, furniture, stores, warehouses, merchandise, mills, manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of policy holders will admit. HUNT & HIGGINSON, Agents, No. 1 Loomis' Building, fe17b632tJe1'60 S. W. Cor. South Water and Clark-sts.

NEW YORK INSURANCE AGENCY.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, Cash Capital and Surplus........$385,241 71

MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus........$330,000 00

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus........$288,143 02

INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Cash Capital and Surplus........$174,478 44

LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus........$348,049 32

MARINE INSURANCE: PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., Total Assets........$1,005,966 89

LIFE INSURANCE: MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., NEWARK, N. J., Total Assets........$3,400,582 39

PHILLIPS & VAN WAGENEN, AGENTS, 188........SOUTH WATER STREET........188 fe3'60 1y

NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. PAID UP CAPITAL, $360,000. Insurance Against Loss by Fire Only. HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago, Cor. Clark and South Water st.

NORWICH FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF NORWICH, CONN. Paid up Capital, $181,636,23. INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE. HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, cor. of South Water and Clark st., first floor, Loomis' block. oc25-b903

FIRE, MARINE, —AND— *LIFE INSURANCE* **Miller & Willmarth,** Will represent the following Companies. **Office No. 150 South Water Street,** DOLE'S BUILDING

HOME FIRE & MARINE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$1,453,896 00

PHENIX FIRE & MARINE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$304,487 72

LORILLARD FIRE INS CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$254,408 54

WASHINGTON FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK Capital and Surplus........$472,404 00

MONTAUK FIRE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$176,822 80

HAMPDEN FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS. Capital and Surplus........$230,000 00

CONWAY FIRE INS. CO., OF CONWAY, MASS. Capital and Surplus........$255,313 00

CITIZENS' FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$324,562 00

MANHATTAN LIFE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus........$1,000,000 00

MILLER & WILLMARTH, AGENTS. T. L. MILLER..........fe18-1y..........E. D. WILLMARTH.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMP'Y, —OF— HARTFORD, CONN. Incorporated 1819 ---- Charter Perpetual. *Cash Capital and Surplus*—$2,194,100.02

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks TAKEN AT LIBERAL TERMS AND RATES. Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of one to five years.

ASSETS JAN. 1, 1860.

	Par Va	M'k't Val.
PAID UP CAPITAL		$1,500,000 00
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		94,100 02
Bank Stocks, &c.	$883,400	$989,982 00
U. S. Stock and Treasury Notes	225,000 00	232,650 00
State Stocks, &c.	244,810 00	224,832 20
City Stocks, &c.	116,000 00	116,000 00
Railroad stocks, &c.	85,600 00	93,161 00
Mortgage Bonds	84,000 00	83,000 00
Real Estate, unincumbered		75,995 00
Miscellaneous Items		37,789 56
Cash on hand and deposited on call and in agents hands		394,348 26
		$2,194,100 02

Claims unadjusted and not due......$119,987 65

Applications received, and Policies issued or renewed by any of its duly authorized Agents. Losses equitably adjusted and paid in funds current at any of the Banks in Illinois. Agents appointed, supplies furnished, and all business pertaining to a general supervision in the State of Illinois promptly attended to by WM. B. PATCH, State Agent, Springfield, Illinois. HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents for Chicago, f13-1y No. 1 Loomis' Block, cor. S. Water & Clark st.

FOND DU LAC, WISCONSIN. S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier............A. C. BUTLER, Pres't. Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-1y

MARINE BANK, CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE CO. *Capital* $500,000. B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary. J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President. Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. 1e24

MARSHALL & DRURY, EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, MOLINE, ILLINOIS. DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY. Collections made and remitted at current rates. REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros, Chicago, Ill.; Bockee, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co. St. Louis, Mo.

EDWARD ELY, WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR, Having just returned from New York, where he has been spending most of his time the past month, in making rich and tasteful selections of seasonable goods adapted to men's wear as also becoming thoroughly conversant with all the newest and most desirable modes of manufacturing the same, is prepared in EVERY PARTICULAR to cater to the taste of all who wish a Genteel Garment, combining utility with taste. Also deals largely in the best article of WHITE SHIRTS sold in this market, to which he invites the special attention of all who are in search of JUST THAT THING. We keep also every article in the line of Gents' Furnishing, from the collar to the sock, and paying especial attention to this Branch of our business, are always in readiness to supply our patrons with all the NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON, as well as everything in the staple line. An examination our stock is respectfully solicited. N. B. English, French, and American Fashions received monthly. EDWARD ELY, WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR, mh21b960 2m No. 9 Tremont Block, Chicago.

EUREKA GOLD SEPARATOR. IMPORTANT TO QUARTZ MINERS. The "Eureka" which has been fully tested in The Mines of California, And the Southern States, is admitted to be **The Best Machine in Use,** A large number having already been sold for Pike's Peak. Persons going to the mines should be provided with the best machinery. The "Eureka" is no experiment, its success being fully established. A machine in working order may be seen, and circulars containing every information obtained on application to CARLISLE BOYD, Agent, 1 Dole's Building, corner South Water and Clark sts. ap30 c419 1m

EYE AND EAR.—Dr. Underwood the Occulist and Aurist, No. 124 Randolph street, three doors east of Clark, Chicago Illinois. Dr. U. is a regular Physician of the Old School, and has devoted his entire professional lifetime to Ophthalmic and Aural Surgery, giving sight to the blind and hearing to the deaf, and now stands unequalled by any Specialist for his science, skill and success. Dr. U.'s operations upon the Eye and Ear, many of which were of difficult and dangerous character, and all of which have been performed with complete success has attracted patients from all parts of the Union, and given him a reputation as an eminent and skillful operator never before attained by any Specialist in the Continent. A treatise on the Eye and Ear which will contain over four hundred pages is being prepared and will shortly appear. Prescriptions sent to patients at a distance, where Surgical operations are not required. mb7-lyd&w

LOUIS MAUSS, *Practical Optician,* 79........SOUTH CLARK STREET........79 Opposite the Court House. Best French Crystal and Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Opera Glasses, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, Mathematical Instruments, etc., etc., constantly on hand. All kinds of instruments and spectacles repaired, and glasses inserted into old frames.

SEXTONS AND UNDERTAKERS, NO. 38 LA SALLE STREET, Have on hand, at all times, every style and finish of Wood, Lead and Zinc Coffins; also, Shrouds. And are prepared with Hearses and Carriages, and everything requisite for Funerals; and may be found on hand and ready to give prompt attention to their business at all hours. They also have a Chapel and Vault in the Cemetery. au12 WRIGHT & [illegible]

FANCY STEAM DYE WORKS, OF SIDNEY KALISH, 195 South Clark St., between Monroe and Adams Sts., CHICAGO, ILL. I have been awarded the first premium at the late U. S. Fair. All country orders by express strictly attended to. fe18-1y

LARD OIL. We keep constantly on hand a supply of No. 1 Winter Strained Oil, and are prepared to furnish Railroad Companies, and the trade, at a low rate. SHACKFORD & HOW, No. 3 Board of Trade Buildings.

NIGHT SCAVENGER. CHARLES KUNZ Will attend to the CLEANING OF VAULTS, and removing of any offensive matter in all parts of the city. Orders addressed to P. O. box 4149 will receive prompt attention. my1x1m

ANTIQUE MARBLE MANTELS For sale at 105 Dearborn Street, BY NEW YORK MARBLE COMPANY. fe18b811 8m WELLS LAFLIN, Agent.

E. G. HALL, KIMBARK & CO., Importers and Dealers in IRON, NAILS, STEEL AND HEAVY HARDWARE. ap18 No. 190 and 192 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

STANTON, With the Largest Stock of **Fine, Staple and Fancy Groceries,** WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, Has Removed to No. 48 CLARK STREET. No. 48 NEAR LAKE STREET.

FRESH SHAD. Halibut, Haddock, Codfish, EELS, SMELTS, &c. L. B. PLATT & CO., fe19 65 Randolph street

100,000 HAM SACKS, ASSORTED SIZES, For sale at **Corn Exchange Bag Factory.** HART, ASTEN & CO., mh9b783 8m 127 South Water street.

42........LAKE STREET........44 DAVIS, SAWYER & CO., Having large facilities and experience, have purchased an unusually Large and Carefully Selected Stock, Which will be offered at prices that shall defy competition East or West, and all goods warranted to give entire satisfaction.

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, Umbrellas and Parasols. 42 & 44....Lake Street....42 & 44 DAVIS, SAWYER & CO., Wholesale Dealers, Have in store a large and very complete stock, comprising the most recent styles, direct from the manufacturers, all of which will be offered at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. mb19-b848-6m

G. C. COOK & CO., (Successors to Satterlee, Cook & Co.,) WHOLESALE GROCERS AND DEALERS IN WOODEN WARE, *Dried Fruits and Fish.* 16 & 18....State Street....16 & 18 CHICAGO. mh17'60-1y

LELAND & MIXER, 231----South Water-st---231 PREMIUM HAMS! They now offer for sale their Premium Sugar Cured Hams, on which they obtained the FIRST PREMIUM at the recent United States Fair. Also, Smoked Beef, Pork and Lard constantly on hand. P. O. BOX 4276. CHICAGO. WINDSOR LELAND..........O. H. S. MIXER

JEWETT & BUTLER, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN *Hardware and Cutlery,* NAILS, GLASS, SHEET IRON, Copper, Zinc, Tinners' Stock, Tinners' Tools, Tin Plate, Fence Wire, &c. 18 . . . Lake Street . . . 18 SIGN OF THE SCISSORS, Between Wabash and Michigan avenues, Chicago, Ill. FREDERICK JEWETT..........OLIVER R. BUTLER.

1860. SPRING TRADE. WEBER, WILLIAMS & YALE, 25 . . Lake Street, Chicago . . 25 JOBBERS OF HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.* fe18 c606 tau10'60

1860 SPRING TRADE. 1860 COOLEY, FARWELL & CO., 42, 44 and 46 WABASH AVENUE, DRY GOODS JOBBERS.

1860. — 1860. HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW GOODS, AT WHOLESALE. *E. R. KELLOGG & CO.,* No. 56 Lake Street, CHICAGO. E. R. KELLOGG. [mh8-b759-8m] GEO. D. SLADE.

SPRING TRADE. . . . . 1860. BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE. We are now receiving our stock for the Spring Trade, consisting of Boots, Brogans and Congress Gaiters for men; Ladies' pegged and sewed Boots and Buskins, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.; with a full assortment for Misses, Boys and Children. We purchased our stock BEFORE THE RECENT STRIKE, at low prices, and we shall give good bargains to cash buyers and to prompt paying men. DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS, fe2 b702ds w3m 28 Lake street.

SPRING TRADE,— 1860. Field, Benedict & Co., NO. 81 & 83 SOUTH WATER STREET, Are now receiving their usual large stock of goods adapted to MEN'S WEAR, to which they would invite the attention of cash and prompt paying customers, consisting in part of Black and Colored Broadcloths, all grades, Black and Fancy Doeskins and Cassimeres, Silk, Marseilles and Valencia Vestings, Farmers' and Mechanic's Cassimeres, Cottonades in great variety, Kentucky Jeans, Merino Cassimeres, Farmers' Linen Drills and Ducks, Spanish, Grass, Blouse and Bley Linens, Tweeds, Satinetts, Cordmoys, &c., &c. Also, a general stock of TAILORS' TRIMMINGS. Dealing exclusively in goods adapted to MEN'S WEAR, we can offer the trade superior inducements in the way of prices and variety.

60 . . . Lake Street. . . 60 We own the exclusive right for the sale of MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES, for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be direct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturer, whereby we can fully supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped or labelled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States but such as are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes to out wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense is but a trifle more, making an actual average saving to the consumer of near two hundred per cent.

We also own the right (not exclusive) for the sale of these patented goods into all territory of the owners of the patent and are in no way subjected to a patent commission of five to seven and a half per cent, paid by all other dealers.

We particularly solicit the attention of dealers in these goods within the States of Illinois, Michigan and Indiana to our advantages under this patent, and the quality of our goods will be unsurpassed by any stock in the Union which we aim quality considered, to offer at competing prices with goods without Tips.

We shall give undivided attention to this branch of our business in connection with our general stock, and respectfully solicit orders for our goods and due respect for our rights.

That dealers may not be misled by the advertisements of others in Chicago and elsewhere, outside the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, who advertise themselves as agents for the sale of MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED GOODS, we state that all such agencies do not extend to or in any way whatever appertain to the sale of said goods within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. ap4b[illegible] 3m WADSWORTH & WELLS.

Lumber, Wood & Coal.

COAL—COAL—COAL—COAL. The undersigned have in their Coal Yard, Kingsbury street (on the North Branch of Chicago River) just north of Indiana street Bridge, the BEST kinds of Bituminous and Anthracite Coal, which they continue to sell at the lowest market prices:

ERIE COAL, ORMSBY COAL, MOUNT CARBON COAL, BRIAR HILL COAL.	Large Egg, Small Egg, And Range Sizes of LACKAWANA COAL, BLOSSBURG COAL.

Coal carefully screened, and weights guaranteed always. ja28-b486-4m RENO & LITTLE.

Stationery &c.

JONES, PERDUE & SMALL, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WRITING PAPERS, ENVELOPES, LEDGER PAPERS, *Writing Inks and Fluids,* BLANK BOOKS, CARD BOARDS AND CARDS, WRAPPING PAPER, And every description of BOOK BINDER'S STOCK. 122 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

BUTLER & HUNT, 48 State st., have now on hand the following sizes of print: 28x47, 18x23, 20x44, 26x40, 26x42, 23x88, 22x45, 25x14, 21x34, 25x37, 37x41, 22x82, 26x42, 24x34, 25x33, 26x30, 20x27. And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPER, 8,000 reams of Wrapping Paper, of different sizes, 1,000 reams Manilla do. 200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's Stationery. 1,000 kegs of Mather's celebrated Book and News Ink. All of which will be sold for cash at the lowest possible rates. mh19 Cash paid for Rags.

D. A. INGERSOLL, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER. BOOK BINDER AND RULER. I am now prepared to manufacture Blank Books every description, ruled and bound to any desired patterns, with or without printed headings. Particular attention paid to orders from County Officers, Banks, &c. Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Shipping Bills, &c., Ruled and Printed to order. Magazines, Periodicals, etc., bound to any style. Old Books bound and rebound. All kinds of Printing done with neatness and dispatch. Terms moderate. NO. 126 LAKE STREET, Northeast corner of Clark, (entrance on Clark street. Post Office Box 3681. my28 1y d891

PRINT, BOOK AND WRAPPING PAPER, for sale at manufacturers prices By J. P. & E. A. BLACK & CO., No. 210 . . . Kinzie street . . . No. 210 Mill address "Bristol, Kendall County, Ill." Cash paid for Rags. 1y28 1y d847

Paper Hangings.

WALL PAPER. LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW PATTERNS AT DRAKE & BRO'S, PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS. 184....South Clark street....184 oc1e1y

H. KNAPP, M. D., FORMERLY OF NEW YORK. Can be consulted, either personally or by letter, in regard to all diseases which he treats with unprecedented success, on a new system. He cures Chronic Cases of Diseases, which have been pronounced incurable by the medical faculty generally, such as Nervous and Neuralgic Affections, Diseases of Women. All Forms of Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Skin Diseases, Cancerous and Tuberculous Affections, including Pulmonary Consumption, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Asthma, Salt Rheum, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, the Diseases of Children, &c. He has had an extensive practice and wonderful success in the treatment of *CANCERS,* which he cures without the knife. Remember the Doctor does not promise to cure all stages of Diseases. While ALL Diseases are CURABLE, if taken in season, all STAGES are not. Your case may be curable this week, not next—to-day, not to-morrow; hence, the danger of delay. Consultation free. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. OFFICE 178 SOUTH CLARK STREET, ap24-'60-1y Cor. Clark and Monroe sts., Chicago, Ill.

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE STILL AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of the Stewart Stove has given rise to several imitations. The genuine article for sale only by C. METZ, Agent, at 130 State street, between Monroe and Adams. Also, a good assortment of Housekeeping, Hardware and Tinware. ap2-c678-1y

Chicago, May 3d, 1860. my4 c251-td

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—The undersigned, assignees of Wetherell Brothers, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on **Tuesday, May 15th, A. D. 1860,** At the office of Sanford B. Perry, 101 Washington street Chicago, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M., of that day, all the estate now remaining in their hands as Assignees, consisting of Real Estate, Notes and Account, for the purpose of closing their trust. The Real Estate is situated as follows, viz:—

120 acres in Sec. 31, T. 7, Grant county, Wis.
2 lots in Eau Claire City, Dunn " "
1 lot, with 2 story frame building in Brodhead, Green county, Wisconsin.
679 acres Swamp Land Certificates, in Monroe county, Wis.
1 two story frame building, in Fulton City, Ill.
2 lots in Boyd's add, to St. Anthony, Minnesota.
3 " Onak, Washington county, "
3 " Northfield Rice "
80 acres in Sec 9, T. 111, Rice "
1 lot in Chippewa, Todd "
4 " Hampton, Dakota "
2 " Lewiston "
1 " Harden, [illegible] "
80 acres in Sec. 21, T. 14, Cerro Gordo county, Iowa.
40 " " 13, T. 73, Poweshiek "

—ALSO—

One Gold Watch and Chain, and $102.00 of City of La Crosse Scrip, Wisconsin.

Full particulars will be given of location and condition of the property at or before the day of sale. SANFORD B. PERRY, JAS. M. WETHERELL, } Assignees. Chicago, May 2d 1860. my4c245-td

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—The executors of the Estate of J. Barber will offer for sale at Public Auction at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the 10th day of May next, the following lots and description of property, being part of said estate, to-wit:

LOTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

Sub Lot 1 of Lots 3, 4, 5 & 6, Block 47 School Sec. 80x150 ft.
" 4 " 3, 4, 5 & 6, " 47 " " 80x100 ft.
" 5 " 1 " 25 " " 20x150 ft.
" 4 " 2 " (Orig'l town, 80x80 ft.
E. 10 ft. 8 " 2 " 49 " " 10x80 ft.
" " 2 " 79 Sch'l Sec. 110x170 ft.
N. W. ¼ " 40 Carp'rs ad. 125x180 ft.

Lot 12, block 45, School Sec., subject to redemption for $3,000, 50x180 feet.

LOTS IN PERU, ILL. Lots 1 and 8, in block 16. (The C. & R. I. Railroad has the right of way.)

LAND IN WINNEBAGO CO., ILL. N. ½ of N. E. ¼ of Sec. 20, Town 46, Range 2—80 acres.

LANDS IN TOWN & COUNTY OF OTTAWA, MICH.
All of Section 4, Town 7, Range 15..........610 Acres.
N. ½ of " 9, " 7, " 15..........320 "
S. W. ¼ " 9, " 7, " 15..........160 "

Also—Propeller I. Barber, (if not sold previously by private sale,) built in Cleveland, O., 1856. Length 115 [illegible] feet; Measurement 363 81-95 tons.

TERMS—One half cash; balance in one and two years, with interest and with satisfactory security. S. LIND and S. S. SLATER, fe16b271d Executors.

Bags.

BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—BAGS— CORN EXCHANGE BAG MANUFACTORY, HART, ASTEN & CO., 127 South Water street, Chicago; B. E. CLARK & CO., 128 Broad street, New York. MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Millers' and Grocers' Bags made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Seamless Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Salt, Seed, &c. Orders filled with fidelity and dispatch. Bags loaned to shippers. my5-y-ly

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!! FARWELL'S STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY, 42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago. BAGS AND SACKS of every description furnished on short notice, and printed with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS. SIMEON FARWELL. ap5-d&wly-1771

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY,— 276 South Water street. SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities. FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired pattern. HAM SACKS—every size used. GUNNY BAGS—Two or three bushels. Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited [ap1'60ly] HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

Leather and Findings.

LEATHER! LEATHER!! French Calf and Kip, Spanish Sole, Morocco, &c. A choice selection just received. Harness, Bridle, Upper Kip, Calf, &c., &c., of our own Tanning at our new store. No. 230 Lake Street. ap21 C. C. WALLIN & SON.

LIME! LIME! LIME! N. STURTEVANT, Manufacturer and dealer in QUICK LIME, WATER LIME, PLASTER PARIS, LAND PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, FIRE BRICK, FIRE CLAY, &c., &c. As cheap as the cheapest—as good as the best. Give me a call before purchasing. No. 40 West Randolph street, ap13c71-1m CHICAGO, ILL.

PAPER HANGINGS:— LATEST SPRING STYLES —AT— 108......LAKE STREET........108 I am now opening my Spring Goods, New Patterns of Wall Papers, In great variety, which will be sold at LOW PRICES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. H. W. ANDREWS, ap21c142-2m Lake street—bet. Dearborn and Clark.

LUBRICATING OILS. All those in want of the Cheapest, Longest Wearing, Anti-Gum Material ever used for Machinery, can find the article at the ILL. CENTRAL FREIGHT DEPOT FOOT OF SOUTH WATER STREET. Railroads use it. Machinists use it. Planing Mills use it. Elevators use it. Steamboats use it. Printing offices use it. THOMAS PICKERING, ap19c121-6m-ls Sole Manufacturer, Chicago, Ill.

TALLOW AND CANDLES.— No. 1 Steam and Kettle rendered Tallow constantly on hand. Also a large stock of Superior Tallow Candles. Would solicit a call from buyers. P. O. Box 3464. J. C. MITCHELL, 77 Kinzie-st and Corner State-st and Archer Road. a4-b372-1y

[Continued from First Page.]

in the Presidential chair a man who will stay the aggressions of slavery." [Tremendous applause.] A man who will say to those who seek to overrun the fair territories that stretch away to the Pacific, with Slavery—" Stay your hand; the fair territories of this Union shall be devoted to the free labor and the free men of this country, and they shall not be polluted by that relic of barbarism, slavery." [Renewed cheering.]

Yes, fellow-citizens, such gatherings as this of ladies and gentlemen will be often repeated. An excitement, and enthusiasm will be created which will extend throughout the State and country and go far to secure the final glorious triumph that will crown our efforts in November. We will maintain here in Chicago and in the this hall the reputation of being a Republican city, true to the Constitution, true to the Union, and true to liberty in all its forms.—[Great and prolonged applause.]

Mr. A. D. Bradley followed, in a brief, spirited, characteristic speech, but owing to the lateness of the hour the vast crowd now began to show an occasional moving member. Mr. Bradley, however, was listened to with attention and interest.

A notable feature of the evening was the entrance of the Wide-Awakes, about the middle of the exercises, led by the Light Guard Band.

The music of the evening was furnished by the Great Western Band, who volunteered their services. The whole affair passed off in a manner creditable throughout, to all concerned.

The Bakers' Strike.

Editors Press and Tribune:

I desire, through your columns, to give the public some facts which may allay the excitement produced in the minds of the readers of some of our city dailies by their notice of an occurrence at the Mechanical Bakery, which has been elevated to the importance of a *general strike* among the employees. Upon its supposed importance, a morning paper framed a political item under the caption "Free Labor in Chicago." The intention of the article published would seem to represent the "wealthy stockholders" of this manufactory as *over-working* and *under-paying* their employees. Since the public have been treated to so much pertaining to the affairs of this company, they will excuse me for giving the facts relative to the *strike* and the position that this company occupies as connected with those in its employ. That calamitous occurrence christened *The Bakers' Strike* was a combination of six journeymen in the cracker department to get their wages advanced to *good times' prices*. Five of them finding that the connections were all made in time and the wheels of the "Mechanical oven" performed their wonted revolution, (at their own solicitation) returned to their several posts at the former prices. The occurrence did *not* in the least disturb the employees in other departments, nor the proprietors or men in charge of the Bakery.

The company employ about seventy persons in the various departments of baking, and as delivery-men, clerks, agents, book keepers, &c.

The "ten hour" system as been adopted in every department in which it is practicable to introduce it, and there is but one exception,—that of loaf bread. All *bakers* and *good housewives* know that bread-making cannot be limited by hours and minutes. The state of the atmosphere affects the *rising*, and retards or accelerates the manufacture, causing the men to "wait on the dough," (a baker's phrase,) and they may at times (not often) be found at work and waiting twelve to fourteen hours, having opportunity to leave the Bakery to get their meals. Their average working time does not exceed nine hours per day. The cracker makers, who have elicited so much notice, commence at seven a. m., and stop work one hour for dinner and quit work at five P. M. Wages one dollar per day. Thus instead of "fourteen hours at seven cents an hour," their working time does not exceed nine hours per day, and instead of *seven, eleven cents per hour*. The company has paid journeymen bakers, in every department, one dollar per day through the winter, and are still paying the same. The foremen of different departments more proportionate to their skill and the responsibility of the place they occupy. Boys in the packing department have seventy-five cents per day of ten hours. All the operatives in the company's employ are paid cash every week.—The company will have none but competent and faithful men; some of them have been in the employ of members of this company for the last seven years, and most of the journeymen and foremen in this company's employ since the bakery was established. No one is employed or discharged on account of religious or political predelictions.

I am not acquainted with all the Stockholders and cannot vouch for their religious or political opinions. I am confident that politics, as that term is usually received, was not the basis upon which the Mechanical Bakery Company was formed. Yet, though the manufactory is in a free city, and operates only by free labor, and the stockholders exposed to political party slang, I presume they will not abandon the enterprise on account of any partisan abuse.

The people of Chicago already manifest a due appreciation of the influence of the bakery in improving and cheapening the price of bread. That being a subject of more interest to them than to know what church or party the stockholders are severally connected with. The Mechanical Bakery has been in operation about two years, and we say, without fear of successful contradiction, that the purchasers and consumers of bread and crackers in this city and surroundings have been saved of *ten hundred thousand dollars* by its influence.

This great benefit has mainly accrued to the laboring classes. The bakery is now filling orders for points heretofore much beyond the influence of Chicago trade.—Many of the leading business men located in the various towns and cities in twelve States and Territories of the North and West *are now being supplied with crackers from Chicago.* In conclusion, we feel justified in saying that were the thousands now *unemployed* as *well employed* and *well paid* as the operatives at the Mechanical Bakery, we should soon have done hearing that stereotyped phrase, "hard times." "Where can I get employment, *without regard to price?*" is the question most frequently asked of business men and manufacturers for the past two or three years. Will our city papers, who should always have an ear for the wrongs (and a will to right them) of the laboring classes, give the much needed information?

Respectfully and truly,
HENRY CLAY CHILDS, Sup't.

P. S.—Will the dailies that published an account of the *strike* copy the above, or make correction?

The Opening of Convention Week.

THE ARRIVALS OF SATURDAY.

Excursion Trains To-Night.

RECEPTION OF NEW ENGLAND DELEGATES.

Salutes and Fireworks at the Michigan Central Depot.

ILLUMINATION OF MICHIGAN AVENUE.

Procession of the Wide-Awakes.

The Convention week has opened as this issue reaches our city readers. It finds Chicago with a multitude of strangers within her limits, and thousands who will be on their way hither throughout to-day and this evening. Be the numbers what they may, Chicago stands ready to attest that her hospitality cannot be overtaxed. Our hotels have all of them made the most liberal preparations. Our citizens have thrown open their homes, and we shall confidently await the verdict awarded by our visitors of this week that Chicago has done herself lasting credit in meeting the demands of the Convention season.

The arrivals of the next twenty-four hours will exceed in numbers those of the entire last week. On Saturday, however, numerous distinguished men from abroad reached this city. The Michigan Southern train which came in at 8 o'clock P. M., was a large and full one. Among its passengers were the following:

New York—Gov. Morgan, Thurlow Weed and Lockwood L. Doty, of Albany; Hon. David Dudley Field and Hon. D D Conover, Owen W. Brennan, Hiram Barney, John A. C. Gray, Frank W. Barnard, Horace Greeley, Charles M. Briggs, and others, from New York City; Hon. E. G. Spaulding, of Buffalo, and others.

New Jersey—Hon. James T. Sherman, Hon. D. S. Gregory, Hon. H. N. Congar, J. Ingham, Thomas H. Dudley, Thomas Cummings, A. R. Pearo, S. B. Smith, R. H. Matlock, Edward Bettle, Col. Freese of the Trenton *Gazette*, W. B. Mount, Col. J. S. Cook.

Ohio—Hon. Joshua R. Giddings, H. E. Porson, H. C. Toombs, Benj. Welch, W. A. W. Harvey, Joseph Candy.

The Wide Awakes were out in full force, led by the Light Guard Band, and attracted much attention and admiration. They received Gov Morgan and his suite and escorted them to their quarters at the Tremont House.

THE RECEPTIONS THIS EVENING.

The notable events of this evening will be the arrival of the monster trains that will leave Buffalo and Niagara Falls this morning. The first to arrive, by its time card will be the Michigan Central which, leaving Suspension Bridge, is to run through and reach the city at 9.25 P. M. For this train *fifteen hundred* tickets had been sold on Friday. It will be run through with care and yet at high speed, the utmost precautions having been taken to guard against accident.

This train brings the Massachusetts, and others of the New England delegations, and about its arrival the Sons of New England in this city have manifested much enthusiasm and have in store appropriate preparations. These are to be of a character demonstrative without being intrusive. There will be no speech-making, and nothing to keep the tired excursionists from their hotels.

The train is to be twelve minutes in passing up the long pier, and during that time salutes will be fired by the Chicago Light Artillery, and rockets set off from the foot of Jackson street. It is desirable also that all Michigan Avenue residents, without distinction of party, should light up their houses. We are glad to notice that this part of the programme is so well received by numbers of residents on this avenue, that there is a prospect that a general illumination along the front of our entire city will be one of the most striking features of the evening.

The Chicago "Wide Awakes" are to do escort duty, led off by the Light Guard Band. The Great Union Depot, the terminus of the Michigan Central Railroad, is to be brilliantly illuminated during the evening. The excursionists are to be escorted without delay to their several hotels.

The great train on the Michigan Southern Railroad, which, sweeping along the South shore of Lake Erie, will bring an immense party gathered from New York, Ohio, and other States, will arrive at 10 o'clock, and to this, should both trains arrive promptly, our citizens can devote their attention, though we hear of no formal reception proposed, save from Reception Committees of the several States, who will be on the look-out for their delegations.

The Pennsylvania delegation is to arrive to-morrow morning, and it is desired that the Pennsylvanians of our city meet at the Briggs House to-morrow, to proceed to the depot of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to receive the delegation at 8 a. m. On every side we hear the bustle of preparation, and a busy week will be begun when this reaches our readers,—a week most notable in the annals of our city.

PERSONAL—RICHMOND HOUSE.—The following gentlemen, delegates to the National Convention, with their friends, arrived on Saturday evening, and are stopping at the Richmond House: Thurlow Weed, Geo. Dawson, J. B. Elwood, Geo. W. Schuyler, Owen W. Brennan, Andrew Blakely, J. B. Williams, W. W. Shep-

Buffalo and Chicago, on Monday, May 14th, bringing delegates to the Republican Convention at half regular rates.

my8 6t GEO. M. GRAY, Agent.

☞ We call especial attention to the advertisement of a fine stock of Boots and Shoes for sale at the old stand of Mr. C. F. Wells, 163 Randolph street. A large part of their goods are yet in their cases, direct from the Manufacturer, where they were selected with the greatest care for the retail trade. An opportunity to buy really fine goods at such a sacrifice is rarely presented.

☞ In the way of dyeing, cleaning and renovating old garments, Cook & McLain, 98 Dearborn street, are unequaled. One trial will satisfy any one of the truth of this, and also save them a considerable outlay in the shape of a tailor's bill.

☞ The latest, most elegant styles of Spring Hats are those of Loomis, 17 Clark street, he has, beyond a doubt, the finest and best assortment for all ages and classes to be found in the city.

WIGWAM, WIGWAM—EVERYBODY RUSHES TO SEE—But the greatest rush is at Sam Dunn & Co's Hat Store for that elegant style of hats, where all kinds are to be found. Strangers and the public are invited to attend.

☞ See Mr. Capen's advertisement for board.

☞ Is there a gentleman and lady, or three single gentlemen, who desire boarding, with home comforts, at a moderate price? If so, they can apply at the pleasant locality No. 71 Wabash Avenue. my14 5t.

MUSIC.—The guitar, violin or flute taught in *twelve lessons*, and instructions given on the piano, by an old and accomplished Professor of Music. Terms moderate. Apply to, or address J. G. Osborne, at 138 North Clark street, over the Mechanical Bakery Depot. my14-6t

ST. GEORGE'S BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF CHICAGO.—A special meeting of this Society is called for Monday evening at 8 o'clock, May 14th, 1860, at Bryant, Bell & Stratton's College, for the purpose of receiving a report from Trustees, and any other business that may then arise. By order FRANCIS HUDSON, Pres't.
THOS. E POULSON, Recording Sec'y.
my14-1tx

THE CANDIDATES.—Our friends who wish to obtain a correct idea of the personal appearance of the prominent candidates for the Republican nomination, are recommended to consult *Harper's Weekly* for May 12th, which contains portraits and biographies of eleven of the principal statesmen whose fortunes are identified with the Republican party. McNally & Co., 81 Dearborn street, have an extra lot now ready.

MUSIC TAUGHT.—Any of our readers who desire to learn the guitar, violin or flute, in 12 *lessons*, or the piano, should read Prof. Osborne's advertisement, in this morning's issue.

To Rent.

TO RENT.—Store No. 186 Kinzie street, just east of Clark. Inquire at 188 Kinzie-st. my12x6t

TO RENT—A Very desirable house, No. 194 Michigan avenue, either with or without furniture. Apply to GEORGE H. RUDD. 115 Kinzie street. my9 1wx

TO RENT—Either one of the Two Offices now occupied by the Western World Insurance and Trust Company, corner Clark and South Water streets, suitable for Banking, Insurance or Commission Offices. Inquire at the office of L. P. Hilliard, Esq. my12-c33-7t

TO RENT—The large Hall lately occupied by the Board of Trade, in Steel's Block, foot of Lasalle street. It is suitable either for a Sail Loft or Paper Warehouse, or for other purposes where room is required—the same being from 40 to 80 feet. Rent cheap. Apply to GEO. STEEL, on the premises. my1c223-2w

TO RENT.—A Wharfing Lot on South Branch, 107 feet front by 160 feet deep from the river to Franklin street, between Van Buren and Harrison streets. This lot has a wharf of the best description, and is well adapted for a Coal, Stone or Lumber Yard. Apply to E. C. LARNED, 97 Washington street. mh23b674 1ly 10

TO RENT—A first-class House, beautifully situated on the corner of North Lasalle and Chestnut streets,—in one of the most desirable localities in the city—containing nine rooms, cellar, gas, water, &c. For particulars, apply to PURINGTON & SCRANTON, 217 South Water street. ap21c145-1m

PEW TO RENT—A Part of Pew No. 60, very eligibly located, in Second Presbyterian Church, will be rented. Apply to the Sexton, W. S. Marsh, Esq., or to the undersigned. C. R. STARKWEATHER, Custom House Building, No. 13 Lasalle-st. my7c283 2w

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A good second-hand Top Buggy. Inquire of E. L. CARHART, 45 Lake street, up stairs, or at 411 West Madison street. my11x3t

FOR SALE—A Ruggles Rotary, Half Sheet Cap Size, at PRESS & TRIBUNE OFFICE. Price $325. my4-2w Address WM. H. RAND.

FOR SALE.—The School Building No. 26 Harrison street, near State. It may be fitted up for private dwelling or business house, with very little expense. Also, a large amount of good School Furniture for sale. Apply to P. O. Box 308, or to BARCLAY BROS., 206 Lake street. my11x1w

FOR SALE.—To Railroad Men.—The LOCOMOTIVE COLUMBIANA, built by Norris, 5 or 8 years old, in good running order. Will be sold very cheap for cash, or exchanged for other property. Inquire of B. P. HUTCHINSON, 279 So. Water street. mh31*2m

FOR SALE CHEAP—A complete SET OF SODA FOUNTAIN FIXTURES.
HALSEY & KING,
my9c286-1w 168 Clark street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, the new Cottage House (8 rooms) and three years' lease, No. 259 South Clinton street. A desirable residence and locality. Good garden yard and water fixtures attached. Sold cheap for cash, or a part on short time, secured. Apply on the premises, or to the subscriber at the office of Carroll & Jameson, 65 South Clark street, corner of Randolph.
m9c301 1m JAMES S. JOHNSON.

BRICK FOR SALE.—60,000
For sale low at Lake street Mills, Nos. 141 and 143 West Lake street. [oc10] STEVENS & NORRIS.

FOR SALE—At half price, A VERY LARGE DESK, Suitable for Bank, Broker or Wholesale House.

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 12th, 1860.

The money market has varied in no respect since yesterday's report. Exchange is in active demand at 1½ per cent. premium. Currency is abundant, and large amounts of produce paper would be gladly taken in order to lessen the surplus. The general money market is working easier.

Gold 1½ and dull.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY, OF CANADA.—Traffic statement for week ending April 28, 1860:

Passengers	$21,756.?7
Freight and Live Stock	39,107.87
Mails and sundries	2,890.41
	$66,754 65
Corresponding week of last year	46,2?3.88
Increase	$20,531.77

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 12, 1860.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the last twenty-four hours:

	Flour brls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Rye bus.	B'rly bus.	Grass Seed lbs.
Lake	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Canal	300	....	3441	....	....	....	....
G. & C. U. R. R.	239	4200	2985	859	....	....	....
C. & R. I. R. R.	93	760	18200	....	....	....	....
Ill. Central	....	....	11800	....	....	30	999
B. & Quincy R R.	65	2335	37857	862	....	....	1690
Northwest'n R R.	1532	4046	....	858	22	500	....
C. A & St. L. R R.	....	810	2480	....	....	....	....
Total	2249	12180	78163	2259	22	630	2559

	Dressed Hogs No.	Live Hogs No.	Cattle No.	Hides lbs.	Highwines brls.	Cut M's. lbs.	Potatoes, bu.
Canal	..	....	....	....	....	....	....
G. & C. U. R. R.	..	60	29	1120	51	....	....
C. & R. I. R. R.	..	36	16	8610	50	....	....
I. C. R. R.	..	....	....	1045	....	....	....
C. B. & Q. R. R.	..	505	303	1203	....	....	....
C. & N. W. R. R.	..	....	....	643	....	....	....
C A & St. L. R R.	..	200	....	....	50	....	....
Total	..	631	853	12611	151	....	....

	Flour, brls.	Wh't, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.	Rye, bu.	Ba'y, bu.	S'ds, lbs.
To Buffalo	630	....	18200	....	....	....	....
To Oswego	910	....	106	....	78	....	....
To Ogdensburgh	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
To Port Colborne	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
To Collingwood	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
To Kingston	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
To other ports	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	1540	....	18306	....	78	....	....

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Mdse, lbs	810,000	Hay, tons	3
Oil, bbls	10	Pork, bbls	30
Fish, pkgs	189	Highwines, bbls	600
Stave Bolts, cds	148	Maize, lbs	72,000
Rye, bu	200	Oats, bu	559
Iron, lbs	106,600	Flour, bbls	840
Wood, cords	351	Corn, bu	131,070
Shingles, No	610,000	Whisky, brls	2
Lumber, feet	3,320,000	Hams, brls	19
Staves, no	189,000	Beef, bbls	10
Lath, No	400,000	Cattle, No	10
Railroad ties, No	4,442	Wheat, bu	11,000
Oak Timber, feet	50,000	Potatoes, bu	106
Oak Plank	50.00		

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL YESTERDAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Corn, bu	7,741	Lumber, ft	44,935
Millstuffs, lbs	8,203	Cedar posts, No	2,150
Flour, brls	300	Salt, brls	76

The Corn market, which during the present week has been unusually quiet and steady, was decidedly active and buoyant—prices having advanced ½c over the prevailing figures of yesterday. Upwards of 110,000 bushels changed hands, at 52½c for medium Canal afloat; 53@54c for No. 1 in store; 51@52c for No. 2 in store—closing quiet and steady at 53½c for No. 1. The receipts by Canal were very trifling, and there was no River corn offered. Wheat opened rather tame, and buyers held off with a view to a decline; but holders were firm and the ruling prices yesterday were freely paid—$1.11@1.11½ for No. 1 Spring; and $1.10 for No. 2 Spring, only about 13,000 bushels having changed hands. Flour was in fair request and the market steady, with sales of Spring extra at $4.90@5.40, and Superfine at $4.00@4 50. Oats were in good demand and firm at 32c in store. Rye scarce and firm. Barly quiet. Highwines were in better request and the market firmer—sales being effected at 18½c. Timothy Seed still in demand at $3.25@3.50, and scarce.

Vessels are still scarce, and owners are firmer—though shippers are holding off. Two vessels were engaged, one to Port Colborne with wheat at 4½c, and one with corn to Buffalo at the same price.

SHIPMENTS AT OSWEGO BY CANAL.—The following table shows the shipments of a few leading articles by canal, during the week ending May 7th, 1860:

Flour, brls	20,476	Pork, brls	225
Wheat, bu	90,585	Beef	139
Corn	333,886	Butter, lbs	4,369
Oats	2,762	Lard	129,072
Barley	21,815	Bacon	24,173
Rye	4,057	Lumber, ft	5,892,2?8

The tolls received on property shipped from this port for the first week in May were $12,902.00.

BUFFALO MARKET, May 10.—Receipts 12,099 brls flour; 1,362 bu wheat; 9,500 bu corn; 4,891 bu barley. Shipped, 1,845 brls flour; 36,265 bu wheat; 115,224 bu corn. The *Express* of yesterday says:

There was a fair demand for flour yesterday, and the market firmer, especially for the better grades. Sales 1,000 brls at $5.25@5 44 for extra State and Canadian, from spring wheat; $5.44@5.50 for extra Illinois and Wisconsin; $5.75@6 00 for extra Ohio and Indiana; $6.25@6 75 for double extras. Best double extra now held at $7. Wheat dull and spring lower. Sale of 10,000 bu Chicago spring at $1.14. Corn in pretty good demand and market steady. Sales since our last, 90,000 bu at 58@59c. Oats steady; sales 1,000 bu Canadian bagged at 37c. Barley nominal at 65@70c. Rye do at 80@82c. Peas in fair request; sale 150 bush at 65c. Clover selling at $4 75@5 00; Timothy at $4. Whisky quiet. A sale of 170 brls reported at 20c; now held at 21c. Canal Freights—40c on flour; 11½c on wheat, and 10½c on corn, to New York.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Receipts, 25,789 bbls flour, 7,923 bu wheat, 13,490 bu corn; 2,420 oats.

OCEAN FREIGHTS AT NEW YORK, May 10.—To Liverpool—20,000 bu wheat and corn, were

winter, and which in the end may prove so productive as that the loss to the country on account of the drouth will be trifling. The hog crop, on account of its certainty, is destined to become the leading feature with our agriculturalists.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 12.

FREIGHTS—Quiet and rather firmer. Schr. Ellipse taken last night, at 4½c for wheat to Port Colborne; Schr. Ostrich, corn to Buffalo at 4½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 2,249 bbls; shipped, 1540 bbls. Market quiet and steady. Sales were: 100 bbls "Beloit" Spring extra at $5.40 on track; 100 bbls "Island City" do at $5 37½ del; 200 bbls "Como" do at $5.20; 810 bbls Medium Spring extra at $4 90 del; 50 bbls fair Spring Superfine at $4 50; 50 bbls low grade do at $4 00 del.

WHEAT—Receipts 12,180 bu; shipped, none. Market firm, but unchanged. Sales were: 700 bu No. 1 Spring at $1.11½ in store; 800 bu do at $1.11 in store; 10,000 bu No. 2 Spring at $1.10 in store; 500 bu Club at $1.15 on track.

CORN—Receipts, 78,163 bu. Shipped, 18,306 bu. Market buoyant, and ½@1c better. Sales were: 6,500 bu No. 1 at 53c in store; 4,000 bu do at 53½c in store; 60,000 bu do at 53½c in store; 6,000 bu do at 53½c in store; 800 bu do (in a particular warehouse) at 54c in store; 1,600 bu Canal at 52½c afloat; 5,000 bu No. 2 at 51c in store; 19,000 bu do at 51½c in store; 14,000 bu do at 52c in store.

OATS—Receipts, 2,259 bu. In good demand and firm. Sales were: 2,500 bu No. 1 at 32c in store; 172 bags at 31c on track.

RYE—Receipts, 22 bu. Market bare and firm at 85@86c.

BARLEY—Receipts, 630 bu. Market quiet, 13 bags fair at 70c on track; 75 bags at 71c on track.

SEEDS—Receipts, 2,559 lbs. Timothy Seed in active request. Sales were: 40 bushels good in lots at $3.50.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 151 bbls. Firmer. 150 bbls sold at 18½c.

MESS PORK—35 bbls City Mess at $17.00.

LARD—Scarce and firm at 10½c.

TALLOW—Nominal at 9½@9¾c.

HIDES—Receipts, 12,611 lbs. Market firm. Green, 7¼@7½c; Green Salted, 7¾@8c; Dry Flint, 15½@16c.

BUTTER—24 pkgs old Butter at 8c; New Dairy, 10@13c.

EGGS—In good demand for shipment at 9c per doz.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 9@10c per lb; Live Chickens $2.25@3 50 per doz.

DRIED FRUIT—10 sacks Western Apples at 6c.

POTATOES—1 car load Neshannocks at 30c on track.

New York Dry-Goods Trade.

(From Thursday's N. Y. Independent.)

Comparative statement of the Imports of Foreign Dry-Goods at the port of New York, for the week and since Jan. 1st:

For the week.	1858.	1859.	1860.
Entered at the port	$759,843	$1,782,246	1,217,148
Thrown on the market	919,503	1,709,813	1,143,727
Since January 1st.			
Entered at the port	17,357,669	41,417,928	40,755,983
Thrown on the market	22,202,610	42,533,526	41,408,120

The period of greatest activity has been reached and passed, and diminished sales mark the progress of the month; yet there is a good business by the jobbers, some of whom are obliged to purchase to recomplete their assortments. The whole month bids fair to be a good one. All the current desirable styles and qualities of silk goods are in good demand, and bring steady prices, but other kinds hang, and are offered at a reduction to close up invoices. Staple goods are firm, as they can be held over, but fancy dress goods of neglected styles are being sacrificed. French lawns and organdies, as well as fancy silks, are in overstock. Black silks are firm, with a good demand. Woolens are comparatively dull. Another lines are on the decline, and some large invoices of bonnet ribbons have thus been sold at prices which are an advance on previous sales. In domestic goods, the commission houses are active both as regards cotton and woolen goods. The clothiers are making purchases of material for new stock, and the shippers of cotton goods—drills and sheetings—have been unusually heavy buyers. Drills seem the great favorite for the China market and both drills and sheetings are sold ahead for delivery to a large ext. Prints are dull. The home demand for these goods is on the decline, and some yielding in price to clear lots is observable. American lawns are inactive. Fancy cassimeres are dull. The near-by trade is now the most active, and Western buyers are still making purchases. The active movement in produce is helping the Western merchants considerably.

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, May 12.

FLOUR—Dull and a shade lower. There is some little export inquiry, but the demand is chiefly to supply the pressing wants of the Eastern and local trade. Sales of 10,400 bbls. $5.35 to super State; $5.40@5.45 for extra State; $5.30@5.40 for super Western; $5.45@5.75 for common to medium extra Western, and $6.10@6.20 for shipping brands extra R. H. O. Market closing dull and declining. Canadian flour without material change, and demand moderate. Sales of 1,400 bbls at $5.50@7.50 for common to choice extra. Corn meal steady with moderate business doing at previous quotations. Rye flour selling slowly at $3.50@4.20 for common to choice super.

WHISKY—More active and a shade lower prices. Sales 600 bbls at 23¼@23½c, chiefly at the inside price.

GRAIN—Wheat dull, heavy and rather easier, shippers refuse to purchase to any material extent whilst the holders are holding back for a large decline. Sales 16,000 bu prime Milwaukee club $1.30 delivered, 22,000 bu Chicago Spring $1.26@1.27, 500 winter red Western $1 49, and 5,000 bu Racine at $1 27. Rye quiet. Sales 2,000 bu at 86c delivered. Barley steady. Sales 5,500 bu prime Canada East at 90c for export. Corn opened quite firm with good export demand and closed scarcely so buoyant. Sales 64,000 bu 71@71½c for mixed Western chiefly. 75c for good round shipping lots, 76c for unsound do, 81@83c for yellow Northern Jersey and Southern, and 83@85c white Southern. Oats quiet with limited business doing within the range of 42@43c for Western, Canada and State.

TALLOW—Dull with trifling sales at 10¾.

GROCERIES—Sugar market without striking change and moderate demand. Sales 950 hhds, chiefly Cuba, at 6¾@7¼ and 870 boxes Havana at 6¾@7¾. Coffee—No change in prices and demand moderate. Sales 410 bags Rio at Clar Huxall on private terms. Molasses market quiet with small sales at previous quotations.

PROVISIONS—Pork firmer for Mess, chiefly speculative, and heavy and lower for Prime. Sales 3,700 bbls; $17. 0 Old Mess; $18 12@18 25 New Mess; $12 75 Old Prime; $13.90@14 00 for New Prime. Beef quiet and unchanged. Sales 400 bbls $4.00@4.60 for Prime; $5 00@5 50 for Mess; $7.75@10 50 repacked Mess; $11.00@12.25 Extra Mess. Prime Mess Beef quiet 1,550 at $8. Beef Hams dull. Sales 1 250 at $15 00 for State and Western. Cut Meats in good demand and firm for Shoulders, and heavy for Hams. 7½c for the former; 9@9½c for the latter. Bacon unchanged. Lard firm. 11¼@11½c. Butter steady. 12@16c New Ohio and 13@19 New State. Cheese quiet and unchanged; 6@11c inferior to Prime.

STOCKS—Firm and unchanged. R I 74½, C & T 30¾, G & C 6 ¾, Pan 115¼, M S Guar 56½ M S 13, M C 49¼, Reading 43½, Har 13¾, Erie 21¾, N Y C 81¾, Ill 43¼, Mil ? 10, Illinois Assented 2?, Cumb Co 14¼, ? 6?, Mail 98¼, N Y & N H Bonds 65, 98, I C Bonds 90¼, Erie bonds 73 49, N Y C 6s 95.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 1.

BREADSTUFFS.—Weather favorable for crops, causing but little enquiry and weak prices. Flour easier; rates unchanged. Wheat quiet and 1@2d lower. Red 10s 3d@11s. White 11s@12s 4d. Corn dull and 3d lower. Yellow 35s 6 @36s. White 30s 6d@37s. Beef quiet. Pork quiet. Old 57s 6d@60s. Bacon firm, with better request. Middles 52@54s. Lard dull; best freely offered at 60s. Sugar steady.

LATEST MARKETS VIA QUEENSTOWN.—Liverpool, Thursday, P. M.—Breadstuffs are very dull, owing to the weather being favorable to the crops. Provisions quiet. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, Thursday, P. M.—Consols closed 95¼@95¾, both money and account.

The Bank of England's rates of discount is without change.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, May 12th.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat drooping. Sales 6,000 bu White Canada on p. t. Corn scarce, and no sales. Other grains quiet.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Firm, owing to the scarcity of boats. Flour 28c; wheat 8c; Corn 6½c to New York.

IMPORTS—5,000 bush wheat; 9,300 bush corn.

EXPORTS—6,800 bbls flour, 15,400 bush wheat, 45,400 bush corn.

Two propellers which came through the Welland Canal since the lock was repaired, arrived here this morning.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED............May 12.

from Chicago direct to Boston, and will load the latter part of June. This makes a total of eight vessels this firm have chartered for this trade, and others will follow during the course of the season.

We learn also that the schooners West Wind and Fashion will load next week at Toledo for Boston.—[Detroit Free Press.

THE BAY STATE ASHORE.—We learn that the steamer Bay State was unfortunate at Toronto yesterday morning. In making port she ran into shallow water and went hard aground. Repeated attempts to release her were made, and our latest advices state without avail. We hope, however, that ere this she is again afloat.—[Oswego Times, 10th.

☞ The schooner Enterprise, bound down from Chicago, had her small boat stove in please Wednesday evening, while coming to alongside of a dock on the Canada side, in the river St. Clair. She was unable to procure another at this port, and proceeded on to Buffalo without any.—[Detroit Advertiser.

Lake Ports.

DETROIT, May 10.—Cleared, schr. Lady of the Lake, Stephens, Chicago.

BUFFALO, May 10.—Arrived, propellers Globe, Pratt, Chicago; Tonawanda, Palmer, do; Dacotah, Peiss, do; schr. Echo Parrish, Chicago. Cleared, propellers Free State, Rounds, Chicago; Galena, Steele, do.; Queen of the Lakes, Briggs, do; barks Invincible, Bowman, Chicago; Naomi, Jeffery, do.; Wm. Sturges, Faith, do; White Cloud, Elsey, do; Tom. Dyer, Stringleman, do; Echo, Parrish, do; Convoy, McKerdy, do.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED............May 11.

J. L. Alexander, Lockport, 3,411 bu corn, 100 bbls flour, 8,203 lbs bran and shorts.
Heamatha, LaSalle, 4,300 bu corn.

CLEARED............May 11.

Tide, Morris, 44,970 ft lumber, 2,166 cedar posts.
Col. Stearns, Athens, light.
Rescue, Athens, light.
Wm. Merriman, Morris, 75 bbls salt.

General Notices.

DURING CONVENTION Week, and continuing through the season,
VAN SCHAACK,
47 - - State Street - - 47.
Sign of the
GOLDEN TEA-KETTLE!
As agent for the Manufacturers, and Wholesale dealer, offers to the trade,
OUR FRUIT CAN FOR 1860!
Masser's Patent
ICE CREAM FREEZER!
Enameled Water Coolers,
Very nice.
STRIKER'S WATER FILTERS,
The best in the Market!
REFRIGERATORS!
ICE BOXES. BIRD CAGES.
BATHING APPARATUS, &C.
N. B.
All of the above at Retail, together with
Nearly Every Article Required by Housekeepers.
☞ Citizens and strangers are invited to make themselves acquainted with *the attractions of 47 State street*, the sign of the
Golden Tea-Kettle.
my14c345-6t.

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife and a few single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant front rooms and board at 81 Adams street. my8x1w

BOARDING.—A gentleman and his wife can find a pleasant front room and board at 218 Madison street. Also, rooms and board for a few single gentlemen. my5x1w

BOARD WITH PLEASANT ROOMS at Nos. 19 and 21 Michigan Avenue. Reference required.
A few Boarders can be accommodated at
163 Wabash Av. corner Monroe St.
Reference required. ap6c316m

CAUTION.—A Note payable to Dr. Seeley Brownell, for Fifty Dollars, signed by A. Carpenter, and payable six months from April 6th, 1860, having been fraudently obtained, this is to warn all persons against purchasing it, as it will not be paid by me.
Chicago, May 11th, 1860. A. CARPENTER.
my12x3t

MONEY TO LOAN —AT— 10 per Cent. for Five Years.
☞ Short Paper Discounted. ☜
de19 B. F. DOWNING & CO. 63 Clark-st.

TO BUILDERS.—Proposals will be received for the construction of a School House on the corner of Wabash avenue and Twelfth street, according to plans and specifications which may be seen at the office of G. P. Randall, Architect. The bids to be left under seal at the office of said architect on or before the 18th inst. The Board of Education reserves the right to accept any of the bids, or reject them all. W. H. WELLS,
m10c83-td Secretary Board of Education.

TO PARENTS—Rev. F. L. Capen having had several years experience in public and private teaching in Massachusetts, and more recently as the proprietor of the Young Ladies' Collegiate High School in Boston and with the most gratifying testimonials of success, would be happy to give instructions to a few private pupils, at their convenience, either in Elementary or higher studies. To parents of children in delicate health, of young ladies wishing to review or to pursue an advanced course, or of lads fitting for College or business, he would respectfully offer his services either in the Classics, the speaking of French, German, Spanish, Italian, or Modern Greek Languages; in Penmanship, Elocution, Drawing and Perspective; in History, Philosophy, Rhetoric, Metaphysics, or Mathematics. Studies optional. Satisfactory references given. Please address the subscriber, box 1225, Chicago post office. m10 F. L. CAPEN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS WITHIN ONE HUNDRED MILES OF CHICAGO, ILLS.
Apply to Geo. W. Newcomb & Co.,
ap20c128 d1mwtt Room No. 6—30 Dearborn street.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.—From the premises of the University of Chicago, at Cottage Grove a Dark Chesnut Colored Horse, fifteen and a half hands high, with a white stripe in his face and one hip much lower than the other. Whoever will return the said horse to the subscriber at the University shall be liberally rewarded. J. B. OLCOTT, Financial Agent. my11x3t

CHANCE FOR A DRUGGIST.—One of the best Drug Stores in the city furnished for Wholesale and Retail Trade, can be obtained at a low rent. If desired, a portion or whole of the stock will be sold at a great reduction on cost. Address post office box No. 350. my11x2w

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of W. A. Aiken & Co., are this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the partners is authorized to use the firm name in settlement.
WM. A. AIKEN.
JAMES K. BURTIS.
Chicago, May 11th, 1860. my11x1w

OFFICE CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
NEW YORK, May 2d, 1860.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company in the city of Chicago, State of Illinois, on Friday, the eighth day of June next, 1860.
The poll will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M., and closed at 12 M. HENRY FARNAM, Pres't.
F. H. TOWS, Secretary. my5c63 1d

BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, May 11

HOUSE.—The House agreed that when it adjourned to-day, it be till 3 o'clock Monday, in order to enable the members to witness the landing of the Japanese Embassy previous to that hour.

Mr. Grow moved to take up the bill to establish a temporary Government for Idahoe, which was on Thursday postponed till to-day.

Mr. Clark of Maryland raised a point of order, that the bill was yesterday laid on the table.

Mr. Grow said the bills were not identical, one requiring two thirds of the legislative assembly to overrule the veto of the Gov., and the other merely the majority.

The Speaker decided that the pending bill was not tabled yesterday.

Mr. Barksdale replied, if this decision was right, action on any bill could not be concluded.

Mr. Grow said there were fifteen or twenty thousand persons in Idahoe, and argued that if the general government has power to acquire territory, it is its duty to make arrangements by which settlers can be protected by an established government. This bill was the most meritorious one of the season.

Mr. Clark of Missouri said every foot of Idahoe is within the organized Territories of Utah, Kansas and Nebraska.

Mr. Case spoke in favor of the bill, saying Pike's Peak is nearly six hundred miles from the Capital of Kansas, and the people there now have their own provisional government in defiance of existing law. He contradicted Mr. Thayer's views about Territorial jurisdiction, and hinted that the latter was not sound in the Republican party faith.

Mr. Houston charged partisan motives on those who supported the series of territorial measures and moved to table the Idahoe bill. Carried by 91 against 78.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on territorial business. Several bills passed including those providing for the completion of the military roads in the territories of Washington and New Mexico.

Adjourned.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

FARTHER POINT, May 12.—The steamship Canadian, from Liverpool on the 2d, via Queenstown on the 3d inst., passed this point about 7 o'clock this evening. The Canadian's dates are one day later than those by the Fulton at New York.

LONDON, Thursday, P. M.—Advices from Messina of the 28th of April state that perfect tranquility prevails there, but that general discouragement also prevails. The number of persons arrested is considerable. The citadel and prisons are crowded to excess. Reports are very contradictory. It is said that a Neapolitan General had been captured by the insurgents; that the seat of Government is about to be transferred to Messina, and that the garrison at Palermo, though numbering 30,000 men, are afraid to proceed to the interior.

PARIS, Thursday.—The *Moniteur* publishes a note of M. Thouvenal's proving that the annexation of the neutral district of Savoy will not change the situation of Switzerland. He also announces a project concerning the tariff adopted by the legislative body on wool, cotton, and other raw materials.

The *Constitutionel* states that the only condition attached to the general amnesty granted by Spain is, that parties implicated must take an oath of allegiance to the Queen.

LONDON, Thursday.—The *Daily News* says that to-night will decide who, in the House of Commons is for reform, as the opposition to it is exhausted.

The *Times*, in a leader, says that if the exodus from Ireland continues, she will soon become English and the United States Irish, and that the new world is the true home of the Celtic race.

The *Daily News* of the 3d says the funds opened yesterday with an advance of ⅛c, but it was not supported. Consols closed for money and account at 95½@95⅝c. American railroad shares are attracting increased attention. Stocks generally firm, and confidence is stimulated by the influx of gold and the state of the discount market.

The Coroner's jury in the great Northern Railroad accident, have brought in a verdict of accidental death, adding that the railway was unsafe at the time of the accident.

The Bank of Belgium has reduced its rates of interest to 3 per cent.

Discount market easy at 4½; Consols 95½ to 95⅝.

The Bavaria arrived at Southampton on the 28th. The ship Garland, from Liverpool to Quebec, went on Campbelltown Rocks and it is expected she will be a total loss.

French markets very dull.

The English Government is negotiating for the Great Eastern to lay a cable between Singapore and Rangoon.

The Chinese are determined to dispute the passage of the allies to Pekin. Fourteen miles of fortification and 200,000 men are in arms.

It is said France proposed to Switzerland to relinquish her rights in reference to the neutralized districts of Savoy for 50,000,000 francs.

The bishops of the Romagna have received prohibition against taking any part in the reception of King Victor Emanuel.

The correspondent of the *Journal des Debats* was ordered to leave Rome by the Pope, but obtained delay for twenty days.

Advices from Naples say the Royal troops attacked the insurgents entrenched in the town of Carini, on the 18th. The fighting was desperate and continued for the three following days, when the Government troops received reinforcements and compelled the insurgents to retire to Partenicola, leaving 250 killed behind. The Royal troops had 300 killed.

The town of Carini was pillaged and set fire to.

Great misery prevails at Palermo.

Since the execution of 13 insurgents on the 20th, Neapolitan soldiers were surprised and hanged at Carini.

Letters assert that the Neapolitan army amount to 160,000.

The Porte has concluded a loan with a great Greek house at Constantinople for £700,000.

Tom Sayers was received at Liverpool on Monday with immense enthusiasm. The multitude took the horses from the cab and drew him in triumph from the railway station to Talbot Hotel. Several testimonials were presented him including a splendid cup, worth £25.

The crops presented a promising appearance.

Orders have been given by France to execute the plan of a railway from Nice to Genoa.

Senator Bell Speaks.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11.—A meeting was held this evening at the Constitutional Head Quar-

Arrival of the Fulton.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The steamship Fulton has arrived at New York with dates of the 2d, from Liverpool. The Niagara arrived out on the 30th. The Anglo-Saxon arrived at Queenstown on the 2d.

The ship Neptune, from New Orleans, went ashore at Wexford. Cargo likely saved.

Three hundred thousand pounds of Australian gold had been received in England.

Montemolin and Brother proposed to recognize the sovereignty of Queen Isabel.

The Freshet at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 12.—The flood has about subsided. So far no serious damage has been done beyond the filling of numerous cellars and flooding of the lower stories of buildings in portions of Halliday, Saratoga, Jay and Harrison streets and the Market place. In some places the water is from 4 to 7 feet deep. No serious damage is reported beyond the carrying off of fences, &c. No damage is reported on the Ohio Road. Trains are running without interruption.

Hon. A. H. Stephens defines his Position.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 12.—Hon. A. H. Stephens has written a letter in reply to several gentlemen of Macon, in which he sustains the principles of non-intervention, disapproves of the secession from the Charleston Convention, and recommends that delegates be sent to Baltimore.

The Overland Express.

LEAVENWORTH, May 12.—The report that the Overland Express Company have ceased running their coaches from this city is untrue. They are running a tri-weekly line hence to Denver and will continue to do so. An extensive drought is prevailing in this vicinity, and farmers are suffering severely.

Sailing of Steamers.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The steamship New York sailed to-day for Southampton and Bremen, with 340 passengers and $300,000 in specie. The City of Manchester for Queenstown and Liverpool took 231 passengers and $217,000 in specie. The New York took New Orleans mails of the 8th, and telegrams of the 11th.

Drought and Fires in New England.

BOSTON, May 12.—Excessive drought throughout New England is causing great trouble to farmers, who, in some parts of New Hampshire, drive cattle miles for water. Fires in the woods are also raging in many localities. At Hyannis, on the Cape, yesterday, a fire spread over one thousand acres of wood, and is still extending.

Land Slide on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.—The Agents of the Pennsylvania Railroad have bulletined a notice that in consequence of a land slide near Perrysville, the night train will be detained till 7½ o'clock Sunday morning, when the regular connexions will be made at Pittsburg for Chicago.

A Dead Lock.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.—The contested election case of Downing vs. Hutley, the People's candidate for City Comptroller, is at a dead lock in consequence of the mysterious disappearance of the tally list of 25 precincts from the prothonotary's office.

Fire.

MADISON, IND., May 12.—The dwelling-house of Mr. Miller, at Hanover, Ind., and its contents, was totally destroyed by fire last night. Loss $1,000. No insurance.

Rejoicing in Pennsylvania.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., May 12.—The news of the passage of the Tariff bill by the House, caused great rejoicing here. A salute of 100 guns was fired.

Arrival of the California Steamer.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The steamer North Star arrived at noon with mails, passengers and specie, which left San Francisco, April 20th.

Arrival of a Steamer.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The French steam Corvette Lucifer, from Havana for France, arrived at this port to day, for coal.

CHICAGO MILL-FURNISHING DEPOT.
T. W. Baxter & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FRENCH BURR
MILLSTONES,
Of All Quarries, and
C. W. Brown's Patent Portable
Flouring and Grist Mills,
And Dealers in
DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,
Smut Mills and Separators,
Separators for Warehouses,
Beltings of all kinds,
Hoisting Screws and Pails,
Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.
Fairbanks' Scales,
—AND—
MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.
Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire.
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.
The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of
GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATER TOWN, N. Y.,
would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and power; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

15 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,050
8 " "	675	25 " "	1,350
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.
Every Engine is furnished with
Judson's Patent Governor Valve.
For Flouring Mill we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will
Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel
over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply
WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT
P. PALMER'S,
112, 114 & 116 Lake Street,
—ON—
MANTILLAS, RAGLANS,
TRAVELING CLOAKS
—ALSO—
Silk and Dress Goods
At Less Prices than can be Purchased Elsewhere in this city.

Wholesale Dry Goods!
P. PALMER,
112, 114 & 116 LAKE STREET,
20,000
STARK MILL BAGS
—AT—
$24.00 per Hundred.
[ap12-e116-1m]

REFRIGERATORS AND ICE BOXES,
OF THE VERY BEST KIND, AT
71 - - - - - - LAKE STREET - - - - - - 71
WATER COOLERS,
WITH FILTER ATTACHED, OR WITHOUT.
Masser's Five Minute Ice Cream Freezer, Japanned Ware, Tea Canisters, Grocer's Canisters, Lamps, Toilet Sets, Chamber Pails, &c.,
AT 71 LAKE STREET.
Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!
AT 71 LAKE STREET.
Plain Tin Ware, Wholesale or Retail.
A complete assortment of Housekeeping Goods may be found at
ALLEN & DALTON'S
71.......................Lake Street.......................71
ap21c139-2m

PARENTS AND GUARDIANS!
☞ 1860 ☜
NEW STYLES BOYS CLOTHING at Putnam's.
BOYS CLOTHING At Putnam's.
NEW STYLES BOYS CLOTHING at Putnam's.
FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING FOR Men and Boys, GO TO THE
EASTERN CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
116 . . Randolph Street . . 116
ap4b991 4m

BARNUM'S GREAT
VARIETY STORE
Re-opened at 138 Lake street,
With an entire NEW STOCK of
TOYS, FANCY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
WILLOW WARE,
FISHING TACKLE,
Worsteds of all kinds, &c., &c.
WHOLESALE BUYERS
SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
BARNUM BROTHERS.
my7-65-1y

WALL PAPERS
SELLING
CHEAPEST IN TOWN.
F. E. RIGBY,
81............RANDOLPH STREET............81
ap2 c125-3m

NEW STORE.—NEW GOODS.
WARNER & RUST,
Wholesale dealers in
Wooden and Willow Ware, Brooms and Broom Materials, Tubs, Pails, Churns and Bowls,
And Goods generally kept in the line. For goods and particulars inquire at
No. 6 Dearborn street, Chicago.
S. W. WARNER. [ap10 1y] H. N. RUST.

1860 MAY FIRST. 1860

The people of Chicago already manifest a due appreciation of the influence of the bakery in promoting the growing Christian spirit of the age. That being a subject of more interest to them than to know what church or party the stockholders are severally connected with. The Mechanical Bakery has been in operation about two years, and we say, without fear of successful contradiction, that the purchasers and consumers of bread and crackers in this city and surroundings have been saved *ten hundred thousand dollars* by its influence.

This great benefit has mainly accrued to the laboring classes. The bakery is now filling orders for points heretofore much beyond the influence of Chicago trade.—Many of the leading business men located in the various towns and cities in twelve States and Territories of the North and West are now being supplied with crackers from Chicago. In conclusion, we feel justified in saying that were the thousands now *unemployed* as *well employed* and *well paid* as the operatives at the Mechanical Bakery, we should soon have done hearing that stereotyped phrase, "hard times." "Where can I get employment, *without regard to price?*" is the question most frequently asked of business men and manufacturers for the past two or three years. Will our city papers, who should always have an ear for the wrongs (and a will to right them) of the laboring classes, give the much needed information?

Respectfully and truly,

HENRY CLAY CHILDS, Supt.

P. S.—Will the dailies that published an account of the *strike* copy the above, or make correction?

[Communicated.]

CHICAGO, May 17, 1860.

Editors Press & Tribune:

A request for more precise information on certain points adverted to in my letter, appeared in your paper of yesterday. I am sorry I had not time to solve those anxious doubts immediately; will you permit me to do so now?

1st. I do not style myself Professor—your correspondent does me too much honor.

2d. The direction (you made me say "elevation") of Mars, not his shadow, was advised to be marked on the smallest board. I then stated that the time of coincidence of the sun's shadow with this mark would be the instant of solar noon. This is true. A man who is astronomer enough to be able to compute eclipses and occultations is not probably ignorant of the fact that the planet would cast no shadow.

3d. The shadow of the greater luminary (the sun) could not have been visible, he being below the horizon at the time stated. Your correspondent errs in supposing Mars to be a luminary.

4th. I did not propose the hoards as an efficient substitute for his "first class sextant;" I wrote for the information of that numerous class who neither possess such an instrument nor know how to use one.

5th. I did not give a "method of constructing a meridian line," but directions for finding certain points in the place of the meridian. I did however say, and truly, that an opportunity was afforded to construct such a line, or verify one already laid down.

E. COLBERT.

NEW CLIFTON HOUSE.—In another column will be found the advertisement of a new Lake street Clothing House, that of Messrs. Smith & Prind e, who have just opened an extensive and beautiful stock of merchant tailoring goods at No. 121 Lake street. For a long course of years the house of Charles Smith & Co., of Northampton, was known and of enviable fame throughout Western Massachusetts, as having no superiors in their line. Their re establishment of themselves in Chicago will be to reproduce their former success here, to which end the admirable and extensive assortment of Cloths and *Ready* Made Clothing, and the skillful workmen they have secured, will at the outset prove a guarantee. We commend the house and its inducements to our readers.

They have come to Chicago at a favorable time for opening their trade, and have selected a location surpassed by none in the city.

No. 87 CLARK STREET.—Lovers of the weed in its highest state of perfection, and aware of the skill and taste of Jemee Duffy, formerly of Corbia & Co., in such matters, will rejoice to learn that he has just opened his new Cigar and Tobacco establishment at No. 87 Clerk street, with a superb stock of imported cigars and manufactured tobacco of all varieties. We need only to give this piece of information as abundant and all that is needed to secure a "run" on No. 87, and a removal of deposite, from single cigars to bunches and boxes.

NEW MUSIC.—Messrs. Root & C ady, No. 95 Clerk street, send us new music as follows, their recent publications:

"*Les Zephyrs du Matin*," or Zephyrs of Morning.

"*The Outward Bound*," No. 8 of Four Part Songs, by well known authors.

"*Bright Eyed Little Nell of Naragansett Bay*," a ballad of the Forecastle.

"*Here in this Moonlit Bower*," by John O'Reilly, music by Chas. McEroy.

THE CITY MISSION.—A settled woman of active habits and fully competent, wishes a situation as housekeeper. She is a clergyman's widow and has one child. Apply to Rev. E. H. Tuttle, City Missionary, 86 North Franklin street.

Acknowledgments—B. A. Tormer, Esq., barrel flour, E. B. McCagg, Esq., $25, to make up part of last winter's indebtedness.

RENOVAL.—Messrs. L. S. Platt & Co. have removed from their former stand on State street to No. 65 Randolph street, and are in readiness for any orders in the Fruit, Oyster, Fish and Game line. This hint as to their well supplied store will prove of use to our housekeepers during Convention week.

THE MUSICAL UNION.—The Musical Union give their grand musical entertainment to-morrow evening, at Metropolitan Hall.

The great train on the Michigan Southern Railroad, which, sweeping along the South shore of Lake Erie, will bring an immense party gathered from New York, Ohio, and other States, will arrive at 10 o'clock, and to this, should both trains arrive promptly, our citizens can devote their attention, though we hear of no formal reception proposed, save from Reception Committees of the several States, who will be on the look out for their delegations.

The Pennsylvania delegation is to arrive tomorrow morning, and it is desired that the Pennsylvanians of our city meet at the Briggs *House to-morrow*, to proceed to the depot of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad to receive the delegation at 8 a. m. On every side we hear the bustle of preparation, and a busy week will be begun when this reaches our readers,—a week most notable in the annals of our city.

PERSONAL—RICHMOND HOUSE.—The following gentlemen, delegates to the National Convention, with their friends, arrived on Saturday evening, and are stopping at the Richmond House: Thurlow Weed, Geo. Dawson, J. B. Elwood, Geo. W. Schuyler, Owen W. Brennan, Andrew Hlakely, J. B. Williams, W. W. Shepard and Col. James C. Pinkney, from New York; S. H. Smith, T. H. Dudley, Edward Bettle, J. J. Blair, J. Ingham, Hon. J. F. Sherman, H. N. Conger, Hon. Thomas Cummings, W. W. Vorhies, P. Ludlam and Hon. R. K. Matlock, from New Jersey; Hon. George Cogswall, Gen. E. P. Stone, Hon. A. C. Mayhew, Hon. William Claflin, and Sam. Bowles, from Massachusetts; Hon. N. H. Darfee and Hon. Rowland G. Hazard, from Rhode Island; Hon. J. W. North, S. P. Jones, Jno. McCusick, D. A. Secombe and Hon. Stephen Miller, from Minnesota.

At the Tremont House are: Gov. Morgan, N. Y.; Hon. L. C. Comins, Mass.; Ex-Gov. Corwin, Ohio; Gov. Dennison, Ohio; Hon. George Ashmun, Mass.; Hon. Jesse K. Dubois, Ill.; Hon. D. Dudley Field, N. Y.; Hon. James Kelly, Chairman, N. Y. Central Com.; Hon. Geo. Opdyke, N. Y.; Hon. H. S. Lane, Ind.; Hon. D. D. Conover, N. Y.; Hon. H. Barney, do; Hon. J. S. Strauhan, do; Hon. O. H. Matteson, do; Hon. H. H. Vandyke, do; Hon. J. H. Wooster, do; Hon. D. K. Carter, Ohio; Hon. E. G. Spalding, N. Y.; Hon. Benj. Welch, do; Hon. A. P. Stone, Ohio; Hon. A. P. Russell, do; Hon. O. M. Hatch, Ill.; Hon. Wm. Butler, do; Hon. A. Fitch, N. Y.; Hon. Jno. A. Gray, do; G. W. Fishback, Mo.; Maj. S. K. Kidd, do; Judge Marshall, Ill.; Judge Davis, do; Hon. C. Z. Goodrich, Mass; Hon. Robt. Stewart, N. Y.; J. A. Calvert, Esq., Ky.; N. W. Bellard, Esq., N. Y.

Among the arrivals at the Briggs House are: Hon. Thad. Stevens, of Penn.; Hon. E. H. Rollins, of N. H.; Hon. J. Eckley, J. Donald Cameron, Hon. S. A. Purseurance, Col. John. M. Sullivan, Pa.

The Wide-Awakes.

The Wide-Awakes are to meet at the Cadets Hall in Garrett Block this evening at 7 o'clock, to be in readiness for escort duty to receive delegations from Eastern States. All young men desirous of joining the same, will find equipments at J. A. Smith & Co.'s, on Lake street, and "fall in" for drill this evening.

WIGWAM HONORS.—We understand from the Building Committee on the Wigwam that our enterprising furniture dealers, Messrs. Sheerer, Paine & Strong, No. 103 Randolph street, have kindly offered the use of an elegant large oak chair for the presiding officer of the Convention, and other such furniture as may be wanted, for which they will receive the thanks of the Committee and all good Republicans.

THE CONNECTICUT HEADQUARTERS.—Residents of Chicago are requested to register their names at the office of L. D. Olmstead, corner of Lake and Lasalle streets, as soon as possible.

The Connecticut papers can be found on file at that place during the present week, and all information concerning the Delegates to the Convention, and other visitors from "the land of steady habits."

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S MINSTRELS.—The excellent minstrel troupe of Messrs. Hooley & Campbell will hold their series of concerts at Kingsbury Hall throughout the week. Their programmes are select, their music choice, and there will be a rush.

J. G. OAKLEY.—The new quarters of J. G. Oakley at No. 113 Randolph street, in Kingsbury Block, will be found by all lovers of choice cigars, stored with everything in that line of the finest and most select class.

Auction Sales this Morning.

Furniture, Carpets, &c., by Gilbert & Sampson, Auctioneers, 82 Lake street.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

☞ Trunks, Valises, and Traveling bags—a large assortment—manufactured by W. & G. S. Wright, 61 and 219 Clark street. my141w

☞ Ludlin & Brown have moved from No. 12 to No. 52 State street. They have on hand a good supply of Pork and Beef Hams. my 12-61*

FARE REDUCED.—The Michigan Southern and Lake Shore R. R. will run a fast train between

Hall Sheet Pap Size, at PRESS & TRIBUNE OFFICE. Price $2.5.
my4-2w Address WM. H. RAND.

FOR SALE.—The School Building, No. 26 Harrison street, near State. It may be fitted up for private dwelling or business house, with very little expense. A 60, n large main room—good School furniture for sale. Apply to W. O. Boz 308, or to DARCLAY BROS., 206 Lake street. my11xlw

FOR SALE.—To Railroad Men.—The LOCOMOTIVE COLUMBIANA, built by Norris, 6 or 8 years old, in good running order. Will be sold very cheap for cash, or exchange for other property. Inquire of R. P. RUCHINSON, 279 So. Water street. mh31 2m

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A complete SET OF SODA FOUNTAIN FIXTURES. HALSEY & LING, 168 Clark street.

FOR SALE.—Cheap, the new Cottage House (frame) and lot, on a space lease, No. 239 South Clinton street. A desirable residence and locality. Good garden yard and water fixtures attached. Sold cheap for cash, or a part on short time, second. App y on the premises, or to the subscriber at the office of Carroll & Jackson, 65 South Clark street, or Lake street.
m26-3t im JAMES A. JOHNSON.

BRICK FOR SALE,
60,000
For sale low at Lake street Mills, Nos. 141 and 143 West Lake street. lo:101 STEVENS & NORRIS

FOR SALE—At half price,
A VERY LARGE DESK,
Suitable for Bank, Broker or Wholesale House.
Inquire at 34 Clark street. mh26'60 tf

NEW AND SECOND
Hand Pianos for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Organs for Churches, Halls, Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments promptly attended. All kinds of Musical Instruments repaired at short notice.
115 Lake street—near Clark.

MILL FOR SALE.—The fine Water Mill known as the "Aqueduct Mill," in Ottawa, La Salle County, Ill. This Mill has a run of four and one half Burr Stones with modern cleaning Apparatus for Corn, and a full set of Merchant Rolls, a 40 inch Cumberbolt, with Corn and Buckwheat Bolts, together with a complete machine for kiln drying Corn Meal. Also, a double Picking Machine, worked by the mill. The business, with mill out in full, or will rent all an interest, or will exchange for improved real Estate in Chicago. GEO. MANN, Proprietor. For terms inquire of GEO. H. NORRIS, Real Estate Office, No. 58 Lasalle street. Apl6w m

Wanted.

WANTED—A commodious Sitting Office Desk. Address Post Office Box 1420. mp18-620x3d

WANTED—A Furnished House on the North or South Side, of medium size, pleasantly located, and having cistern water. Address, stating terms and location, Box 142 Post Office. my12x3t

WANTED—A few good Agents to travel with a Patented article which will meet with a ready sale, and net a handsome profit. Apply to HALSEY & KING, 168 Clark street. ap26-204 4w

WANTED—A gentleman and wife or two or three single gentlemen, wishing for the comforts of a home where there is no family and no other boarders (near the Lake preferred). Address, stating terms, box 1818 post office. References exch'd. my5xlw

WANTED—To dispose of to a man with $500, a half interest in a valuable Patent for this State, which will pay over one hundred per cent. Satisfactory reasons will be given why it will be disposed of. Apply at 111 Dearborn street. my11x3t

WANTED—A first class dwelling with modern improvements, on Michigan or Wabash avenue, between 14w 18th street and Chicago River, for which $5,000 cash will be paid in hand—balance in one year. GEO. H. NORRIS, Real Estate Agent, 58 Lasalle street.

WANTED—COOPERAGE—The subscriber will advance on Packing Barrels received by him in store, or to be received, HOOP POLES, STAVES AND HEADINGS Bought and for sale. GEO. A. SEAVERNS, 16 29 6 8 3m 72 Dearborn street.

DRUG CLERK WANTED.—A young man who has had 3 or 4 years experience in a Retail store. J. H. REED & CO. my16-636 3t

$25,000 OF CITY SCRIP WANTED. Store and basement to let. Also, offices and lodging rooms. B. F. SHERMAN, Room 18—121 Dearborn street. m8 2m 3w

SPECIAL NOTICE.—A Stock of Dry Goods Wanted
By Eastern parties wishing to engage in the business. A large wholesale stock preferred. A liberal payment will be made in cash and merchandise, and balance in improved Western real estate. Will remain in the city one week. Parties seeking such an opportunity will please address "DRY GOODS," P. O. Box 2334. my12-615-1w

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.
Wanted for service on our Frontiers, young, able-bodied men, of good character, to whom will be given good pay, board, clothing and medical attendance. Pay ranging from
$11 to $22 per Month,
ACCORDING TO MERIT.
Recruiting Rendezvous at 166 South Clark street. ap17-696-3m J. W. ALLEY, 1 lieut. 3d Infantry.

A MAN OF TWELVE YEARS experience in the Lumber Trade in Chicago, (as salesman, book-keeper and general manager), will close his present engagement on the 10th inst. Such influence as he has in the city and country he will bring to any firm that will give him employment. Having had much experience in compounding mutual claims, would not object to going into the country for that purpose if the interest of the House required it. Address W. P., Box 4340, Chicago, Ill. m22 2m

Boarding.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms and Board. Also, day board, can be obtained at 57 Washington street. my9xlw

BOARDING.—Board wanted by a Gentleman, Lady and Child, in a pleasant location in a private family where there are but few boarders. Address Box 3988, stating terms. my11x3t

BOARDING.—A gentleman and lady, or two single gentlemen, can obtain board and pleasant rooms at 143 West Washington street. Terms moderate, and all the conveniences of a home. my11-3x

BOARDING.—Two Gentlemen or a gentleman and lady, can be accommodated with board and pleasant front rooms, at No. 162 Madison st., at the head of Lasalle. Also, wanted four day boarders. my14-3x

BOARDING—A pleasant suite of Rooms in a central location, with board for gentleman and lady or small family. Also a room with board for a gentleman and lady or two gentlemen. Address Post Office box 1366. my9-1w2.

Worsteds of all kinds, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE BUYERS
SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
BARNUM BROTHERS.
my7'60-1y

WALL PAPERS
SELLING
CHEAPEST IN TOWN.
F. E. RIGBY,
61.....RANDOLPH STREET.....61
ap2 4192-3m

NEW STORE.—NEW GOODS.
WARNER & RUST,
Wholesale dealers in
Wooden and Willow Ware, Brooms and Broom Materials, Tubs, Pails, Churns and Bowls,
And Goods generally kept in the line. For goods and terms call at
No. 6 Dearborn street, Chicago.
S. W. WARNER. [apl6 1y] D. N. RUST.

1860 MAY FIRST. 1860
Now is the Time for
WALL PAPERS
CHEAP FOR CASH!
Call and examine stock before purchasing elsewhere.
F. J. O. W'S,
70.....LAKE STREET.....70
mh'60-2y-10

STRAWS
For Sherry Cobblers
—OR—
LEMONADES,
BY THE
100, 1,000 or Barrel,
AT
PEUGEOT'S
GREAT VARIETY STORE,
No. 111 Randolph Street,
KINNSBURY BLOCK.

W. W. KIMBALL,
DEALER IN
PIANO FORTES & MELODEONS.
☞ New Pianos from the best Eastern Manufactories for $150 to $600.
PIANOS TO RENT.
OLD PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW.
99 . . . CLARK STREET . . . 99
ap29tf1 y

100 BXS. MALAGA LEMONS; 60 boxes Palermo do., at the lowest figure. J. W. DUANE & CO. Dearborn st.

2500 LBS. GUM DROPS, and a fresh and large assortment of New York Confectionery. HIAMS & CO. 78 Dearborn st.

1500 BXS. LAYER & M. R. RAISINS, new crop.
500 half boxes do do
500 quarter boxes do do
At low figures by J. W. DUANE & CO.

1,000 LBS. FIGS, new crop, in fancy boxes and drums, just arrived. J. W. DUANE & CO.

100 CHESTS BLACK AND GREEN TEA, all prices, 75 half chests Black and Green Tea. J. W. DUANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

RAISINS—500 Quarter, Half and Whole Boxes M. R. and Layer Raisins, in store, WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 South Water street.

150 Bbls. PLANTATION, FOR TO RIFFINED SUGARS, MOLASSES, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

100 Bbls. NEW YORK SYRUP for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water st.

300 Bags RIO and JAMAICA COFFEE for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water st.

100 Packets O. G. JAVA COFFEE, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water st.

300 HF. Chests TEA, assorted qualities. PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

500 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR landing and very low. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

100 Bbls. CHOICE PLANTATION MOLASSES. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO

200 Bbls. REBOILED PLANTATION MOLASSES. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

300 Bbls. SYRUP, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

500 Bags RIO & JAMAICA COFFEE. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1500 HF. CHESTS TEA, Assorted qualities and low prices. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

Bedsteads, Bedsteads, Bedsteads.
Holdings constantly
Holding Screws and Feet,
Bran Dusters, Peels, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.
Fairbanks' Scales,
AND
MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.
Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam Mills and Machinery contracted for entire.
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.
The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, offer the manufactory of
GOULDING, SADLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.,
would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior engines of Steam power, varying in high powers, but not less than twenty. The following are a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, Injector, Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

15 horse power	$800	30 horse power			$1,200
20 " "	850	35 " "			1,400
25 " "	925	40 " "			1,475
30 " "	1,000	50 " "			1,600
40 " "	1,150	60 " "			2,200

and the like proportion for large reliefs is required.
Every Engine is furnished with
Judson's Patent Governor Valve.
For Floors Mill we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will
Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel
over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We had keeps a constant assortment of these Boilers at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply
WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c.,
At very low prices.
T. W. BANTER & CO.,
Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago.
☞ Mill office address Box 571. m 8 '60 1y

THOMAS GEORGE,
225 Lake Street,
(Cor. of Franklin,)
Having disposed of his old stock at 201 Lake street, has removed to
225 Lake Street Cor. of Franklin,
Where he offers for sale a large and complete assortment of Housekeeping Goods, consisting in part of
WINSHIPS
Self-Ventilating Refrigerator,
The best thing of the kind ever manufactured, to which the attention of every housekeeper is respectfully invited. Ice Boxes, Water Coolers with filter stands, as well as a very cheap article of Refrigerator, with water stands, without

holders" of this manufactory as *ever working and under paying* their employees, since the public have been treated to so much pertaining to the affairs of this company, they will excuse me for giving the facts relative to the *strike* and the position that this company occupies as connected with those in its employ. Their calumnious occurrence christened *The Bakers' Strike* was a combination of six journeymen in the order to be sentenced to get their wages advanced to *good tem's prices*. Five of them finding that the concessions were all made in time and the wheels of the "Mechanical oven" performed their wont (revolution) at their own solicitation) returned to their several posts at the former prices. The occurrence did not in the least disturb the employ only in other departments, nor the proprietors or men in charge at the Bakery.

The company employ about seventy persons in the various departments of baking, and as delivery men, clerks, agents, book keepers, &c.

The "ten hour" system as been adopted in every department in which it is practicable to introduce it, and the time is but one exception,—that of last bread. All *bakers* and *good housewives* know that bread-making cannot be limited by hours and minutes. The state of the atmosphere affects the *rising*, and retards or accelerates the manufacture, causing the men to "wait on the dough," (a baker's phrase,) and they may at times (not often) be found at work and waiting twelve to fourteen hours, having opportunity to leave the Bakery to get their meals. Their average working time does not exceed nine hours per day. The cracker makers, who have chented so much notice, commence at seven a. m., and stop work one hour for dinner, and quit work at five P. M. Wages one dollar per day. Thus instead of "fourteen hours at seven cents an hour," their working time does not exceed nine hours per day, and instead of *seven, eleven cents per hour*. The company has said *join* the operative bakers, in every department, one dollar per day through the winter, and are still paying the same. The foremen of different departments more proportionate to their skill and the responsibility of the place they occupy. Boys in the packing department have seventy-five cents per day of ten hours. All the operatives in the company's employ are paid each every week—The company will have none but competent and faithful men; some of them have been in the employ of members of this company for the last seven years, and most of the journeymen and foremen in this company's employ since the bakery was established. No one is employed or discharged on account of religious or political predelections.

I am not acquainted with all the Stockholders and cannot vouch for their religious or political opinions. I am confident that politics, as that term is usually received, was not the basis upon which the Mechanical Bakery Company was formed. Yet, though the manufactory is in a free city, and operates only by free labor, and the stockholders expect a political party slang, I presume they will not abandon the enterprise on account of any partisan abuse.

The people of Chicago already manifest a due appreciation of the influence of the bakery in improving and cheapening the price of bread. That being a subject of more interest to them than to know what church or party the stockholders are severally connected with. The Mechanical Bakery has been in operation about two years, and we say, without fear of successful contradiction, that the purchasers and consumers of bread and crackers in the city and surroundings have been saved of *ten hundred thousand dollars* by its influence.

This great benefit has mainly accrued to the laboring classes. The bakery is now filling orders for points heretofore much beyond the influence of Chicago trade.—Many of the leading business men located in the various towns and cities in twelve States and Territories of the North and West are now being supplied with *crackers from* Chicago. In conclusion, we feel justified in saying that were the thousands now *unemployed* as well *employed* and *well paid* as the operatives at the Mechanical Bakery, we should soon have done hearing that stereotyped phrase, "hard times." "Where can I get employment, *without regard to price?*" is the question most frequently asked of business men and manufacturers for the past two or three years. Will our city papers, who should always have an ear for the wrongs (and a will to right them) of the laboring classes, give the much needed information?

Respectfully and truly,

HENRY CLAY CHILDS, Sup't.

P. S.—Will the dailies that published an account of the *strike* copy the above, or make correction?

[Communicated.]

CHICAGO, May 12, 1860.

Editors Prest & Tribune:

A request for more precise information on certain points adverted to in my letter, appeared in your paper of yesterday. I am sorry I had not time to solve these anxious doubts immediately; will you permit me to do so now?

1st. I do not stile myself Professor—your correspondent does me too much honor.

2d. The direction (you made me ear "cleavion") of Mars, not his shadow, was advised to be marked on the walnut board. I then stated that the time of coincidence of the sun's shadow with this mark would be the instant of solar noon. This is true. A man who is astronomer enough to be able to compute eclipses and occultations is not probably ignorant of the fact that the placet would cast no shadow.

3d. The shadow of the greater luminary (the sun) could not have been visible, he being below the horizon at the time stated. Your correspondent errs in supposing Mars to be a luminary.

4th. I did not propose the boards as an efficient substitute for his "first class sextant;" I wrote for the information of that numerous class who neither possess such an instrument nor know how to use one.

5th. I did not give a "method of constructing a meridian line," but directions for finding certain points in the place of the meridian. I did however say, and truly, that an opportunity was afforded to construct such a line, or to verify one already laid down.

E. COLBERT.

NEW CLOTHING HOUSE.—In another column will be found the advertisement of a new Lake street Clothing House, that of Messrs. Smith & Prind e, who have just opened an extensive and beautiful stock of merchant tailoring goods at No. 121 Lake street. For a long course of years the house of Charles Smith & Co., of Northampton, was known and of enviable fame throughout Western Massachusetts, as having no superiors in their line. Their re establishment of themselves in Chicago will be to reproduce their former success here, to which end the admirable and extensive assortment of Cloths and Ready Made Clothing, and the skillful workmen they have secured, will at the outset prove a guarantee. We commend the house and its inducements to our readers.

They have come to Chicago at a favorable time for opening their trade, and have selected a location surpassed by none in the city.

No. 37 CLARK STREET.—Lovers of the weed in its highest state of perfection, and aware of the skill and taste of James Duffy, formerly of Corbin & Co., in such matters, will rejoice to learn that he has just opened his new Cigar and Tobacco establishment at No. 37 Clark street, with a superb stock of imported cigars and manufactured tobacco of all varieties. We need only to give this piece of information as abundant and all that is needed to secure a "run" on No. 37, and a removal of deposits, from single cigars to bunches and boxes.

NEW MUSIC.—Messrs. Root & Cady, No. 95 Clark street, send us new music as follows, their recent publications:

"*Les Zephyrs du Matin*," or Zephyrs of Morning.

"*The Outward Bound*," No. 3 of Four Part Songs, by well known authors.

Flour, Wht, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barly,
bbls. bu. bu. bu. bu. bu.

To Buffalo	6'0	18200			
To Oswego	910	106	...	18	...
To Ogdensburgh					
To Port Colborne					
To Tonawanda					
To Kingston					
To other ports					
Total	1540	18306	...	873	...

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO DAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Mdse, lbs	310,000	Hay, tons	...
Oil, bbls	10	Pork, bbls	30
Fish, bbls	1	Beef, bbls	50
Flour, bbls, equal	1	Hickory, bbls	72
Rye, bu	970	Oats, bu	550
Corn, bu	100,000	Flour, bbls	540
Wood, cords	34	Corn, bu	131,670
Shingles, M	40,000	Whisky, bbls	2
Lumber, feet	3,230,000	Hams, lbs	9
Stores, No	159,000	Bacon, lbs	10
Lath, No	100,000	Tallow, lbs	10
Railroad ties, No	4,442	Wheat, bu	11,000
Wool, lbs	1,000	Potatoes, bu	106
Oak Plank	30 00		

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL YESTERDAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Corn, bu	2,741	Lumber, ft	14,973
Millst-fs, lbs	8,203	Coal or peat, s	2,750
Flour, brls	300	Salt, brls	76

The Corn market, which during the present week has been unusually quiet and steady, was decidedly active and buoyant—prices having advanced 1c over the prevailing figures of yesterday. Upwards of 110,000 bushels changed hands, at 52¼c for medium Canal sflint; 53@54c for No. 1 in store; 51@52c for No. 2 in store—closing quiet and steady at 53½c for No. 1. The receipts by Canal were very trifling, and there was no River corb offered. Wheat opened rather tame, and buyers held off with a view to decline; but holders were firm and the ruling prices yesterday were freely paid—$1.11@1.11½ for No. 1 Spring; and $1.10 for No. 2 Spring, only about 13,000 bushels having changed hands. Flour was in fair request and the market steady, with sales of Spring extra at $4.80@5.40, and Superfine at $4.00@4 50. Oats were in good demand and firm at 32c in store. Rye scarce and firm. Barly quiet. Highbrines were in better request and the market firmer—sales being effected at 18½c. Timothy Seed still in demand at $3.25@3.50, and scarce.

Vessels are still scarce, and owners are firmer—though shippers are holding off. Two vessels were engaged, one to Port Colborne with wheat at 4½c, and one with corn to Buffalo at the same price.

SHIPMENTS AT OSWEGO BY CANAL.—The following table shows the shipmets of a few leading articles by canal, during the week ending May 7th, 1860:

Flour, brls	20,476	Pork, brls	235
Wheat, bu	89,585	Beef	120
Corn	388,866	Butter, lbs	4,360
Oats	18,000	Lard	2,000
Barley	21,816	Bacon	21,175
Rye	4,000	Ashes, cwt	3,352½

The tolls received on property shipped from this port for the first week in May were $12,902.00.

BUFFALO MARKET, May 10.—Receipts 12,000 brls flour; 1,362 bu wheat; 9,500 bu corn; 4,891 bu barley. Shipped, 1,845 brls flour; 36,265 bu wheat; 115,224 bu corn. The *Express* of yesterday says:

There was a fair demand for flour yesterday, and the market firmer, especially for the better grades. Sales 1,000 brls at $5.25@5.44 for extra State and Canadian, from spring wheat; $5.44@5.50 for extra Illinois and Wisconsin; $5.75@6.00 for extra ohio and Indiana; $5.25 @6 75 for double extras. Best double extra now held at $7. Wheat dull and spring lower. Sale of 10,000 bu Chicago spring at $1.14. Corn firmer, good demand and market steady Sales since our last, 90,000 bu at 54@55c. Oats steady; sales 1,000 bu Canadian bagged at 37c. Barley nominal at 65@70c. Rye do at 80@82c. Peas in fair request; sale 150 bush at 85c. Clover selling at $4 75@5 00; Timothy at $4. Whisky quiet. A sale of 170 brls reported at 20c; now held at 21c. Canal Freights—10c on flour; 11½c on wheat, and 10½c on corn, to New York.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Receipts, 25,780 bbls flour, 7,928 bu wheat, 13,430 bu corn; 2,420 oats.

OCEAN FREIGHTS AT NEW YORK, May 10.—To Liverpool—20,000 bu wheat and corn were shipped at 6d in bulk, and 6¼d ship's bags; space for 15,000 bu was re-let at these rates, and at the close there was a report of a shipment of wheat at 6¼d in ship's bags. To London by packet—6,000 tcs beef at 48 6d; 100 bbls bacon at 30s. To Glasgow—8,000 bu peas in shipper's bags at 6¼d. The shipments of corn, wheat and pork yesterday to Liverpool, were 50,000 bu, not 5,000 as printed.

BOSTON MARKETS, May 10.—The receipts of Corn have been light and the market is firm, but the demand is moderate; sales of yellow at 60@64c; mixed and white at 61@62c ⅌ bushel. Oats are in steady demand; Sales of Northern and Canada at 45@46c; Prince Edward Island at 40c ⅌ bushel. Rye is selling at 92@94c ⅌ bushel. Shorts are steady at $20@22; Fine Feed at $22@26 ⅌ ton. White Beans are with out change; sales of common at 75@81c; blue pod at $1 10@1.15; extra pea and marrowfat at $1.30@2 ⅌ bushel. Canada Peas are selling at 82@85c ⅌ bushel.

NEW ORLEANS, May 9—P. M.—Flour unchanged and dull. Mess Pork firm but quiet. Lard dull and prices nominal. Bacon steady with a moderate demand at 7½@10c for Shoulders and Sides. Whisky unchanged and dull. Sugar still but unchanged; fair fair 7½c. Molasses has further declined, the market closing dull at 34c for prime reboiled.

LARGE EXPORTS PREDICTED.—The New York *Tribune* of Thursday contains the following:—

"An important feature in adding strength to the market to-day, especially in Western shares, is the impression that is gaining ground that there is to be a large extra demand for cereals during the present year, which will give the grain roads a largely increased traffic in freights. There is a great surplus of corn remaining of the last crop in the West, which is available for export, and which must come forward to tide water. The accounts from England indicate the probability that all the cereals we can spare will be needed, and some of our most prominent grain operators predict a larger export in 1860 than in any year since the famine of 1847."

TRANSPORTATION OF CATTLE.—The New York *Tribune* of Thursday says:

"Mark Coleman drove 140 miles, from Missouri to Quincy, and then came in cars via Chicago, Detroit, Suspension Bridge, and Albany, here, for $196 a car. He won't come that route again, because his cattle were kept 35 hours on the cars from the Bridge to Albany, and because, with rare exceptions, the drovers on the New York Central are stowed into cabooses unfit for pig pens, and because at the breakfasting place the fare is just fit for pigs."

ST. LOUIS MARKETS, May 10.—Receipts by River, 2,982 sks corn, 305 brls flour, 4,722 sks wheat. Wheat—The market was kept up against decline to-day, by small receipts; sales of 204 sks spring at $1.07@1.10; 102 sks spring and club at $1.12; 261 sks club at $1.11@1.13; 1,437 sks choice do at $1.14@1.15; 40 sks extra choice do at $1.18; 175 sks inferior fall at $1.04@1.17; 81 sks good fall at $1.35; 117 sks prime white at $1.45, and 100 sks prime fall at $1.46. Corn—The market was rather heavy, but prices were very nearly sustained for all grades; sales 1,775 sks mixed at 53@58c; 259 sks mixed white, part delivered, and 245 sks yellow at 57c; 270 sks mixed, 225 sks mixed white, and 50 sks yellow at 58c; 415 sks mixed at 59c, part delivered; 643 sks mixed white at 60@61½c; 365 sks white at 66c; 250 sks p. t. and 300 do white at 72c delivered. Flour—The only sale of moment was 1,000 brls city superfine on private terms. In the small way, sales of 390 sks country superfine at $2.75; 200 sks city do at $2.80@2.95; 245 sks country fine at $2.30@2 40, and 100 brls city superfine at $3.50. Oats—Holders somewhat firmer, with sales of about 700 sks, not prime to choice, at 32c. Rye—Sales of 300 sks prime at 80c. Barley—Sales of 300 sks prime at 65c. Pork—Sales of 200 brls at $17.00. Whisky—Sales of 100 brls at 20c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS, May 10.—Flour—Superfine Family, $4.75@5.00; Superfine, $4.50@4.75; Superfine Family, $5.25@5.50; Superfine Family, $5.50@5.75; Superfine Family, $5.75@6.00; Superfine Family, $6.25@6.50; Superfine Family, $6.50@6.75; Superfine Family, $6.75@7.00; Superfine Family, $7.00@7.25; Superfine Family, $7.25@7.50; Superfine Family, $7.50@7.75; Superfine Family, $7.75@8.00; Superfine Family, $8.00@8.25; Superfine Family, $8.25@8.50; Superfine Family, $8.50@8.75; Superfine Family, $8.75@9.00; Superfine Family, $9.00@9.25; Superfine Family, $9.25@9.50; Superfine Family,